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The Daily Colonist.

JUST RECEIVED AT CAMPBELL'S THE DRUGGIST. ALL KINDS OF FLY EXTERMINATORS, STICKY FLY PAPER, POISON FLY PADS, FLY POWDER, BY THE POUND OR IN CANS, AT 25 CENTS EACH.

VOL. LXX.---NO. 7. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY, JUNE 18, 1893. THIRTY-FIFTH YEAR.

SAANICH PENINSULA

THE BEST LAND ON VANCOUVER ISLAND.

Improved and Unimproved Farms for sale; 10 acres to 150 acres of Fertile Land; good roads; within easy distance of Victoria . . . . . .
The Victoria & Sidney Railway, now under construction, will be finished shortly; work progressing fast. . .

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The Townsite for the Saanich District, Hotel, Stores, Church and Dwelling Houses erected. Cheap Lots and acreage for Sale. If you want a nice Home where you can keep a cow and raise poultry and vegetables, for pleasure or profit, call on me and I will show you good bargains

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Real Estate, Mining and Financial Broker and Insurance Agent,
72 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

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ISSUES ALL THE LATEST AND MOST EQUITABLE FORMS OF INSURANCE OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

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Manager for the Province of B.C. Office, No. 18 Trounce Avenue.
fe10 3m-eom

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REAL : ESTATE : AND : INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT.

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MARINE—The Canton Insurance Office, Ltd. The Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.
LIFE AND ACCIDENT—The Travelers' Insurance Co.
STEAMSHIPS—Allan, American, Cunard, North German Lloyd and White Star Lines.
COAL—The Old Reliable Wellington Coal, in quantities to suit.

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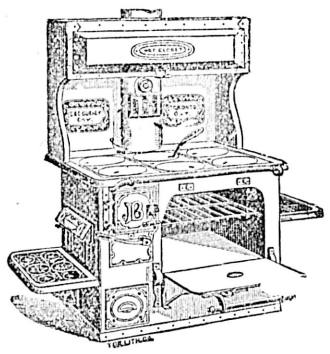

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SOLE AGENTS FOR
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—ALSO—
Importers and Dealers in Crockery, Glassware, Lamps and Hardware.
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HEARNS, M'CANN & RENFREW.
N.B.—Drop us a postal card and all work will be called for and delivered free of charge. my21

VERNON PRIVATE COLLEGE.

MATHEMATICS, CLASSICS, SCIENCE, FOREIGN LANGUAGES, MUSIC AND DRAWING. .. ..
PUPILS PREPARED FOR ALL CIVIL EXAMINATIONS.
SPECIAL JUNIOR CLASSES. .. ..

☞This College is situated in the very healthiest part of the Province, being in the vicinity of the lakes, for bathing and boating purposes and possessing scenery unsurpassed by any on this continent.
The College is under the direct management of the Principal, assisted by an efficient staff.
For particulars apply to
F. ADRIAN MEYER, Principal.
je14

MRS. WHITLAW'S MILLINERY PARLORS,
NO. 35 FORT STREET.
The Latest Arrival of this Season's Millinery.
Miss Fowls begs to announce that she will be showing the above goods on
MONDAY, JUNE 19th, 1893,
Being the Latest Styles in French and English trimmed Millinery; with a choice assortment of Untrimmed Straws, Sailors, &c., suitable for the present season. All Trimmed Millinery will be marked at the Lowest Possible Prices
je17

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen tired of Chinese cooking to come and try German cooking at the Vienna, Wilson block, Yates street. Lunch 35 cts; with pint of ale, 50 cts; dinner 50 cts; with ale 65 cts.; with wine, 75 cts. je17-6t

WANTED—A competent teacher of piano, wishes a position with family, where she could teach and do plain sewing, in exchange for board. Address Z, this office. je18-1t

WANTED—By a well educated, elderly English woman, a situation as housekeeper, nurse to an invalid, or any similar employment; 12 years as sick nurse; is a good cook; also needlewoman; first-class testimonials. Address Nurse, care of G. Black, Esq., Hastings, near Vancouver. je18 6t

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished, a fine seven room house on Menzies street, near the sea; nearly new; all conveniences; low rent. For particulars apply 138 Menzies St. je18 1m

TO LET—Two furnished front rooms. Mrs. John Harris, 71 Princess avenue. je18-3t

TO LET—House with eight rooms, corner of Johnson and Vancouver streets; also a stable. Apply 217 Fort street. je18-2t

BOOKS! Books! Books! Novels at half price. Books bought, sold and exchanged. Daily papers; stationary; school books cheap, at Sampson's Book Exchange, 81 Douglas street. je18-1t

GOOD WORDS from all quarters — another business man's opinion—it is astonishing how you give so much; then you keep your place so clean. Colonial Metropole. j 18-1t

IF YOU'VE A HEAD, we have a hat to fit it, and if you have brains in that head, you'll buy your spring hat from us. Cameron, the Clothier, 55 Johnson street. je18 1t

LARGE front parlor, furnished for housekeeping; two or three other rooms with cook stove; can be had cheap; very central. No. 79 Fort street. je18-1m

PURE-BRED Black Cocker Spaniel puppies for sale. No. 66 Rae street. je18 6

SEWING by the day, at home or at private residences, by competent dressmaker. Apply 83 Superior street, James Bay. je13-1m

FOUND—An Irish Setter—Owner can have it by applying at 36 Harrison street. je18-2t

FOUND—Pocket book containing a sum of money. Loser can obtain the same by calling at this office and proving ownership. je17-dh1t

THE ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIA SOCIETY
—WILL HOLD THEIR—
ANNUAL GATHERING
—AT—
Caledonia Park, Beacon Hill,
—ON—
TUESDAY, 4th JULY.

The programme will consist of the Caledonian Games of Auld Scotia, the latest amusing Novelty Races, races for amateurs only, for which handsome Gold and Silver Medals are offered; and a grand tug-of-war.
In the evening Dancing on the spacious platform, will take place. The platform will be greatly improved and the best of music furnished.
The Grounds will be splendidly decorated, and during the evening illuminated. Refreshments can be had on the grounds.
Programmes of Sports, etc., will be published in a few days. Every lady on entering the Grounds will receive a ticket for the Grand Tombola, to be drawn after the conclusion of the Sports, the prizes for which will be on exhibition in the window of T. N. Hibben & Co., Government street.
Admission, 50c.; Children Under 12, 25c.
je18-td EDWIN C. SMITH, SECRETARY.

AUCTION SALE.
W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER.
I am instructed to sell by Public Auction at my Salesroom, 40 Yates street, on
WEDNESDAY NEXT, JUNE 21, 1893,
—AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A.M.—
A quantity of well-kept Furniture, which comprise blinds, lace curtains, poles and rings, carpets, oak extension dining table, small tables, parlor and cooking stoves, mattresses, pillows, blankets, pictures, bedroom set, tinware, and a lot of other goods. Goods to be taken away on day of sale. Terms Cash.
W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer.
je18

FOR SALE.
NOTICE is hereby given that I will sell by tenders, all the books, stationary and stock in trade, of the late firm of Raper & Raper, book sellers and stationers, doing business in the City of Nanaimo, which said stock can at any time during business hours be inspected in the store at present occupied by the said firm, and consists of the following:—
Books, Stationary, Fancy Goods, Toys, Etc.
That all tenders for the said Stock must be addressed to me the undersigned, at Nanaimo, and mailed so as to reach me on or before the 24th day of June instant, as I shall after that date open the same.
No tenders will be necessarily accepted.
Dated at Nanaimo this 15th day of June, 1893.
L. BLANK, Assignee.
je18

ILLUSTRATED :: HISTORIES
—OF THE—
SCOTTISH REGIMENTS.
A complete history of each Regiment from it formation to the present time, colors, badges, war cries, campaigns. The first series, "The Black Watch" 42nd Highlanders, now on sale at JOHNSTON & CO.'S BOOK STORE, Formerly Waitt's.
je18

SELLING OFF.
Mr. Nicolle having to return to Japan, we are clearing out our well assorted stock of Japanese goods at greatly reduced prices.
je18-6t P. A. NICOLLE & CO.

STAMINAL
is a valuable food and tonic for the warm weather.
IT SUPPLIES
the vital principles of
Beef and Wheat with Hypophosphites.

FOREWARNED IS FOREARMED.
MANY of the worst attacks of cholera morbus, cramps, dysentery, colic, etc., come suddenly in the night and speedy and prompt means must be used against them. Dr. Fowler's extract of Wild Strawberry is the remedy. Keep it at hand for emergencies. It never fails to cure or relieve.

No Scotch whiskey like it, Mackie's White Horse Cellar.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

Irish Members Discontented with Gladstone's Failure to Force the Opposition.

His Financial Proposals Not Acceptable—The Situation Somewhat Threatening.

LONDON, June 17.—The members of the Irish Parliamentary Society have become so incensed at the tactics employed by the Opposition to delay the Home Rule bill, that the Government must now face open revolt by the Irish members or expedite the bill and cease accepting offensive Opposition amendments. It may be pointed out that the obstructive policy followed by the Conservatives and Liberal Unionists is identical with that followed by the Irishmen when they were in Opposition, and that the then Government found the policy of obstruction equally as aggravating as the Irish members now find it.

Murmurings of discontent were heard during the debate on clause 3 of the bill, which, after the adoption of two or three trivial amendments and the rejection of dozens of others, was finally adopted on Tuesday last. Now, when the last clause is under discussion, the Opposition proposes to submit six printed pages of amendments to the clause, the Irish members think it time for the Government to call a halt in their consideration of amendments and push the bill to its final passage.

A striking episode that occurred during last night's debate disclosed the growth of Irish hostility to the Government. An amendment was offered adding to the words "without due process of law," which occur in the provision, "that the powers of the Irish Legislature shall not extend to the making of any law affecting liberty or property." The use of the words is as old as Magna Charta, but they have not been used for a long time in England, and are better known through their use in American law.

Mr. Arnold Balfour, who represents the Central Division of Leeds in the Conservative interest, and who is a brother of Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, the Opposition leader in the House, proposed to define the process of law by adding the words "in accordance with the settled principles and precedents of the United Kingdom." The clause, thus amended, reads: "The powers of the Irish Legislature shall not extend to the making of any laws whereby any person may be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law, in accordance with the settled principles and precedents of the United Kingdom, or may be denied the equal protection of the laws, or whereby private property may be taken without just compensation."

The Government accepted the additional words, whereupon Mr. Thomas Sexton, anti-Parnellite member for North Kerry, and undoubtedly the most important member of the Irish party so far as Parliamentary knowledge is concerned, angrily opposed the addition to the clause. On the division of the House Mr. Sexton was defeated, the Conservatives combining with the Liberals who supported the amendment against the Radicals and the Irish members who opposed it. Then the storm burst.

Mr. J. J. Clancey, Parnellite member for the North division of County Dublin, denounced the Government's continuous concessions to the Opposition. The bill, he said, was already the last the Parnellites would accept, and he asked what was the object of legislation if it did not upset settled precedents.

Besides the discontent over the slowness of the discussion of the clauses of the bill, a profound disagreement has arisen concerning Mr. Gladstone's revised financial proposals. These were submitted to Messrs. Sexton and McCarthy on Wednesday last and were, at the first glance, seen by them to be unacceptable and insufficient to cover the loss through a mistake of £350,000 in the Irish excise.

Mr. Gladstone proposes to increase the taxation of the sources of Irish revenue instead of increasing Ireland's contribution to the Imperial treasury as demanded by the Irish leaders. The financial clauses so far as the continued adhesion of the Irish party to Mr. Gladstone is concerned have become the crux of the situation.

Mr. Sexton declared that the unaccountable fatuity of the government had already imperilled the measure, and it was alienating the people of Ireland. In savage accents Mr. Sexton blamed Right Hon. James Bryce, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, for permitting the words of the amendment to be dragged by the heels from the constitution of the United States and shoved into the Home Rule bill.

Mr. Bryce, it will be recalled, is the author of the "American Commonwealth," which created considerable discussion on its publication in 1888.

Other Irish members followed Mr. Sexton in opposition to the amendment, and another division was taken. The Unionists and Gladstonians again combined to defeat the Radicals and Irish members.

When the result was announced, Mr. Justin McCarthy, the leader of the Anti-Parnellites, in a short but exceedingly satirical address, suggested that Mr. Gladstone ought now to withdraw the bill.

The Unionists are of course delighted at these signs of disruptions in Mr. Gladstone's slight majority, and some of them express confidence in the ultimate defeat of the measure through the withdrawal of the Irish support. An unprejudiced view of the situation, shows, however, that the position is not nearly so bad for Home Rule as the Unionists pretend to believe. But it is true that the relations between the Irish leaders and Mr. Glasdtone have really become strained to the point of rupture.

Unless Mr. Gladstone recasts his latest proposals on fairer terms, the Irish members will withdraw that support which is essential to keep Mr. Gladstone in power. If the new financial settlement did not involve a further drain upon the Irish resources for instance, and gave the Irish exchequer a part of the customs revenue which is now assigned exclusively to the Imperial exchequer, then the last real difficulty to the passage of the bill would be solved, and the Government could go ahead and drive the measure through the House with no regard for the obstructive tactics of its enemies.

The main cause of the slowness and hesitancy of the Government is the financial trouble, and little progress may be looked for until an understanding in regard to money matters is reached between the Irish lerders and Mr. Gladstone. A section of the Radicals want a portion of the bill to be passed at this session and to let the financial proposals await adoption until the session of next year. The ministers, however, agree that the measure must be completed no matter to what length the session is protracted.

During the debate last night on Mr. R. W. Cremers' motion in favor of negotiations for an arbitration treaty between Great Britain and the United States, which motion was unanimously adopted the members of the House, became uneasy and somewhat excited in watching Mr. Gladstone manœuvring with a lighted candle in his hand among the documents on the desk. His failing eyesight and the intensity of mind he throws into everything he undertakes, combined with the pre occupation of thought, caused him some times to unconsciously bring the candle stick he had grasped in his hand, dangerously near the papers on the desk and then close to his silvery hair. He, of course, had not thought that he might set the house on fire, or that he might receive dangerous injuries by setting himself on fire, but searched diligently for the paper he wanted until Sir Edward Grey, parliamentary secretary of the Foreign Office, seized him by the arm and pointed out to him the risk he was running. Mr. Gladstone laughed heartily, but he placed the candlestick on the table, thereby relieving the anxiety that prevailed among the members, political friends and enemies alike.

GERMAN ELECTIONS.

Government in a Minority of Two—All Depends on the Second Ballots.

No Accurate Predictions Possible—"A Strong Hand Wanted to Save Germany."

BERLIN, June 18.—The returns have almost ceased coming, although reports from thirty districts are still lacking. At twelve o'clock the Army Bill parties and groups had 83 seats and the Opposition parties 85. All depends upon the second ballots. The Government has decided to exert all its influence to induce all the factions favorable to the bill to unite against the Richterists, Social Democrats and Clericals in the by-elections which will be held about one week from to-morrow. Second ballots will be necessary, it is estimated, in almost twenty districts. The returns received so far have not been completed enough to render possible accurate predictions of the result. Of the thirty-four districts from which all the figures bearing on the second ballot had been received it appears certain that the Clericals will win twenty-five; the Social Democrats, two; the National Liberals, Conservatives and Agrarians, six, and the Particularists, one. The Radical Unionists are expected to gain several more seats. Not a dispatch has been received to indicate that the Richterists have carried a constituency on the first ballot. Excepting Virchow, hardly a conspicuous deputy stood by Richter after the dissolution of the Reichstag.

The Austrian official papers hold that the results of the elections are alarming.

The Deutsche Zeitung says: "Germany can only be saved by a strong hand. It is time that Caprivi should show that the future of Germany is safe in his care."

The Socialist Deputy Klunert, who was arrested in Halle, two days ago, for inciting his hearers to theft in a campaign speech, has been liberated.

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

Accused of Letter Stealing.

MOOSEJAW, June 17.—Alexander McBride, mail clerk and school trustee for Calgary, was committed for trial at Regina to-day, for stealing a letter on the train. McBride is supposed to be temporarily insane.

Newspaper Suspension.

TORONTO, June 17.—The Evening Star, started as a rival to the Evening News, when the compositors of the latter paper went out on strike, because of the introduction of typesetting machines some time ago, suspended publication to-day. It owes a salary bill of $1,500.

The Scott Act Sustained.

KNOWLTON, June 17.—The vote on the question of repealing the Scott Act took place in Brome County yesterday, resulting in the Act being sustained by 140 majority.

Prohibition Plebiscite.

HAMILTON, June 17.—A meeting of representatives of the various temperance societies of the province, was held here yesterday, and it was decided to call a convention to be held on October 4, when plans for the prohibition plebiscite will be prepared.

SATOLLI'S WESTERN TOUR.

His Eminence and Party to Visit Puget Sound—Details Yet to Be Completed.

NEW YORK, June 17.—Mgr. Satolli, the apostolic delegate, and party left Washington yesterday for the tour throughout the West which has been arranged for him. The start from Washington was made quietly, and few knew of the delegate's departure. St. Paul will be the first objective point of the journey towards the Pacific. The party will travel over the Great Northern railway, accompanied by President Hill and Archbishop Ireland. Although not a Roman Catholic, President Hill and the Archbishop of St. Paul are on the most intimate terms. The next stop will be at Helena. The Yellowstone park will be visited, and every object of interest will be shown to the delegate. The party will then continue still further west, making short stops at Seattle, Tacoma and Puget Sound. Thus far it has not been determined whether they will visit the cities of California, but it is probable that the journey will be extended to San Francisco, unless the programme is changed en route. They will not return east until the middle of August.

CAPITAL NOTES

Preparations for the Reform Convention—A Disappointed "Green Goods" Purchaser.

Education in Canada in the Light of the Census—Soo Canal Strike.

(From our own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, June 17.—Delegates to the Reform Convention are beginning to arrive. James Sutherland, chief Opposition whip, is in town aiding the local committee to complete arrangements. About a thousand delegates are expected. When Hon. Mr. Laurier arrives on Monday he will be presented with an address by the local association.

James Reid, of Fergus, was arrested at Guelph, yesterday, for negotiating for the purchase of green goods. He made an appointment with the officers of the Ontario Government, and produced $500, for which he expected to receive $5,000 in counterfeit money.

The next Census bulletin will deal with Education in Canada. Mr. Johnson says that we compare favorably with other countries.

The strike on the Soo Canal has been settled. Contractor Ryan states that the only dispute with the stone cutters was respecting the time at which they should be paid. The firm's rule was to pay the men monthly. They wanted to receive it every second Saturday, which was granted.

FROM KAMLOOPS.

Results of the Municipal Elections—Valuable Mineral District Located Near Adams Lake.

KAMLOOPS, June 17.—(Special)—A fair amount of interest was displayed in the nomination of candidates for the offices of Mayor and Aldermen for the city of Kamloops this afternoon. There was but one nomination for the Mayoralty and six for the office of Alderman. Just before reading the list Mr. Roadley, one of the candidates withdrew his name and the returning officer declared the following duly elected. For Mayor Dr. S. Clark, Aldermen, P. Gordon, R. H. Leo, George Munro, R. E. Smith and James Vair.

John G. Myers, an old prospector, returned to town yesterday from a Government prospecting trip to the Adams Lake district. Mr. Myers, who represents a number of capitalists in Tacoma, went to the Adams Lake district about six weeks ago, and was so pleased with the prospects there that he returned to Kamloops and obtained an outfit and went back again immediately. He says that he has located a mineral district, and that although he has been prospecting for years, and has some good claims, it is the best he has ever come in contact with. It is a ledge of galena six feet wide, and can be seen for miles across the country. He has shipped 450 lbs to Tacoma for assay, but at present does not know the relative quantities of lead and silver which the ore contains. From the specimens shown your correspondent, however, it must be very rich. Mr. Myers is highly pleased with his find, and says that as soon as he gets a report of the assay from Tacoma he will set to work at getting out the ore, which can be easily worked.

STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

Market Extremely Dull—Speculation Quite Firm.

NEW YORK, June 17.—Pacific railroad bonds closed as follows: Union firsts, 106 bid; Union Sinking Funds, 102⅜; bid; Centrals, 105 bid. Money on call 4 to 7 p.c. Foreign exchange posted rates sterling, 486 for sixty days; 488 on demand. Speculation at the Stock Exchange was extremely dull; the sales of stocks amounting to only 45,784 shares. Considering the inactivity the temper of speculation was quite firm. The market closed firm. The changes throughout the session were confined within a radius of ¼ a ½ p.c. Closing bids; Canadian Pacific, 78½; Central Pacific, 25½; Denver and Rio Grande, 14; Wells Fargo, 140; Missouri Pacific, 36; Northern Pacific, 13; Northern Pacific preferred, 34⅜; Northwest, 105½; Oregon Navigation, 60; Oregon Improvement, 12; Pacific Mail, 18⅜; Texas Pacific, 6⅝; Union Pacific, 29⅝; Western Union Telegraph, 83⅝; Northern Pacific consolidated fives, 63; Oregon Improvement, do 56; bar silver, 83⅞.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Cowboys' Race.

BASSETT, Neb., June 17.—Joe Campbell, the rider from Boomerang, and Dave Douglas, riding the Elmo horses, arrived in Bassett at 7:35 a.m., and took breakfast. There are five cowboys ahead of them and two behind Joe Campbell, who will make the trip with one horse only, and has made a wager of $250 that he will not come in last. His horse looks fine, and he himself is cheerful. Campbell is not to spend a cent of money from Sioux City to Chicago. One of the Elmo horses is a little lame, but is otherwise in good shape.

THE POPE'S LETTER.

Cardinal Gibbons Receives an Important Communication From the Pope on the School Question.

BALTIMORE, June 17.—Cardinal Gibbons has received the long expected letter from the Holy Father on the school question, with the request to send copies of it to all the episcopates of the United States. The Cardinal says that it is a long and voluminous document, and is evidently written by the august head of the church.

BAD BLOOD CURED.
GENTLEMEN,—I have used your Burdock Blood Bitters for bad blood and find it, without exception, the best purifying tonic in use. A short time ago two very large and painful boils came on the back of my neck, but B.B.B. completely drove them away.
SAMUEL BLAIN, Toronto Junction.

Remember Hibben & Co.'s is the place to buy prizes.

THE BORDEN MURDERS.

What Looks Like a Clue to Unravelling the Mystery and Relieving the Prisoner Now on Trial.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, June 17.—Charles H. Berry, a well-known real estate man and politician, is likely to play an important part in solving the mystery which hangs over the great Borden murder at New Bedford, Mass. Last October a stranger came to this city and sought Mr. Berry, who then ran an employment agency, for work. Mr. Berry's kind treatment gained the fellow's confidence, and he confided to him that he was a criminal and had murdered the Bordens for revenge, also that he was a sailor. This sustains the theory that the murders were committed by a sailor for some wrong inflicted on his father by Mr. Borden many years ago. The fellow wanted to give himself up; but finally disappeared. Mr. Berry had forgetten the incident till he saw an account of the mysterious individual who related a similar story to a barber in Jersey, and the description given tallies with the man who called on Mr. Berry.

WORLD'S FAIR.

The Situation on the Sunday Question in View of the Court's Decision.

Congress May Refuse to Pay Over the Balance of the Grant.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The opinion of the Court of Appeal in deciding that the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago shall be opened on Sundays, was received here by press bulletins early in the afternoon. At a late hour this evening Attorney-General Olney had received no official announcement of the fact. He said that the department had a clear record in the case, and had exhausted every effort to enforce the mandate of Congress in the matter. It was generally acknowledged that the act of Congress in regard to opening the World's Fair on Sunday, was couched in very dubious language, and that both those who favored the opening of the World's Fair on Sunday, and those who were opposed to it, had plausible grounds to stand upon. It seemed to him that the end had now been reached, though he was not entirely sure, not having carefully examined the law. An appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States would seem to be useless, as the court did not meet until October, and before the case could be heard in that tribunal the Fair would be closed by limitation of time. He could not see that any injunction should be thrown in the way of opening the fair on Sundays, but as the matter was in the immediate charge of United States Attorney Milchrist and two able assistants, he had no doubt that they would exhaust every means known to the law to uphold the intention of Congress.

While he saw no means in sight, perhaps those who had been more intimately associated with the case than he would yet discover some. Other matters of a complex character, he said, would grow out of this decision. For instance, the donation of Congress of $2,000,000 to the Fair had been coupled with the condition that the fair should not be open on Sundays. The decision of the Court of Appeals that the fair could be opened on Sundays, and the well known intent of the local directors to open it on Sundays, would seem to imply, on their part, a disregard for the condition on which the money was granted.

The local directory had already received in round figures $1,900,000. Could not the Government, he asked, now proceed by legal means to collect the money advanced, as the condition upon which it had been received had been forfeited? It was certain, to his mind, that the Government could now refuse to give to the World's Fair authorities the $600,000 still in the treasury, which had been appropriated under certain conditions. The condition was that security for $100,000 be given. Up to to-day this money would have had to been paid by the Government, had the security been furnished. It had not been furnished, and so had been retained in the treasury. But now, in view of the decision, even if the security were furnished, the Government could not pay out the money to the World's Fair people. Doubtless he would be confronted with a proposition to take steps to recover the $1,900,000 already paid out. He had not yet seen the text of the decision, or seen published the exact grounds upon which the decision was granted, and therefore he could not say what course he would pursue. Perhaps the gate money could be impounded to re-imburse the Government. Still he was not entirely clear as to this, and would have to consider the matter more in detail.

Another question affected by the decision was the Government exhibits. All the departments of the Government had exhibits at the fair and all the appropriations made for them were coupled with the condition that the exhibits should not be opened on Sunday. It was entirely clear that the Government exhibits could not be opened on Sunday, but the conditions imposed might have gone further, and might prevent the Government exhibits from being opened on any day, now that it had been decided that it was legal to open the World's Fair on Sunday. He hardly thought, however, that the law would bear this construction. Numberless other questions of minor importance, he said, would come up for discussion and action in view of the opinion rendered to-day by the Court of Appeals.

Rev. L. McLean, secretary of the Sabbath Union, while somewhat disappointed by the decision of the court was not at all discouraged as to the ultimate success of the attempts to close the Fair on Sundays. This decision, he said, clears the way for the pressing of the suit begun in the United States court here, by John Wanamaker and others, stockholders in the exposition, to prevent Sunday opening. The point has been made in this case just concluded, that the World's Fair directors were willing to refund to the Government the money obtained under the Souvenir Coin act, in return for the privilege of keeping open on Sunday. Mr. Wanamaker and the World's Fair stockholders associated with him, assert on their bill that such return of this money would cause them loss, and impair their property interest. This suit will now be pushed vigorously.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Epworth League Convention at Vancouver - Reception to Rev. Coverdale Watson.

Trades and Labor Council—New Post Office at Courtenay—Matters at Union.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, June 17.—The weather is the principal topic of conversation here. Mr. Major, of Westminster, says he has watched the summers for the last decade, and the Westminster District has not had anything quite so bad in the weather line as this summer. Many old timers agree with him. Those who were here a generation before the old timers, say that in 1866 and 1868, there were cold, wet rains all through June, but not since then. To day, however, the sun broke hot and glorious through the clouds.

Word comes that the Silver King and other mines in the vicinity will be worked at once.

Mr. H. J. Anstie, newly elected Grand Master of the Knights of Pythias, will be entertained at luncheon by Rathbone Lodge on Saturday night, of which he is Past Chancellor and Commander.

The closing exercises of the public schools take place next week.

One hundred and six dollars and fifteen cents is the amount subscribed for the Princess May presentation. The check will be forwarded to Mrs. Dewdney to-day.

The Hudson Bay Co. intend moving into their new premises on August 1st.

Rev. Dr. Philo, Rabbi of Victoria, was in the city yesterday. He performed the ceremony of circumcision on the son of J. Ludman. The Rev. Rabbi intends arranging for a concert here in a short time.

The South Vancouver Municipal Council met thi ft rn on. Work for clearing the way of the Burrard Inlet and Fraser Valley railroad is to commence immediately. Tenders close to-day.

This is the way the 'gate' will be divided on Dominion Day. The bicycle club will get $100, cricket club $50, and the remainder will be divided equally between the lacrosse club and the Brockton Point association.

The fourth summer evening band concert was held to-night on Hotel Vancouver grounds.

Mr. Thompson took the chair at the continuation of the Epworth League meeting. Rev. W. W. Baer took up the question drawer. The following resolution was adopted: "That in the opinion of this convention some course of study is conducive to the best interest of our young people, be it Resolved that each league take up either the C or the S C course of readings or that prescribed by the constitution."

Mr. Powers read a paper on "how to make our league work more effective."

Mr. Black of New Westminster, held that the Epworth League had done good work for the church. Fourteen members publicly concurred in his opinion.

Mr. T. Cunningham spoke of the good work being done by Rev. Mr. Crosby among the Indians and urged the league to assist all the good in that part of the work and also the maintenance of the "Glad Tidings."

Miss Dunnington, Miss Thatcher and Mr. Thompson were appointed a committee to bring in a report in reference to "Glad Tiding's" work.

In the evening the meeting took the form of a reception to the Rev. Coverdale Watson. Mr. G. W. Phepp presiding.

Mr. E. Nicolls delivered an address of welcome to Mr. and Mrs. Watson on behalf of Trustees Board and Mr Wm. Shannon on behalf of Quarterly Board. Rev. Mr. Watson then replied, speaking at some length. After a song by Mr. J. F. Collister, addresses were delivered by Revs. W. C. Weir, J. W. Pedley and E. D. McLaren. Mr. Grant of New Westminster, gave a recitation which closed the proceeding. The ladies then served light refreshments after which the gathering dispersed.

To-day's programme was a short session of the Epworth league convention in the morning, and an excursion to New Westminster by the steamer City of Nanaimo, returning for a meeting in the evening. The convention will close on Monday night.

Mrs. S. H. Brown occupied the chair at the W. C. T. U. meeting. In an informal discussion it was agreed to do effective work women must be educated in the laws of the land. The president was authorized to secure copies of the Provincial and Dominion statutes, as well as the city by-laws. A deputation of ladies will wait upon the License commissioners and petition against selling liquor in the park.

Reports from agricultural districts indicate that the crops will be small, owing to the bad weather.

The following vessels are in port: The Hawaiian schooner Americana, 839 tons, Capt. McLellan, repairing; the British ship Greffe, 1,069 tons, Capt. Roberts, loading lumber for Cork; the British ship Kinkora, 1,799 tons, Capt. Lawton, loading lumber for Valparaiso; the British barque Dochra, 966 tons, Capt. MacJarrew, loading lumber for Adelaide. The British ss. Empress of Japan, 3,003 tons, Capt. Lee, discharging general cargo.

The steamer Dunsmuir returned from Jervis Inlet yesterday with a cargo of slate. Part for San Francisco and part for the Northwest.

The American barque Seminole, 1,439 tons, Capt, Weeden, is on her way here from Santa Rosalia to load lumber at Moodyville.

The following ships have been reported lost by Bureau Veritas agents Mellon, Smith & Co. during the month of April: Sailing vessels lost, 62; 10 American, 1 Australian, 19 British, 3 French, 6 German, 3 Italian, 14 Norwegian, 1 Portuguese, 3 Russian, I Swedish, 1 Turkish. Of this total 10 are reported missing, amongst them being the British ship Morayshire, bound for this port from Samarang. The causes of the losses are as follows: Stranding, 28; collision, 6; fire, 2; foundered, 4; abandoned, 8; condemned, 4; missing, 10. Steamers lost, 18; 2 American, 5 British, 1 Chilian, 3 French, 2 German, 1 Greek, 1 Japanese, 2 Norwegian, 1 Spanish. The causes are as follows: Stranding, 10; collision, 4; foundered, 1; condemned, 2; missing, 1.

The Trades and Labor Council met last night, The Montreal Labor Council wrote, asking the property qualifications of mayor and alderman in Vancouver, and writing that they were working with a view to the abolishment of the property qualification in Montreal. The Parliamentary committee submitted a long report in which they declared their disapproval of the immigration policy of the Dominion Government, also of the amount of money expended on Indian affairs by the Dominion. They suggested the starting of employment offices in the city under the direction of the Council. They further desired to call the attention of the Council to the great need of proper shipping offices in Vancouver owing to the increased commerce by sea.

The committee recommend the Council to draw closer together for political action. The civic committee request the Council to procure a copy of the Cubic Space by-law, as in cases known to them twenty persons occupy the space set forth for one. The article on British Columbia from the pen of Mr. E. E. Sheppard did not meet with approval. It was resolved to "Send the article to the secretary of the Dominion Trades Congress, with a true statement of the matter." The Council also passed a resolution that free trade should exist between this country and Australia.

UNION

UNION, June 16.—At the session of Benevolence Lodge No. 14, K. of P., Union, held June 7, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Charles Whyte, M. W.; G. T. Parks, C. C.; J. P. Struthers, V. C; David Roy, Mat A.; Geo. Robertson, M. E.; John Fulcher, K. of R. and S.; J. B. McLean, M. F.; J. Smith, O. G., and J. Faller, I. G.

Daniel R. O'Hanly, a brakeman in the employ of the Colliery Co., had the misfortune to be crushed between the cars at No. 4 Slope on Monday last, two of his ribs being broken. Dan's genial face will be missed from the train for a few weeks.

Mr. James Dunsmuir, President of the Colliery, came up on Friday last on a visit to the mines. Contrary to his usual custom he rode from Wellington to Qualicum on horseback. At the latter place the creeks were so high as to prevent a safe fording, and the horses had to be abandoned; the remainder of the journey, eight miles, was safely accomplished on foot, Union wharf being reached about 8 p. m. He left again on Monday on board the Lorne.

A rare treat is in store for the public on July 1, viz: a strawberry and ice cream festival under the auspices of the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid Society of Union. A varied programme of vocal and instrumental music will be rendered and everything done to make the affair a success.

The mines have been partially stopped during the week, as the cars were filled and no vessels in port. The arrival of the San Mateo on Wednesday evening was hailed with satisfaction, and yesterday the miners were as busy as ever. The steamer Queen is expected on Saturday, also the ship Glory of the Seas, so that the mines will be kept going for some time. It is rumored that the S.S. San Benito has been chartered to run in conjunction with the San Mateo.

The dressmaking department lately started by the energetic managers of Leiser's store is proving a success. The ladies are having dresses, etc., made in the latest style, and at popular prices, instead of having to send the goods to Nanaimo or bring the dressmaker to Union. Two extra assistants have lately been added to the staff.

Miss Coffey, of Victoria, who is stopping here, dropped her gold watch somewhere on the road between J. B. McLean's and the Presbyterian manse, on Wednesday evening, and, although a reward has been offered for its return, no trace of it has been found.

At the general licensing court held here yesterday, before Andrew McKnight, Esq, J.P., a license to sell wines and spirits at the proposed new hotel was granted to Mr. John Bruce. The new building will be commenced at once.

Mr. George Howe, butcher, intends opening a store and hotel at Union wharf. Several men are busily engaged clearing the ground and building a road to the same.

A new post office will be opened at Courtenay at an early date. Mr. Frank Whitney has been appointed postmaster.

The steamer Joan arrived on Wednesday heavily laden with freight and made a special trip to Nanaimo yesterday for a cargo of blasting powder.

THE AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.

TO THE EDITOR:—In the report of the proceedings of the Board of Aldermen in the COLONIST this morning, I read with surprise the remarks of Ald. Baker in regard to the management of the exhibition last year. In justice to the gentlemen who gave their services gratuitously to the management of that institution, I must deny the uncalled for, dishonest and malicious insinuations of the alderman who has the honor to be the senior representative of the North Ward, without reflecting much credit in return. The directorate of 1892 were left a legacy of $25,000 debt by the directorate of 1891, who spent about $45,000 that year. A number of them became personally responsible for this sum until a loan was secured on the property. If Ald. Baker had read the communication of the board to the Council in asking for a grant, he would have understood the exact position of the association. Through the smallpox epidemic and unfavorable weather, there was a slight deficit last year between the receipts and disbursements, of which a complete statement was made at the annual meeting. The half-year interest on the loan, secured in Toronto, and some other old debts, have been paid by several members of the directorate giving their names as security at the Bank of B. C. This interest has to be paid; otherwise the mortgagor would proceed to acquire the property. The gentlemen composing the directorate give their time and services gratis and in some cases have given their money in order to promote the exhibition, which is of very considerable benefit to Victoria and in the face of all this, Ald. Baker, who has exhibited a most contemptible predeliction for insinuating crookedness about everyone except his precious self, has the hardihood to suggest that there was something dishonest about the management of last year. Ald. Baker is evidently ignorant of the facts, as he is about the facts of many other matters he essays to discuss; and I think it but right that the public should know that in the matter of the Exhibition management, he has made reflections that are altogether at variance with the truth.

With regard to the appropriation of $3,000, it would be impossible to hold an exhibition without it. The directorate have decided that, as the exhibition is held for the benefit of Victoria, and is the means of bringing considerable money into the city from outside, besides encouraging agriculture, stock raising and manufactures, those deriving the benefit should contribute their share towards securing it. The city and government grants will enable the association to hold an exhibition this year with a clean sheet to commence with, and it is expected that a surplus will be the result. Instead of making untruthful reflections, it is the duty of Ald. Baker and every other good citizen to encourage the efforts of the association to establish an annual exhibition here on a permanent and paying basis, and by the substantial civic grant this year such a desirable end is furthered. I might also state that no civic grant was made towards the exhibition of 1892.

W. H. ELLIS,
President B.C.A.A.

When you speak or even think of spring medicine, how quickly Hood's Sarsaparilla comes into your mind. Take it now.

A TRIP TO KOOTENAY.

Henry Croft, M.P.P., Talks of What He Saw and Heard in the Upper Country.

Connection Between the East and West Districts by Trail—Rich Finds Being Made.

Henry Croft, M.P.P., who returned on Friday evening from a trip through West Kootenay district, says he is now more firmly convinced than ever of the greatness of that section of the country, and more enthusiastic and hopeful. Even those who are directly interested in the advancement of this great centre of the mining life of the province hardly appreciate the full extent of the advancement now being made and the prospects ahead of even greater strides than in the past.

Mr. Croft went up to Kootenay by the C.P.R. via Revelstoke to Nelson, at which place he made a short stay. He then went to Kaslo and up to Argenta and Duncan City. Between these two last named places there is an excellent eight mile trail on which pack horses are now used, but as the bridges along the route are constructed for a wagon road it is expected in the near future the trail will be widened and improved to make a good road out of it. From Duncan City a trail is being built on the north side of the river up to Heeley Creek, where the C.P R have a townsite proposition. This trail being on the north side gets all the southern sun, and will therefore be open earlier in the spring and later in the fall than a trail on the south side. A short distance from Duncan City a pass has been discovered through the mountains. It is about fifty feet wide, and being the only available pass will, beyond all question of a doubt, be the railway route so soon as it is decided to build. Above Duncan City several miles a trail is being built along Hamel Creek and eastward to connect with Shuswap Creek in East Kootenay. This is known as the East and West Kootenay trail and will give direct connection between these two districts—a most important feature in the development of the country as heretofore all travel between the East and West districts has had to be by the C.P R. on the extreme north, or by the United States on the south, there being no easy way of getting over the mountain range which borders the Kootenays. This trail Mr. Croft says, will bring a large traffic to Duncan City. He looks upon this place as an ideal townsite, it being level land on the upper Kootenay lake in a first class position and owing to the very small rise in this lake the lower part of the property is never flooded,

"The whole of the Kootenay country," continued Mr. Croft, "is five to six weeks late owing to the exceptionally heavy snowfall during the past winter. A number of prospectors went in there as early as March and of course they could not get to work then. The result is that some of them have eaten all their grub and unless they can get 'staked,' they will leave the country and declare it is no good. However, there will be comparatively few of these. There are about 400 prospectors now around the upper Kootenay and some 150 on the Trout Lake. Some good finds have already been made. Just a few days before I was there, a claim was discovered, almost on the trail between Argenta and Duncan City, which shows up 200 ounces to the ton. At Kaslo things are quiet. People there are waiting for railway communication, and I guess they are sorry they did not let that charter go through the Legislature last year which would have enabled a road to be built by practically the same people as have the Nelson and Fort Sheppard railway in hand. In the Slocan things are brisk, one company, an American syndicate, having already some 300 men at work, and other companies also moving. The fact is Kaslo is temporarily handicapped on account of lack of railway facilities. It costs $32 a ton to get ore from Slocan to Kaslo, and only $8 to get it from Kaslo to Tacoma, so you can see it would not pay very well to ship now, and it is more in the interests of those who can afford it to just let their ore stay on the dump until they get a railway, as they eventually must."

While in Kootenay Mr. Croft saw Hon. Theodore Davie, premier, and also President W. C. Van Horne and party, of the C.P.R. Mr. Van Horne is most enthusiastic over the wealth of Kootenay, and the C.P.R. will do its share towards development.

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

The Northern Fleet Active—E. B. Marvin & Co.'s Fleet Strike a Run of Luck.

The following saloon passengers leave for San Francisco, on the steamship Walla Walla, this morning: S. E. Short, James Moffat, F. Bakeman, A. McBean, Judge W. C. Van Fleet and wife, Miss E E. Robinson, Mrs. W. C. Coatham, Wm. Topham, T. F. Flint, H S. Mason, Miss Ruth Quinby, Mrs. S. Patton and child, Master G. Patterson, Mrs. E. N. Patterson and children.

THE VERA IN LUCK.

E. B. Marvin & Co. received a telegram last evening from Capt. Wm. Sheilds, of the schooner Vera, advising them of his safe arrival at Hakodate with 1,500 seal skins.

MARINE NOTES.

The steamer Constance, which has been tending on the San Pedro wreck during the winter, leaves for the Fraser to-morrow, where she will be engaged in connection with her owner's cannery. Her first work will be to take 400 cords of wood from James Island up to Mr. Ewen's cannery on the Fraser.

After discharging her cargo of cedar lumber from the Claxton sawmill, at Seattle, the steamer Cariboo and Fly returned to port yesterday morning. She will sail again for the North as soon as she loads 1,000 cases of tin and some salt for a cannery on the Skeena and another on the Fraser.

About the only passengers the steamer Barbara Boscowitz carried on her way North last evening were a number of Japs, whose intention it is to find work in the canneries. The vessel took as freight 300 cases of tin and a quantity of miscellaneous goods.

The City of Topeka arrived from the Sound at about 12 o'clock last night, and sailed for Alaska early this morning, having a good freight and passenger list. Among the passengers were several who arrived from San Francisco by the Umatilla yesterday.

The Mystery returned from the West Coast last evening after a quick passage from Clayoquot Sound. On the way up the straits yesterday afternoon she passed a large number of Indian canoes bound inward with their catches of sealskins.

The new steamer Swan bade farewell to Victoria yesterday morning, when she started for the North to enter upon the work she was built for. R. Draney, one of her owners, with his family, left on her.

The Vancouver tug Mamie, which arrived down from the Terminal City yesterday, had her boilers inspected by Mr. J. A. Thomson, steamboat inspector, before leaving port.

The steamship Umatilla arrived from San Francisco yesterday morning with 131 tons of freight, twenty-four cabin and ten steerage passengers for Victoria.

ENTERED.

Str. Islander	from	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" R. P. Rithet	"	N. Westminster.
" Umatilla	"	San Francisco.
" Queen	"	Nanaimo.
" Joan	"	"
" Mamie	"	Vancouver.
" Cariboo and Fly	"	Seattle.

CLEARED.

Str. Islander	for	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Umatilla	"	"
" Queen	"	"
" R. P. Rithet	"	N. Westminster
" Barbara Boscowitz	"	Port Simpson

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—At once, five girls to make custom made shirts. Bunster Bros., No. 126 Johnson street. je17-2t

WANTED—Immediately, first class general blacksmith and carriage ironer, at the Ontario Wagon Shop. Wm. Powell. je17-3t

WANTED — An apprentice. New York Dressmaking Parlors, Five Sisters block. je15 4t

WANTED—Ward maid. Apply Provincial Jubilee Hospital. je9 tf.

WANTED—A first class barber at Ramona Baths, Seattle. Apply Delfel & Broud, Ramona Baths Seattle, Wash.

STAMPS WANTED—Old Canadian, British Columbian and other stamps as used 25 to 40 years ago, for many I pay $1 to $5 each. George Lowe, 316 Spadina avenue, Toronto. my20-1yr

OSTRICH feathers cleaned, curled and dyed all colors. Felt hats, kid gloves, ribbons, lace, ties and all fancy articles cleaned by the new dry French process. Mrs. Windebank, removed from 85 Fort street to 79. no19 6m

TO LET OR LEASE.

COMFORTABLE furnished house to rent on Fort street, with w.c. and nice garden L, Colonist office. je17 2t

TO LET—Large front room; furnished. Apply No. 4 Gordon street. je17 2t

TO LET—A large, well lighted front room; especially suitable for commercial men who have samples to exhibit; rent moderate. Apply Cromwell House, 1 and 3½ Government street. je17 1m

TO LET—House on Rupert street, five minutes walk from post office. Apply W. J. Quinlan, Five Sisters block, city. mc30-tf

TO LET—Neat, clean, furnished rooms, well lighted. By day, week or month Call and see them. Mrs. Dow, Cromwell House, 103½ Government street. June22-1mo

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A 16 ft. Herald canoe, complete; has been used only a few times. G., Colonist office. je17

FOR SALE—Fine farm in Westham Island, British Columbia, 119 acres; over 60 acres under cultivation. Fine soil, good natural drainage. House, barn and stable; orchard; sixteen miles from New Westminster. For further particulars apply to D. Robertson, Westham Island P. O., or to Chisholm & Logie Barristers, Hamilton, Ontario. mc10-S-tfw

FOR SALE CHEAP — Two wheeled cart; strong and light. Apply Wm. Grimm's Carriage Factory. je16-6t

FOR SALE—The best piano imported into the city; perfectly new; price on list $750; will be sold for $350 cash; let your best player try it and he will confirm the above. Apply Box, Colonist office. je16-6t

FOR SALE—Port Angeles Property—sw ¼ of se ¼ of sec. 18, p. 30, r. 6 north, containing 40 acres; lot 16 (60x140), block 48, and lot 15 (50x140), block 86, Government townsite; ten lots (50x140), blocks 11 and 16; ten shares City Electric Light stock, cost $ 50 For particulars apply to Heisterman & Co., 75 Government street. je16-6t

FOR SALE—Cheap—A beautiful little Italian greyhound; from premium stock; nice pet for ladies. Apply 91 Pandora avenue. m14-1m

FOR SALE—Horse shoeing and blacksmith business; doing good trade in Victoria. For particulars apply Blacksmith, Colonist office. je8-12t

BUSINESS FOR SALE—Six thousand dollars in cash or security will buy an interest in one of the most successful mercantile enterprises of this city. Apply P O. Box 738, Victoria, B.C. je1 1mo

FOR SALE—A first-class roadster for double or single buggy; perfectly gentle and reliable; at a reasonable figure. Apply to Fashion Stables. Fort street. m28-6t

FOR SALE—Lease of the Half Way House. Apply on premises. my27-1m

FOR SALE—First class row boat with awning, two pair sculls and rowlocks complete. Can be seen at 132 Catherine street, Beacon Hill. mp12-3t

LOST OR FOUND.

STRAYED to the premises of H. King Cedar Hill, a red and white cow with young calf. Apply on premises. je17-3t

FOR SALE—

14 choice residential lots, between Battery Street and Dallas Road, closely adjacent to Beacon Hill Park.

Plan and price list at office of
JOHN J. AUSTIN,
my22 Government Street.

FOR SALE—

Blocks of 40 acres at Matsqui Prairie at $35 to $45 per acre.

Improved Farm, 1?0 acres, 3½ miles from McPherson's Station, at $8 per acre.

Two new houses off Saanich Road, at $900 each, on terms to suit purchaser.

Fine Residence, James Bay, 10 rooms, with all modern conveniences, $6,500.

Two fine Residence Lots, Victoria Crescent, $3,500.

160 acres, Quamichan District, $525.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.

A. W. MORE & CO.,
Mortgage Brokers. 70 Douglas Street. ap27

THE GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures all diseases caused by abuse, indiscretion or over-exertion. Six packages GUARANTEED TO CURE when all others fail. Ask your Druggist for the Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.
For sale and mailed by LANGLEY & CO
Victoria, B. C. 1ly17-d&w-eod

NOTICE.

During my absence from British Columbia Mr. Alex. J. Mouat, of the Transfer Co'y, Victoria, holds my full power of attorney.
G. BYRNES.
Victoria, April 4th, 1893. ap4-4m

MISCELLANEOUS.

VICTORIA
REPRESENTATIVE BUSINESS FIRMS
OF
JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

LANGLEY & CO.
Wholesale Druggists
Established 1858.

NOW READY . . .
500 CASES NEW APPLE CIDER.
BLUE BELL KETCHUP.
WANTED—Second hand Sauce Pickle and Ketchup bottles, in any Quantities.
FALCONER'S VICTORIA PICKLE WORKS.

SIMON LEISER . . .
IMPORTER AND
WHOLESALE GROCER

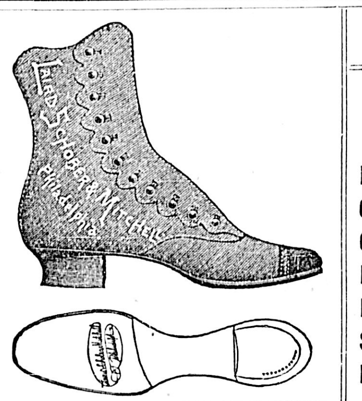
LENZ & LEISER,
Wholesale Dry Goods
LARGEST STOCK IN THE PROVINCE.

BOUCHERAT & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
Wines and Liquors.

H. R. FOOT & CO.
Builders of
YACHTS, BOATS & CANOES
Warren's Wharf, James Bay.

PHILADELPHIA TOE.

LADIES' CLOTH TOP BUTTON BOOTS AND OXFORDS.



MISSES' AND CHILD'S CLOTH TOP BUTTON BOOTS, SPRING HEEL.

THE DAINTIEST GOODS EVER TURNED OUT IN FOOTWEAR. YOU ARE NOT IN IT UNLESS YOU HAVE A PAIR OF THESE SHOES.

H. MANSELL,
95 GOVERNMENT STREET.

CHICAGO TOE.

I.X.L. COMPOUND.

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners.

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy Insect Pests and have healthly fruit trees next season, by using I.X.L. COMPOUND, the Cheapest and Most Effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced.

FOR SALE BY NICHOLLES & RENOUF

Corner Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria, B.C.
Telephone 82. P.O. Box 86.

We will be pleased to give full explanation as to its use.
my22 A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL	£600,000,	$2,920,000.
(With power to increase.)		
RESERVE	£260,000,	$1,265,333.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON. ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON (KOOTENAY LAKE).
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.

Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:

Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal, New York and Chicago.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.
NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B. C. This branch is now open for business.
Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1893 ap5 W. C. WARD MANAGER

SIMPSON, HALL, MILLER & Co.
16 AND 18 DeBRESOLES ST.
MONTREAL
SIMPSON, HALL, MILLER & CO. QUADRUPLE PLATE
TRADE MARK FOR WM ROGERS KNIVES, FORKS, SPOONS
MANUFACTURERS OF THE FINEST QUALITY HOLLOWWARE
ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.
ALSO SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED
WM. ROGERS' Knives, Forks and Spoons, etc. A. J. WHIMBEY MANR FOR CAN

TONY ELLIOTT,
(Formerly employed by Weiler Bros.)
Paperhanger, Tinter and Kalsominer,
Is now prepared to do work at cheap rates. Contracts given in papering and tinting. All orders promptly attended to.
Orders to be left at Erskine, Wall & Co's, cor. Fort and Government streets. mc18-1mo

PIANOFORTE TUNING.
MR. A. F. OWEN
Pianoforte Tuner, from J. and J. Hopkinson, the well-known manufacturer of pianoforte, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm. 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria.
Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore and Waitt's Music store. ja10

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is our authorized Agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. je8

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT 93½ Douglas Street. ap18

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad street and Trounce avenue, Established 1862. fe1

S. MACLURE, ARCHITECT, ALSO DESIGNER of artistic furniture and interior decorations. Address room 23, Five Sisters Block. no23 1m

F. M. RATTENBURY, ARCHITECT, Legislative Block, Government Buildings, James Bay. fe12

BAKERS.

VICTORIA STEAM BAKERY, M. R. SMITH & Co. 57 Fort street. Factory 91 Niagara street. P. O. Box 289. Telephone call 121. fe1

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., COMMISSION Merchants, 131 Government street. P.O. Box 318, Victoria. Agents Samuel Samuel & Co., Rice, Silk and Curios, London, Yokohama and Kobe; and The Tokio Leather Paper Mills, Japan; Chas. Cammell & Co., Ltd., Cyclops Steel and Iron Works, London, Sheffield, Worthington, etc.; Compania Gral. de Tabacos de Filipinas; The Canvas Mills of Kobe. fe1

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING—Mrs. Marshall has removed to 91 View street, between Blanchard and Quadra, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style and perfectly fitted. dec1-tf

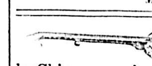
HAY, FLOUR AND FEED.

BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD. Dealers in Hay, Oats, Flour, etc. Office and warehouse, 125 Government street. f-1

LAND SURVEYORS & CIVIL ENGINEERS.

GORE, BURNET & CO.
Rooms 1 to 3, Five Sisters Block,
T. S. Gore. H. Burnet. J. H. McGregor. mc17

MUSICAL.



BANJO and GUITAR INSTRUCTIONS by Chicago popular banjo and guitarist, Prof. T. W Reamer; rare chance for beginners and advance pupils. Room 73 Five Sisters Block, can be engaged at first class entertainments. mc11-1mo

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.
Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. fe1

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE — Dealer in Paints, Oils, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel, 40 Fort street. mc17

WHOLESALE DEALERS.

HENRY SAUNDERS, Importer and Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, etc., 39 and 41 Johnson street. P.O. Drawer H. Telephone No. 28. feb1

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 222 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Munro & Hughes, 82 Douglas street; J. P. Matthews', cor. Douglas and Fort; or W. Blair, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

SEE THE NEW . . . .
MAP OF VICTORIA!
—JUST ISSUED BY—
M. W. WAITT & CO.
THE LARGEST, MOST COMPLETE, AND MOST ACCURATE MAP OF THE CITY EVER PUBLISHED. . . . . . .
SEND ORDERS AT ONCE TO . . .
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m14-tf NO. 64 GOVERNMENT STREET.

GEO. W. FUGGLE
Pianoforte Maker and Tuner.
VIOLINS, MANDOLINS AND GUITARS REPAIRED
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess Ave., also at Jamieson's Bookstore, next Post Office. P. O Box 422. mc13 tf

PAISLEY DYE WORKS,
116 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.
Dyeing, Scouring and Repairing Ladies' and Gents' Wear. Curtains, Silks, Ostrich Feathers and Fancy Dyeing. Steam finishing. Cleaning cricket, athletic suits and gloves a specialty.
JAMES ALLISON, PROP.
Drop us a postal card and we will attend to it promptly my26

N. C. MAYO,
Mason, Contractor and Builder.
Jobbing promptly attended to. Concrete, cement work and sewer connections a specially. Residence, 53 Vancouver street. References given. no30-3m

SHORTHAND.
Pitman's System, taught in twenty-five lessons for $25. Proficiency Guaranteed. Apply C.D.S., COLONIST office. ap14

Steamer for Sale.
The Steamer Lottie and three Scows, all in first-class order. For particulars apply to ALEX. J. MOUAT,
je6-1m Transfer Co'y, Broughton Street.

NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between John Coigdarripe and Luke Pither, carrying on business on Yates street, in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Boucherat & Co., Wine and Spirit Merchants, was dissolved on the 1st day of April last, by mutual consent, Max Leiser having purchased the interest of John Coigdarripe, in the said firm.
The business of the firm will be continued by Messrs. Luke Pither and Max Leiser, upon the same premises, under the firm name of Pither & Leiser, successors to Boucherat & Co., and they have assumed all the liabilities of the old firm.
Dated this 14th day of June, 1893.
J. COIGDARRIPE,
LUKE PITHER,
MAX LEISER.
WITNESS,
GEO. JAY, JR. jo15

RAGS WANTED.
Three cents a pound will be paid for clean cotton rags at his office.

SISTER SOCIETIES.

Preparations for the Laying of the Corner Stone of the Victoria Orphans' Home.

Annual Meeting of the M. W. Grand Lodge A. F. and A. M.—K. of P. Decoration Day.

MEMBERS of the most worshipful Grand lodge, A.F. & A.M., will be here this week, the annual communication being held here on Thursday, Friday and Saturday. There will be delegates present from all over the Province, and while the lodge is in session, the usual entertainment will be given the visitors by members of the local lodges. The annual meeting of the Grand lodge is always, in Masonic circles, an event of great importance. Last year it was held at Vancouver, the year before at Kamloops, and now it is Victoria. Officers for the next year will be elected, reports presented, etc., and the place of holding the next annual meeting will be chosen, besides a number of other matters of important business coming up for discussion.

On Saturday afternoon next the corner stone of the Protestant Orphans Home on Hillside avenue, will be laid by the Grand lodge, then in regular session. This attractive ceremony is sure to draw a large crowd. The hour fixed for the laying of the stone is 3 o'clock, and the arrangements will all be so made that there will be no delay. So far as the programme is now arranged, the Masons will meet at the Temple and march to the site of the new building. The ceremony is a most attractive one, consisting of hymns, addresses, etc., and prayers according to the Masonic ritual. The addresses will be by some of the most prominent of Victoria's divines and laymen, one of the former being the new Bishop of Columbia, Rt. Rev. W. W. Perrin, who is a Mason of high standing in the English lodges. The children from the Home will all be present, and will assist in the ceremony by singing. The committee of management is sparing no pains to make the event a successful one A large platform, with ample seating accommodation, is to be erected for the convenience of ladies. Invitations, themselves models of artistic work, have been issued, and may be obtained from members of the Home committee. The folder of the invitation cards shows a neat lithograph engraving of the new building, which gives a very fair idea of how handsome the new structure will be when completed. At the close of the ceremony a collection will be taken up in aid of the furnishing fund, and as this most worthy institution is supported entirely by voluntary contributions, it is expected a good sum will be realized. One of the attractions of the laying of the corner stone will be the presence of C. Battery band, which will supply appropriate music.

The total membership of the Masonic Grand Lodge is now over 1,000, and the financial condition is encouraging, some $1,992 having been received during the past year.

Three Masonic lodges which have been working under dispensations have petitioned the Grand Lodge for charters. The petitions will be considered at Thursday's meeting.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

At a meeting of the Knights of Pythias Lodges held on Friday evening in Castle Hall, Broad street, committees were appointed to make all arrangements for the celebration of Decoration Day on Sunday next. This event will be one of great honor in Pythian circles, and the Nanaimo brethren have arranged for a special train to bring them and their friends down. Their Uniformed Division will come in dress uniform, other members in full regalia. The train on arrival here will be met by the Victoria Uniformed Division, and the visitors will be escorted to the lodge rooms. The hour at which the procession to the cemetery will start, has not yet been fixed, but it will be so arranged as to give ample time for the ceremonies and enable the visitors to get home in good time. After the ceremonies at the graves of departed brethren, the Knights will march back to the city, and a luncheon will be served at the hall, as it is expected the regular lunch time will have been taken up in the celebration. There are eight Knights' graves at the Ross Bay Cemetery, and all will be decorated. Further arrangements will be made to-morrow (Monday) evening at a general meeting of the committee, to be held at Castle Hall, when it is expected every one will be present. The intention is to have the best band procurable, probably that from C Battery, attend the procession, thus furnishing an additional attraction.

Past Grand Chancellor Crossen will represent British Columbia at the next meeting of the Supreme Lodge.

Past Chancellors Dwyer, Jones and Madigan returned from Westminster on Friday night, where they had been to attend the Grand Lodge as representatives of Sunset No. 10. The second degree will be conferred on Tuesday evening next.

A. O. U. W.

The meeting of the Grand Lodge of Canada, A.O.U.W., will be held this week in Toronto, whither Messrs. G. Leiser, H. Hoy and G. Keary have gone to represent the Grand Lodge of British Columbia.

Western Star lodge initiated one new member at the regular meeting on Monday evening last. Sullivan lodge, No. 6, and Vancouver lodge, No. 5, meet on Friday evening next.

I. O. O. F.

Victoria lodge, No. 1, met last Monday evening. Considerable business was transacted, one candidate was admitted into the mysteries of Oddfellowship, and one brother was advanced to the first degree.

Canton Victoria, No. 1, P.M., held their meeting on Friday evening and were drilled by Captain Blanchard. The members of the above canton will take notice that the meetings are held on Friday evenings now, instead of Saturday evenings, as formerly.

The I. O. O F. excursion committee met on Friday evening also, to arrange preliminaries for their excursion to Seattle on August 5. Another meeting will be held shortly.

The 14th of June was the date selected by the Grand Master of this jurisdiction for decoration day, the lodges, however, having the option of choosing any other day that might suit them better. Accordingly, committees were appointed from the various I.O.O.F. lodges in this city which, having met, decided on July 9 as decoration day of the order here. Members will assemble at the hall, Douglas street, at 2 p m. on that day, form procession and march to the cemetery, where the graves of departed brothers will be decorated with flowers.

Columbia lodge No. 2, on Wednesday evening, advanced a brother to the third degree. The lodge then went into committee on the revision of the by-laws, and managed to get through a few more sections. Unless a special meeting be called for the consideration of these oft-deferred by-laws, "the summer will be passed and the harvest ended," and still they won't be disposed of.

Next Thursday evening Dominion lodge No. 4 will be the recipient of a fraternal visit from the officers and members of Columbia lodge. No. 2's members will please bear this in mind.

FRATERNAL SOCIETY NOTES.

Dominion Day will be celebrated by the Sons of Erin by holding a demonstration at Caledonia Grounds, in aid of the B. C. Benevolent Society. It is proposed to have a good programme of sports, with dancing in the evening.

The picnic of the Sons of England, which was to have been held on Dominion Day, has been postponed and will form part of the reception to the Supreme Grand President, who visits Victoria during July.

At the meeting of the Sons of Erin on Wednesday evening, a vote of condolence with the hon. secretary, M. McTiernan, in the death of his brother, P. McTiernan, was passed.

An open lodge meeting of the I. O. G. T. was held on Tuesday evening in Temperance hall, Pandora street, when an excellent programme was presented.

The annual demonstration of the city A. O. F. lodges will be held on July 22. A special steamer will be chartered and an excursion given.

A meeting of the Y. M. I. will be held to-morrow night in Institute hall, View street, for the election of officers.

In the A.O U.W., after August 1, the age limit will be reduced from 50 to 45.

IN CITY CHURCHES.

An Absence of Festivals and Special Arrangements the Conspicuous Feature of To-Day.

Rev. Mr. Coombs Returns From Chicago—Mr. Macleod's Plans—In the Methodist Churches.

CHURCH announcements to-day are necessarily brief. There are no important festivals to be observed, no anniversary sermons to be preached, and with few exceptions no visiting clergymen to be listened to.

His Lordship Bishop Perrin being absent from the city, the services at Christ Church Cathedral will be conducted by Rev. Canon Beanlands and Rev. J. B. Hewetson, Ven. Archdeacon Scriven preaching both morning and evening at St. James' church. In St. John's, Rev. Percival Jenns will officiate; in St. Paul's, Rev. S. C Scholefield; in St. Saviour's, Rev. M. Sheldrake, of Kamloops; in St. Mark's, Rev. W. H. P. Arden, and in St. Luke's, Cedar Hill, Rev. M. C. Browne.

At the Metropolitan Methodist Church, Pandora Avenue, Rev. C. Bryant will preach in the morning and Rev. E. Robson, of the James Bay church, at 7 p m.—the order being reversed at the James Bay church, the subject of Rev. Mr. Robson's morning sermon to his own congregation being "The Prodigal's Father." Rev. Joseph Hall will occupy the pulpit of the Centennial Church, Gorge Road, morning and night, Rev. George H. Morden being "at home" in Victoria West.

The pastor, Rev. J. E Coombs, who returned from Chicago last evening, will preach at Calvary Baptist church both at 11 a.m. and 7 p m., his themes for the day being respectively "Echoes of the Anniversary Guns" and "What effect will the Fair have upon the nation—socially, politically, religiously and financially?" At Emmanuel Baptist church, Spring Ridge, Rev. P. H. McEwen conducts all services.

Rev. Dr. Campbell will preach as usual, both morning and evening, at the First Presbyterian church, Pandora avenue; while at St. Andrew's, Douglas street, the sermons of the day will be by Rev. J. Brown Greig of Puyallup. Rev. P. McF. Macleod, who is now attending the meeting of the General Assembly at Brantford, is expected home on the 28th inst., and Rev. D. McRae, now holidaying on the Mainland, will be back in Victoria next Sunday. His pulpit will be filled again to-day by the Rev. John A. Logan of Chilliwack.

Usual services will be held to-day in St. Andrew's (R. C.) cathedral, and in the Church of Our Lord (Reformed Episcopal), in the latter of which Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge officiates.

At Christadelphian hall, 209 Douglas street, the evening lecture will be upon the Second Coming of Christ—"a reality, with Scripture proofs."

INFANTS DYING

And Mothers Weeping!

In every city and town of our Dominion there are many mothers who are terribly anxious about their little ones, now that the hot weather has set in. Summer complaints, cholera infantum, dysentery and dirrhœa carry off the frail, helpless babes in large numbers; the mothers weep and seem powerless. In former issues of this paper, we have plainly informed mothers that they are to blame. In the majority of cases their babes are improperly nourished—badly fed—and of course they wither and die like a young plant put into soil that is dry and void of nourishing qualities. Young infants and delicate children who are given a regular diet of life-giving Lactated Food in summer, always escape the prevailing summer diseases. A physician said the other day that Lactated Food is the infant's best friend in summer time; and he declared that this grand food was better than all the medicines in the world. Give the baby Lactated Food, mother, and your mind will be easy and your heart light. Lactated Food babies are always the brightest, heartiest and most happy during the hot weather.

Important Notice.

The old and well-known firm of Lange & Co., Watchmakers and Jewelers, have removed their place of business from Government street to No. 86 Douglas street, where they will continue to sell off their stock at cost. All repairs of watches, and other orders sent us will be attended to as usual. *

Inlaid Linoleums, the best thing made for offices, banks, saloons and all public buildings where traffic is large. Pattern cannot wear off. At Weiler Bros'.

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FOR SALE--A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head (more or less) Cows, Steers, 2-year olds, etc., etc., (about 60 or more to calve this spring), 1 pedigree Hereford Bull (rising 3 years.

7 Mares (in foal to a good stallion), 1 Horse, Pigs, Chickens, etc.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Fanning Mill, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.

Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies' and gent's), Bridles, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.

4 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, 10 miles barbed wire and staples; about 2,500 Posts on the ground, ready for use, etc., etc.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold, Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The population of this district will increase this year by at least 10,000; the area of farm land is very limited, and from this it may be fairly asserted that beef and all classes of farm produce will find a ready and lucrative market. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

The Cattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys. All buildings and fences about the farm are in good order, and farming operations can be gone on with at once; about 180 acres of ploughing have been, so far, provided for this year's work.

The Climate is not severe, the land being about 1,100 feet above sea level; the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains. There is a weekly express in and out. Goods and supplies at wholesale can be procured on order and delivered in 48 hours.

The Title is by grant from the Crown, and is free of all encumbrances. Immediate possession can be given.

Important Railway works are now in progress within moderate distance, and two railway lines have been run to pass close to or through the estate, which can be reached in the spring in three days' journey from Victoria.

The South West Kootenay District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines this winter, is destined in the next year or two to become one of the richest and most important mineral centres in the world. Statistics show, that although the district is in its primary stage, the mines have developed ore veins rich enough to warrant the investment of over a million dollars. When these mines come to be worked systematically, there will be an

Influx of Population, which will require beef and farm produce in large quantities. The limited quantity of really good farm land in the district to supply these requirements makes this

A BONANZA!

To any person or corporation having the capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work this estate. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

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THE WINE OF ALL "BON VIVANTS."

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SOLE AGENTS,
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CITY OF VICTORIA.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing all complaints against the assessment of 1893 as made by the Assessor of the City of Victoria, will be held at the Council Chambers, City Hall, Victoria, on TUESDAY, the 27th day of JUNE, A.D.1893, at 10 o'clock a.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
May 22nd, 1893. my23 C.M.C.

RUSS HOUSE,
Montgomery St., extending from Pine to Bush, San Francisco, containing 300 rooms, J. S. Young, proprietor. Business centre of the city, convenient to all banks, insurance offices and places of amusement. Terms, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 per day. Still lower terms for excursion and other large parties. Superior accommodations for families, at very moderate rates. Hotel coach in waiting at all boats and trains, to convey guests to and from the Hous free of charge. m12 tf

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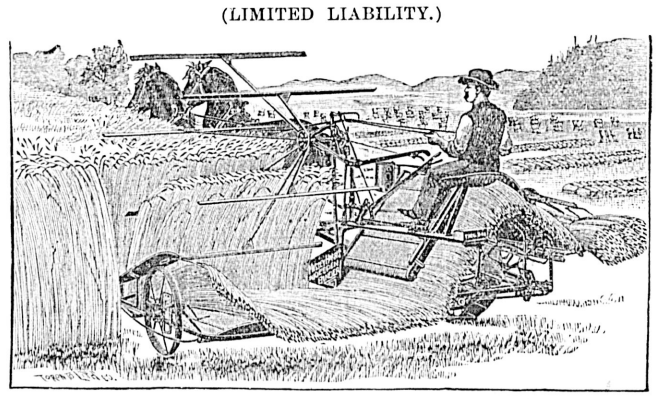

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IN USE 100 YEARS.
THE
POOR MAN'S FRIEND

Dr. Roberts' OINTMENT

SKIN DISEASES. THIS VALUABLE OINTMENT (as originally prepared by G. L. ROBERTS, M.D. is confidently recommended as an unfailing remedy for Wounds of every description, Chilblains, Scorbutic Eruptions, Burns, Sore and Inflamed Eyes, Eczema, &c.

Dr. ROBERTS' ALTERATIVE PILLS FOR THE BLOOD and SKIN.

SKIN DISEASES. They are useful in Scrofula Scrobutic Complaints, Glandular Swellings, particularly those of the neck; they are very effectual in the cure of that form of skin disease which shows itself in painful cracks in the skin of the hands and in all scaly diseases.

They may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.
Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s. each, by the Proprietors, Bridport, England. my20

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL.
Nos 64 and 66 Store Street, Victoria.

GEO. A. SARGISON
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant & Agent,
48 LANGLEY ST.
ap27

TENDERS.

Notice to Contractors, Builders, Etc.

Tenders will be received on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Wednesday, the 21st June instant, for executing Minor Works and Repairs at the Naval Establishments at Esquimalt.

Plans, specifications and conditions of contract may be seen at the office of the Clerk of Works in this yard.

Tenders to be endorsed "Works" and addressed to the undersigned.

The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

JAMES H. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, Etc.
Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, 7th June, 1893.
je7 td

Provincial Gaol at Victoria.

Tenders, endorsed "Gaol Supplies," for the supply of Bread, Beef, Groceries, Clothing and Coal, for the use of the said institution, from the 1st of July next, to the 30th of June, 1894, will be received by the undersigned, up to Monday, the 26th June. Samples of Groceries, Clothing, etc., can be seen at the Gaol, Topaz avenue. Tenders to state price of Coal per ton of 2,000 pounds. All supplies to be delivered at the Gaol as required, without extra charge.

Oatmeal, Brooms, Brushes and all articles required for use in this contract, to be of Provincial manufacture, as far as practicable.

F. S. HUSSEY,
Supt. Prov. Police and Warden of Gaols.
June 5, 1893. je6 td

ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE, NEW WESTMINSTER.

TENDERS, endorsed "Lunatic Asylum," for the supply of clothing, meat, milk, vegetables, groceries, coal, and wood, etc., for the use of the said institution from the 1st day of July next to the 30th day of June, 1894, will be received by the Honourable the Provincial Secretary until noon on Wednesday the 21st proximo.

Lists of the articles required can be seen at this office, and at the Asylum, at which latter place samples can also be inspected.

All supplies to be delivered at the Asylum without extra charge.

Security for the due performance of the contract will be required in each case.

A. CAMPBELL REDDIE,
Deputy Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
Victoria, 22nd May, 1893. my24

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1893.

FALL ASSIZES.

[*On Mainland.*]

Richfield.....Monday.....11th September.
Clinton.....Wednesday.27th September.
Kamloops.....Monday.....2nd October.
Lytton.....Monday.....9th October.
N. Westminster..Wednesday..8th November.
Vancouver.....Wednesday.15th November.

[*On Vancouver Island.*]

Victoria.....Monday.....27th November.
Nanaimo.....Tuesday.....5th December.
ap25

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PROSPECTORS, EXPLORATION AND SURVEYING PARTIES OR OTHERS DESIRING TO REACH
Horsefly, Quesnelle Forks, . . .
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NORTHERN INTERIOR,
Will SAVE MONEY as well as time by travelling sixty to eighty-five miles a day by the Regular Stage, leaving Ashcroft every Monday morning, or by engaging one or more special two, four or six horse stages with drivers, and travel on stage time.
Write for special rates and reduced round trip rates for passengers and outfits. Address
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ASHCROFT, BRITISH COLUMBIA.
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Cor. Government and Johnson Streets.
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Glasgow,
For British Columbia and Washington State

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, JUNE 18, 1893.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.
BY
THE COLONIST PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States) ..... $ 2 00
Six Months 1 25
Three Months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly ADVANCE.

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REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—50 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.

Not more than one week—30 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.

Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisements inserted for less than $1.50.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

COMMUNICATIONS.

All communications intended for publication or concerning matters of news or opinion should be addressed to THE EDITOR, accompanied invariably with the name of the writer. All other communications, in reference to subscriptions, advertisements, etc., matters of business, should be addressed to the BUSINESS MANAGER.

"BRITISH COLUMBIA."

There has been published by direction of the Provincial Government, a handsome pamphlet of one hundred and ten pages, in which is given a full and fair description of the present resources and future possibilities of British Columbia. The description is carefully and conscientiously written. The writer is evidently determined to keep within the truth. He shows no disposition to entice immigrants by a glowing account of the fertility of the soil or the richness of the resources of the province; but on the contrary, if he errs at all, it is in the direction of under-statement.

In the introduction he very properly warns the intending immigrant against expecting too much. "Let no one therefore," he says, "who may read the following pages imagine that because British Columbia is represented in what the writer believes to be its true light, as a place of rapidly rising importance he is therefore certain to find ample scope for his own abilities He must rather consider what sacrifices he is prepared to make for the privilege of introducing himself and his family into a country so favorably circumstanced. He must deliberate whether the prospect of future success is worth the hazard of his present condition of life, whatever that may be; and, should he finally determine upon a step which may prove to him irrevocable, let him blame no one but himself if the struggle turn out a hard one and the good times which he anticipated be long in coming."

It would be well if all books setting forth the advantages of new countries were written in this honest spirit. There would then be fewer soured and disappointed settlers, and the countries would have a higher character as fields of immigration. Exaggeration and deception are sure, in the end, to tell against the country which is overpraised.

The description of the Province is full, nothing appears to have been slurred over or neglected. The careful reader of this pamphlet will know more about British Columbia and its resources than many who have lived in it a score of years. He will also gather from it a true estimate of the Province as a place of settlement and as a field for the investment of money. He may depend upon every statement of fact it contains as being as near the truth as the present development of the Province will permit. Our own opinion, as we have already hinted, is that if the reader of the book comes to British Columbia to seek his fortune, he will, after he is here a while, be ready to declare that it did not tell him half the truth with respect to the extent and variety of the resources of the Province.

We cannot close our notice of this little work without expressing our admiration of its excellence, both of typography and illustration. It is beautifully printed, and its illustrations would do credit to the best establishment in the Dominion. The work, in fact, is of itself a capital advertisement of British Columbia. The intelligent observer will immediately conclude that a Province which can turn out a book so artistically and mechanically perfect must have advanced far and rapidly in the march of progress. "British Columbia" is intended for distribution at the World's Fair.

THE CROP.

The crop prospect is brightening almost everywhere. The cold spring on this side of the Atlantic and the drought on the other were most unfavorable to the growing crops of all kinds. Since then the weather has become warmer in America and there have been refreshing showers in Great Britain, which have stimulated vegetation and very greatly improved the outlook for the farmer. Still it is not expected that the harvest of 1893, in either Europe or America, will be anything like as abundant as that of last year. It is calculated that this year's wheat crop in the United States will fall far short of what it was last year. The shortage in the States, that yielded at least 250,000,000 of winter wheat last year, is estimated at from 75,000,000 to 100,000,000 bushels. In England it is believed that the yield of wheat will be 5,000,000 bushels below what it was last year. Of course a good deal still depends upon the weather. If the weather for the next two months is favorable, the returns will be much better than is now anticipated.

It must be remembered that there is a great deal of last year's crop still unconsumed, and there will be enough left in August to make up to a very great extent for this year's deficiency. It was calculated that there was still remaining of last year's crop of Canada and the United States, on the 1st of June, 182,372,785 bushels. This, according to Bradstreet's of the 10th inst., was apportioned as follows: East of the Rockies, 86,031,000; Pacific Coast, 3,019,000; Europe and afloat, 78,088,000 bushels The probability is, therefore, that, although next year will not be one of extreme abundance, there will be no scarcity of the necessaries of life in the civilized world.

MR. RAINSFORD'S REFORM.

The Rev. Mr. Rainsford's plan for bringing about a reform in the liquor traffic, and for promoting temperance by improving the places in which liquor is sold, meets with no favor from the professional advocates of temperance. In their opinion, he would, by making drinking resorts more attractive, aggravate and increase the evil he proposes to diminish. He has been attacked by enthusiastic and earnest temperance men, as an enemy to their cause. They seem to think that his high character and his good intentions make him more dangerous than the great majority of the supporters and defenders of the liquor traffic.

Mr. Rainsford is not daunted by these attacks. He makes allowances for the sincerity of his assailants, but he mildly and firmly maintains the stand he has taken. As many of our readers would, no doubt, like to hear what he has to say for himself, we will reproduce two or three extracts from his article on "Reform of the Drink Traffic" in the June number of the North American Review.

Dr. Rainsford says: "The fundamental mistake of nearly all Reformers seems to me an unwise haste. Quick methods are apt to be superficial; they may cut off the nettle at the head, while they leave the root still vigorous and untouched."

He would proceed more slowly. He would cultivate in the drinker, who *will* get what he craves for, a love of decency, and would place him under better influences than those to which he is now exposed. It may be said here that Dr. Rainsford's scheme is intended for the poorer classes in large cities. He says:

It seems to a multitude of good people who judge hastily that nothing but harm can come of any movement or teaching which appears to make light of the awful blight of drunkenness. I must at present, I fear, rest under the censure of such. But what I plead for is a more radical dealing with the evil. As long as conditions of life provoke to drink, men will destroy themselves by drinking. As long as they breathe foul air at night, in sleeping quarters all too narrow, they will wake up in the morning with a craving for liquor. As long as they are denied all rational amusement, they will go in for "soak" and "debauch." You cannot better the condition of those who are being ruined by the present retail liquor business by attacking only that business which seems to be the immediate cause of their ruin. We must do more than this. We must, if we love our fellow men, go down to the root of the matter and seek to alter that.

Mr. Rainsford proposed not to shut up all drinking places but to establish better saloons under better regulations in which those who frequent them will be comfortable and will be able to spend their time less harmfully than by filling themselves with beer and whiskey. He considers that the establishment of a better class of saloons will advance the cause of temperance. This is what he says:

The one necessary thing to our city workingman is a place where he can spend his afternoon and evening. He has no home, only part of a room at best; perhaps a bed to himself and this is doubtful. The place where he sleeps is cold in winter evenings and intolerably hot in summer. He is actually driven to the saloon; there is no other place for him. To expect him to sit in his single room and look at its bare walls is ridiculous. He might as well be in Sing Sing. Nor will your average workingman wish to take advantage of your reading room, coffee-house, etc., as soon as you throw open its doors to him. He has prejudices. He is afraid of being assailed by those who look down on him, or with whose opinions he does not agree, and he has a righteous objection to being patronized. This is exactly the condition of scores of thousands of unmarried men (I have not time at present to deal with the question as it applies to the married man, whose case is scarcely better) in our large cities, and these are they who are the main support of the present saloon. In the saloon he meets his friends and spends most of his leisure time. With the saloon-keeper he is on friendly terms. Improve his place of resort and you do much to improve him. It is improving. The reforms most needed are those that hasten its improvement.

Here we have the stand taken by the Rev. Mr. Rainsford very clearly stated. There is nothing to be said against the man. He is a good man, whose earnest desire is to improve the condition, materially and morally, of the people among whom he labors. Are the means he is taking calculated to accomplish that end in any degree? There are many who declare in most emphatic terms and very decided tones, they are not. They believe that his scheme of reform is not reform at all, but the reverse. There are others who listen to what he says patiently and attentively, and who say, "Give him fair play; let his scheme have a trial and judge it by its results." It is said that a system resembling that advocated by Mr. Rainsford has been in operation in Norway and has produced results that are very encouraging.

OFFICIAL NEGLECT.

The collapse of Ford's theatre in Washington, which had been converted into a departmental building, has caused much excitement and a great deal of comment in the East. There were at the time of the disaster more than five hundred persons, clerks and others, in the building. Of these twenty-five were killed outright and over fifty more or less seriously injured. The building—the one in which President Lincoln was assassinated—was never a very substantial one. The alterations which it underwent to transform its interior into a number of offices did not tend to make it any stronger. It was still further weakened by an excavation which was made under it for the purpose of making room for an electric plant. There appears to have been a suspicion among its inmates for some time that the building was not in a safe condition. But, as the authorities allowed it to be occupied while the undermining was going on, the clerks and other work people naturally concluded that there was no immediate danger. It is now said that it had been long known that the building was unsuitable, and even dangerous, for the purposes for which it was occupied, and that the authorities are responsible for the dreadful catastrophe in which so many lives were lost and such a number of persons maimed. The indignation against Col. Ainsworth, who is at the head of the force of clerks that occupied the building, was intense. It is said that he was so strict that the men who believed that the building was in a very dangerous condition were afraid to make any representation to him. The feeling against him was so strong during part of the enquiry into the cause of the accident, that it was feared that he would be made the victim of personal violence. The fear that saying what they believed to be the truth was so general among the clerks that the Head of the Department thought proper to make the announcement that no person in the public employment examined at the inquest need fear dismissal for anything he might say while giving his testimony at the inquest. It is evident that there has been great carelessness, or great neglect, or such an accident could not have happened. If the examination of the public buildings had been what it ought to have been, Ford's theatre would have been condemned long ago, and would have been either demolished or made perfectly safe. It is astonishing how lightly some men, on the proper performance of whose duties the lives of many of their fellow creatures depend, wear their responsibilities. It is likely that the man who is really responsible for this appalling disaster will never be called to account for the way in which he neglected his work.

Ho! Traveller take BEECHAM'S PILLS with you.

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injuriant.
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto, Ont.

1871 DOMINION DAY 1893
CELEBRATION.
FIRST ANNUAL PICNIC
SONS OF ERIN
—AT—
CALEDONIA GROUNDS,
—ON—
Saturday, 1st July, 1893,
For the benefit of the British Columbia Benevolent Society.
ADMISSION, 50 Cts.; LADIES, 25 Cts.
Children under Ten years, Free.
Particulars and programme will be published.
je10 R. ACKLAND, Secretary.

NOTICE.
I hereby notify any person or persons against buying or trusting any party or person, so far as to interfere, incumber or cause a dissolution of my home of about fifteen acres on Gordon Head road, Victoria, B.C., of which I own one-half interest.
je8 MRS. LYDIA S. McCONNELL.

GRAND OPENING
of the new Beer Hall of St. George's Hotel, on Esquimalt road, opposite car switch, on Monday, June 19, at 7 p.m. A Free Concert will be given by the Snip's Company of H M S. Champion, and also a Free Lunch given by the proprietor. Long Glass of Beer five cents. Pot ten cents. Everybody welcome. je16-3t

SAYWARD

Situate on the East Bank of the Columbia River at the Mouth of Beaver Creek, about Four Miles North of the Pend D'Oreille River, and International Boundary Line . . . . . .

SAYWARD is a typical site for a large city, is level bench land, perfectly adapted for building purposes, and is the SELECTED JUNCTION OF THE RIVER AND RAILWAY TRANSPORTATION.

SAYWARD is the only natural location for a centre of supply for the Great Placer and Hydraulic Mines on the Pend d'Oreille and Salmon Rivers, and the Gold and Silver Mines of Trail Creek, now supplied by Wagon Road from the United States . . . . .

SAYWARD is the HEADQUARTERS OF THE CONTRACTOR OF THE NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY, now under construction. The main railway line runs through the Company's property, and a Spur is to connect with the Steamboat Landing, where all supplies will be delivered for over ONE THOUSAND Railway Navvies . . . .

Commissariat Stores, Hotel, Offices and Wagon Road now in course of construction, and an increasing daily business is being transacted. Alternate daily communication from Revelstoke, B C, via Canadian Pacific Railway, and Northport, U.S., from all points south by the Spokane Falls & Northern Railway . . . . . .

Sale of Lots Commences at 11 a.m. THURSDAY MORNING, at my office, NO. 7 Board of Trade Building.

PRICES—$150 for Corners; $100 for Inside Lots. TERMS—One-third cash, one-third in two months, one-third in four months, with interest at 8 per cent. per annum on deferred payments . . . .

FOR THE WEST KOOTENAY LAND COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.

JOSHUA DAVIES, MANAGER.

my8

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

VETERINARY :: SURGEON.
R. HAMILTON, M.R.C.V.S.
Office, Bowman's Livery Stables, tel. 87. Residence, 100 Cadboro Road, tel. 537. ju23

KEEFER & SMITH,
CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS
Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters' Block, Government Street, Victoria, B. C.
G. A. Keefer, M.I.C.E. H. B. Smith, M.I.C.E.

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
☞ Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government Street. tf

ASSAYS AND ANALYSIS OF ORES
W. PELLEW HARVEY
GOLDEN, BRITISH COLUMBIA
1881-1885—With Messrs. Vivian & Sons, Swansea.
1885-1890—Chief Assayer and Chemist to John F. Penrose & Sims, Assayers to the Rio Tinto Co., etc., Cornwall.
Price card on application. mc12

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
ESTABLISHED 1803.
INVESTED FUNDS OVER $8,000,000
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.
Agent, H. E. CROASDAILE, 42 Fort Street.
oc29

A. C. THEOBALD & CO.
67 DOUGLAS STREET,
Painters, Paper Hangers and Decorators.
WALL PAPERS JUST RECEIVED
at very low prices. de2-1m

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR
GREAT VARIETY OF GOODS JUST RECEIVED
PER STEAMSHIP TACOMA. .. .. ..
VERY CHEAP—GOOD VALUE. .. .. ..
FEW NICE PALMS AND FERN PLANTS. .. ..
EARLY CALL SOLICITED.
T. S. FUTCHER
Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort St., Victoria, B.C.
mc21

KOOTENAY - INVESTMENTS.
E. C. CARPENTER begs to inform intending purchasers that he will be in Kootenay after March 5th.
Information given on Mines, Claims, and Real Estate in Nelson, Ainsworth and Slocan (Slocan especially).
Correspondence solicited. Confidential enquiries answered promptly. Address—P. O. Nelson, Kootenay, B. C. fo23-tf

LEWTAS' ICE CREAM.
Sold in large or small quantities, from our carts. We run to all parts of the city daily, except Sundays. We make all kinds and flavors of Ice Cream. Orders of one quart and upwards packed in ice. We also have a large quantity of Strawberries for sale cheap Orders can be left at Fell & Co., Fort street. Telephone 91 and P. O. Box 745. je9 2m

NEW GOODS.

Fine American Ginghams.
English Chambreys, new shades and patterns.
White Lawns and Muslins, latest designs.
English, Canadian and American Prints.
Delainettes, 6 yards for $1.00.
50 doz Ladies' Stainless Black Hosiery, at 25c. a pair.
Great variety of Ladies' Blouses, from 40 cents.
Ladies' and Misses' Boating Jackets.
Ladies' and Misses' Fauntleroy Collars and Cuffs.
Boys' Shirt Waists, white and colored.
Girls' Sunbonnets, white and colored.

MILLINERY.
All the Latest Novelties for Summer Season.
RIBBONS LACES, FLOWERS ETC.
******
MANCHESTER HOUSE
88 YATES STREET.
ap5

FOR THE BEST
FURNITURE
New Designs in Carpets, Chenille and Lace Curtains,
Largest Assortment of China and Glassware,
THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO'Y LEAD THEM ALL.
ap30

NO ONE
Needs a Clairvoyant to discover where the most appetizing dainties of the Summer Season are procurable in endless variety. . . . .
EVERY ONE KNOWS!
THE ADDRESS IS 39 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET.
HENRY SAUNDERS.
my16

MEETINGS.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p.m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja28-tf C. DUBOIS MASON.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Cariboo, No. 743, meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesday of each month in St. George's Hall, cor. Government and Bastion sts Visiting brethren welcome. R. Douglas, C. R., A. L. Campbell, R. S. oc15

"ST. ANDREW & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY" Society meets in Caledonia Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday in every month Visiting brethren are invited to attend. E. C. Smith, Secretary. my4-1m

IF YOU ARE
out of sorts, use Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti. It will sharpen your appetite, and put you right.
Sold in 50c. packages by all Druggists.
Beware of so-called Substitutes.

FOR SALE
PHAETON
Cheap and in good condition.
J. P. BURGESS
Carpenter and Builder, - - 10 Broughton Street

BARRELS.
A number of empty Barrels, formerly containing varnish are for sale at "The Colonist" office. all

MATERNITY (late Samaritan), Home, removed to larger premises at 10 Blanchard, corner of Rae street. Applicants please apply at the Home or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay road, or to Mrs. Flummerfelt, Gorge road. fo17

WORLD'S FAIR.

Notes of Interest From "The White City"—Big Post Office Business Transacted.

The U. S. Court of Appeals Decides in Favor of Open Sunday.

CHICAGO, June 12.—We note the increased attendance during the past week. However, much of this is due to the very favorable weather and the coming of the Princess, and the extra touches put on because of her presence. If the railroads would do their part and reduce the rates, there would be no need of an empty train shed at the terminal station. It is very certain that some heroic measures will have to be devised to get the people here, and that quickly, and if prior to this time there had been less red tape, and more active work, from the head officials down to the humblest laborer, there would have been much less reason for such a feeling of dissatisfaction as now exists.

Michigan may well feel proud of the behavior of her soldier boys, who have been encamping among us the past week. These cadets marched like veterans in acting as escort to the Princess during her visit to the fair. Montana is very proud of the silver statute, which was unveiled in the mining building recently.

It does not seem possible that during the dull month of May, in the little post office established in the government building, that over $25,000 was paid and issued in money orders, and the number of letters handled exceeded 2,500,000.

It is very interesting to note the different stages of the fish hatching process as shown in the Government building. Over in the fisheries building itself is an aquarium filled with many kinds of fish, which might rightly be termed the happy family. Give this building some time. It will doubtless interest you as it does scores of others.

The almost priceless relics left by Columbus, and much that pertains to him, attract large crowds to the Convent La Rabida. Close by, as if to keep guard over them, are the giant cannons sent over by Herr Krupp of Germany, and this exhibit is teeming with interest. A little further away is the building devoted to the leather interests, and satin slippers, fit for Cinderella, are mixed up with leather belting that turns the machinery to manufacture them.

Do not fail to visit the cliff dwellers' abode, and if you have ever climbed the Alps you will have no difficulty in reaching the summit, over steep, narrow and circuitous paths.

Dissatisfaction is a mild way of expressing the feelings of those who speak in many tongues over in Midway plaisance concerning the manner in which they have been treated by the directors. Steps have been taken to appoint one man to be their official mouth piece hereafter.

The department of electricity will have some novel surprises in store, even for those who are accustomed to handle the fiery fluid, and the last week shows marked improvement in getting the exhibits in shape.

Passing through horticultural hall, where the air was heavy and fragrant with the perfume from yellow fruit of the Golden State, and where an immense tower, built of oranges, rises twenty feet skyward, a lady was heard asking her escort, "John, do you think those are real oranges?" Evidently she did not come from a tropical country.

CHICAGO, June 17.—The Court of Appeals has unanimously decided in favor of open Sundays at the World's Fair. The court holds that the local directory is in full control and that the government has no standing.

The decision means to a certainty that the World's Fair will be kept open on Sunday, and that settles the case for all time, as an appeal would have to go to the Supreme court of the United States, which does not meet till October, when the Fair will be ended. Every seat was taken fully one hour before the time announced when the court would decide the case, and standing room was filled.

Chief Justice Fuller, in rendering the decision, spoke as follows: "Deeming it desirable that this matter should be disposed of at once, we should announce the result at which we have arrived, postponing for want of time the full expression of our views, which will hereafter be given. The appellants have submitted a motion to dismiss the appeal upon the grounds that the jurisdiction of the circuit court was in issue; that the case involved the construction of the application of the constitution of the United States, and that the constitutionality of the law of the United States was called in question therein, that, therefore, the appeal for a final decree would lie to the Supreme Court of the United States, and not to this court, and hence this appeal, which is from an interlocutory order, cannot be maintained under Section 7 of the Judiciary Act of March, 1891. We do not understand that the power of the Circuit Court to determine the case was denied, but that the appellants contended that the United States had not by their appeal made a case properly cognizable in a court of equity; the objection was to the want of equity and not to the want of power.

"The jurisdiction of the Circuit court was therefore not in issue, and within the intent or meaning of the acts of application of the United States, and the constitutionality of the United States are concerned We are of the opinion that the order we are called on to review involved or drew in question neither one nor the other, in the sense that the action of the Circuit Court was invoked. The disposal of the proceedings of the disposition of the contention rests upon the ground as to whether the decision had any reference to the construction or application of the constitution or the validity of the acts of Congress; the conclusions upon which the order was based were invoked as to construction of that character. The jurisdiction of this court of review cannot be defeated at the instance of the appellees, because the constitutionality of the acts upon which they rely might have been challenged by their adversaries. The motion to dismiss is overruled."

The McLeans Dine.

CHICAGO, June 16.—The Clan McLean wined and toasted its chief, Sir Fitzroy Donald McLean, to-night to the music of the 46th Highlanders of Toronto, Canada The guests marched into the banquet room, at the head Chief Donald in full clan costume. Responses to toasts were made by Sir Fitzroy, Prof. J. P. McLean, Greenville, O; J. W. McLean, Chicago; Hon. Alex McLean, Toronto, Canada, and about a dozen other McLeans.

Prohibition Propaganda.

DES MOINES, Io., June 16—At to-day's session of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars the report of the committee on prohibition was presented and unanimously adopted. It holds that, while in no manner dictating to members as to their party affiliations, the body of Good Templars is to unite their suffrage with those who are fighting the foes of prohibition and prohibition enforcement, wherever and whenever found.

The Fair's Finances.

CHICAGO, June 16.—Auditor Ackerman and Fred. W. Peck, chairman of the finance committee of the World's Fair, have united in a statement regarding the finances of the fair. The total expenses for May, they say, were less than $600,000, or about $19,400 per day, and the total receipts were $720,000, the exposition being open but twenty-seven days. The expenses are being reduced largely every day, while the average daily revenue from admissions and collections thus far this month exceeds $55,000 per day, and is constantly increasing.

Results of a Cloud Burst.

TOPEKA, Kans., June 16.—Two miles west of Council Bluffs, yesterday, a cloud burst over Elm creek, causing the stream to overflow its banks. Several hundred bridges were swept away, among them the Missouri Pacific bridge. The grade, for a distance of a mile leading to the bridge, was also washed away.

Bogus Nickels.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 16.—John Harp has been arrested in Modesto for counterfeiting and passing bogus nickels. Harp is an ex-convict, having served two terms in the penitentiary for burglary and robbery.

A SON SPEAKS ABOUT HIS MOTHER.—Mr. Thomas F. Mitchell, of New Hamburg, Ont., tells of his mother who suffered for five years with a sore leg. Owing to the serious nature of the sore, Mrs. Mitchell's system was terribly run down, and she was in such a condition that walking was almost impossible. She had tried almost everything that was suggested, and the physicians were unable to cure her. Mr. Mitchell tells us that his mother was advised to use Paine's Celery Compound; she did so, and the result obtained is truly miraculous. Mr. Mitchell, having a desire to benefit the thousands of sufferers in Canada, writes as follows:—

I think it my duty to inform you, and the public generally, what Paine's Celery Compound has done for my mothe. She suffered for five years with a sore leg, and her system was so far run down that the physician could not do anything for her. She could hardly walk around the room. She tried almost everything to procure a cure, but all without any good results, until she was advised to use your Paine's Celery Compound, which gave her instant relief. She is now using the third bottle, and is nearly well again, and is able to do her own work. Before using your Compound she was often so bad that she could not rest day or night without taking some powerful drug. I had no faith in the medicine before; but now I cannot speak too highly of your valuable Compound.

A CANADIAN FAVORITE.

The season of green fruits and summer drinks is the time when the worst forms of cholera morbus, diarrhœa and bowel complaints prevail. As a safeguard Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry should be kept in the house. For 35 years it has been the most reliable remedy.

M. QUAD'S SKETCHES.

The Story of a Somebody Else—Up the Ravine

[Copyright, 1893, by Charles B. Lewis.]

Suppose your name to be Richard Roe. Suppose you were required to legally identify yourself as Richard Roe, how would you go at it? You would of course bring forward people who had known you for years, the record of your birth, the statements of parents or relatives. It looks as if it would be a very easy thing for any man to satisfy the law that he is himself. But it isn't. If the law demanded full proofs of identification, not more than one man out of five could furnish them. Take any 10 of the most prominent men in the United States today, and it would be the work of weeks and weeks for them to furnish indisputable proofs that they had a legal right to the names they bear. There was a story in the papers a few months ago relating the difficulties of an heir to some property in Cincinnati. He was 28 years old, had been known to a score of people since his childhood, and yet it took him over two years to prove that he was the person he claimed to be.

One day nearly a quarter of a century ago I awoke from a troubled sleep to find myself in a hospital ward in Philadelphia. The nurse explained that I had been there two weeks. The police had found me on the street at midnight unconscious and evidently the victim of a robbery. I had been struck on the head with a sandbag. During the first two days I had been like one dead. During the next five or six I babbled as crazy people often do. I had at length come to myself. My head was as clear as a bell, and I realized the situation in all its details. It was 1 o'clock in the afternoon when the nurse came over to me and talked for about five minutes. It was 3 o'clock when the doctor and a detective came. During the interval I had slumbered again. The doctor expressed his satisfaction that I had pulled through all right and added that the police had two men in custody who were suspected of being my assailants. The detective had come to make some inquiries. The man took out notebook and pencil and began:

"Your name, please."

I opened my lips to pronounce it, but spoke no word. My name had gone from me. I must have one, of course, but what was it? The officer was waiting to write it down, but I could not give it to him.

"It'll come to you in a minute," he said after a queer look at the doctor. "Where do you live when at home?"

"At—at. Why, at"——

Where did I live? The name of the place was on my tongue when he asked, but it suddenly went out of my mind, nor could I recall it to save my life.

"I took you for a stranger," said the officer, "but perhaps you are a resident of the city. Can you tell? This is Philadelphia, you know."

"Philadelphia! Philadelphia!" I repeated. "I never heard of the place before. Is it a city or a village?"

"A large city."

"I may have lived here, but I can't say."

"Do you remember of having any trouble with anybody?"

"No."

"What is the last you can remember?"

I closed my eyes and groped for the past. I could go no farther back than 1 o'clock of that afternoon. When I told them this, the look that passed between the two men frightened me. They saw it in my face, and the doctor kindly said:

"There, boy, never mind. You are all right. In a day or two everything will be clear to you."

When they had gone away, a great fear fell upon me. Who was I? Where did I live? Where were my parents and relatives? The doctor had said "boy" in speaking to me. Was I a boy or an old man? I dared not repeat the questions to myself. I determined not to think of the matter, and after a little I put it away and was soon quite at ease. There was a general strangeness about the room, of course, but all objects were perfectly familiar to me. There were six other patients, and their conversation was intelligible. I don't remember that anything was talked during the next three days which worried me to understand. Then the detective came again. I could remember no more than before. Name, age, home—everything previous to the blow had gone from my memory. I was sitting up in bed, and he drew me to the window and said:

"Does the street look strange or familiar to you?"

"I—I can't say."

"Do the carriages, cars and pedestrians interest you? Do you find anything novel in the sight?"

"I like to look."

He had hunted through my clothing to find some clew, but nothing was secured. He said it appeared to him as if the garments had been made by a village tailor. My socks he was sure were home knit, while my shoes were custom made. He overhauled my body for scars or marks, but none was to be found. In fear and trembling I asked him my age, and his answer rolled a great burden off my mind.

"Well, the doctor and I are agreed that you are about 17 years old," he replied. "You are a strong, healthy boy, and after you get out of here I think everything will come back to you. Don't worry about it, however. I am sure I have got the two men who robbed you, but of course they will be set at liberty. As near as I can figure they took $14 from you. I will come again in a few days, and perhaps next time you can tell me all about it."

The newspapers got hold of the case and published full details, but no one came in search of a missing boy. When I was able to ride out, I was taken around the city, but nothing was either strange or familiar. One day the doctor pronounced 150 different names in hopes he might strike my family name, but if it was among them I did not remember it. He went through the list of given names, but all were strange to me.

Amongs the caller at the hospital to see me was a wealthy old man, who had become interested in the case from a scientific standpoint. When ready to leave the hospital, he offered me a temporary home, and I accepted. He had a fine home on the Germantown road, and I was received into the family. He gave me a name, and after I had been called by it five or six times it was as familiar as if I had always borne it. From the very first day he began making experiments and tests. When I saw a harp in the house, it was an object of curiosity. It was the same with a music box and many other things. It was argued from this that I had been brought up in some small village. In some things I was like a child; in others as far advanced as the average boy. For instance, they had to explain the workings of a lawn mower to me. I could not understand about the gas and fixtures. I had never seen a frescoed ceiling. Speaking tubes and electric bells were novelties. On the other hand, I proved that I had a good common school education. I could relate the history of the country as I must have learned it from a book, and I could name all the presidents up to the one then in power, but the minute they asked me a question relating to anything back of the day I woke up in the hospital I was utterly befogged.

My good friend published advertisements in 50 different newspapers, but the results were disappointing. He received hundreds of letters, and first and last at least 100 people came to see me. Some came from idle curiosity, while others were in search of lost boys and hoped to identify me. As a matter of fact, I was identified eight or ten times, but there was always a screw loose somewhere. They would refer to some particular mark or scar and then fail to find it. Among those who came was a woman who kept a highway tavern a few miles south of Lancaster. I felt sure I had seen her face before, but could not remember when or where. Her voice gave me a thrill, and for a minute it seemed as if memory was coming back. This woman said I had come along the highway from Harisburg and stopped at her inn over night. I was on foot and had my clothing in a satchel. She had suspected me of being a runaway and had asked many questions. I had told her that I was going to Philadelphia, but had not told her where I came from. She kept a register, but for some reason I had not put down my name. She thought I must have been walking for several days, as my feet were blistered, and she gave me some salve to use. She said I talked a great deal about ships, leading her to believe I intended to go to sea. I have always felt sure this woman properly identified me, but her story only proved the theory of the police—that I was a stranger in Philadelphia.

At the end of 18 months my guardian died. When I tell you I had been quite content with the situation, you will think it curious. I could get up no interest in the past. In one sense there was no past. When they told me the year was 1868, I took it as a starting point. When they said I had parents and friends and home somewhere, it was like talking of something that had happened thousands of miles away. By the advice of friends I set out to establish my identity. I can't say that I felt much interest in the matter. I had a name. Why search for another? I purchased a horse and took the highway for Lancaster. The road was totally strange to me. When I reached the inn kept by the woman, there was a dim feeling that I had seen the place before. Her looks and words called up a something, but I could not work it out. She was very anxious to aid me, and after a little talk she said:

"You had a room on the second floor. See if you cannot go up and identify it."

I walked up stairs, turned to the left, walked down the hall four doors and entered at the fifth. The room did not look familiar, but she declared it was the one I occupied that night. She then asked me to enter the dining room and see if I could remember my place at the table. I had occupied the same place at supper and breakfast. I went straight to the foot of the long table, and she said I was right. Taking the inn as a point of departure, so to speak, I went on to Lancaster and Harrisburg. I calculated that I must have walked from 25 to 30 miles that day. Just out of Harrisburg I found where a boy had put up one night about 20 months before. They remembered the incident for several reasons. Before going to bed he told about seeing a dead horse on the highway. The horse belonged to the landlord. A drunken man set the hotel barn on fire, and the boy was the first to see it. They had heard of the boy in Philadelphia and believed him to be the same, but had never written. I had grown older and stouter, and they could not identify me, but I have no doubt that I stopped there. I had probably come through Harrisburg, but from what direction? I rode north, east and west for a distance of 50 miles and return. Thirty miles up the river I stopped at a farmhouse over night. As soon as I told my story the farmer laughed and exclaimed to his wife:

"Why, Hanner, we remember that boy as plain as day! He stopped here for dinner, and our dog drove him up a cherry tree in the yard, and he hollered like a good feller. Yes, we thought he was a runaway, but we didn't ask no questions about it."

I had come from the north then, but I followed the road clear to Williamsport and failed to strike another clew. I might have come down the Susquehanna a long distance by boat or raft or have come into the river road from some of the lateral highways. I continued the seerch for a year. In that time I rode several thousand miles on horseback in northern Pennsylvania and New York. I had the help of at least 100 newspapers, and peddlers and agents travelling over the country distributed my circulars, but nothing came of it. Plenty of theories were advanced, but they were only theories. Some folks contended that my people lived on a farm up in the mountains of Pennsylvania and did not read the papers, but all farming implements were new and strange to me. Some said I ran away from home and others that I had my parents' consent to go. Some contended that my parents had been killed by accident or taken away by death and others that they were glad to get rid of me. Perhaps the chief of police of Philadelphia was nearer right than any of them when he said:

"I think there's property back of it somewhere. I think you were an orphan with a guardian, and perhaps he put you up to leave home for his benefit. If you had parents or brothers or sisters, they would have have been heard from ere this."

I gave up all hope years ago. I am myself, and yet I am some one else. I am two beings, with two names and two identities. In a legal sense I am nobody. I could not prove that the boy who started for Philadelphia from somewhere ever had an existence.

UP THE RAVINE.

About 1 o'clock in the morning the settler whose cabin was on the Little Colorado river under the shadow of the Mogollon mountains aroused me from sleep and gave me the news that the Apaches had crossed the stream both above and below and were advancing on the house. He and his son, the latter a boy of 16, had been out scouting. My left arm was in a sling from a recent wound, but I had ridden 30 miles the day before to warn him and others that the band of redskins were making for Mexico by that route, burning and killing whenever opportunity offered.

There were the settler and his wife, the boy above mentioned, a girl of 10, another of 8 and a boy of 5 or 6. In addition there was a little boy 4 years old whose parents had been killed by the indians about a month before. It was decided that we should get into the ravine in rear of the house at once. The man and wife and youngest child went first. His boy and the two girls followed, while I, having charge of the little orphan, brought up the rear. All the children were awakened from sleep and only given time to half dress, and there was fear that the two little boys would betray ug by crying out. Before starting I whispered to Tommy:

"The Indians are coming, but if you keep still we shall get away all right. You will ride on my back. We are going among the brush and trees where it is very dark. If I fall down or the limbs switch your face, you must not cry out."

"No, me no ky out!" he whispered as I bent down for him to climb on my back.

I heard the clatter of the ponies on the hard road as I left the back door, and I was only fairly concealed by the cedars when the Indians began yelling and battering at the door. The others had such a start that I could not overtake them. And, too, they turned into the first ravine on the right, while I kept straight on. A dozen times I almost fell headlong, and a dozen times the boy was almost brushed off my back. I felt that he was crying, but very quietly. Perhaps he feared I suspected him, for as I stopped to take breath he drew himself up and whispered in my ear:

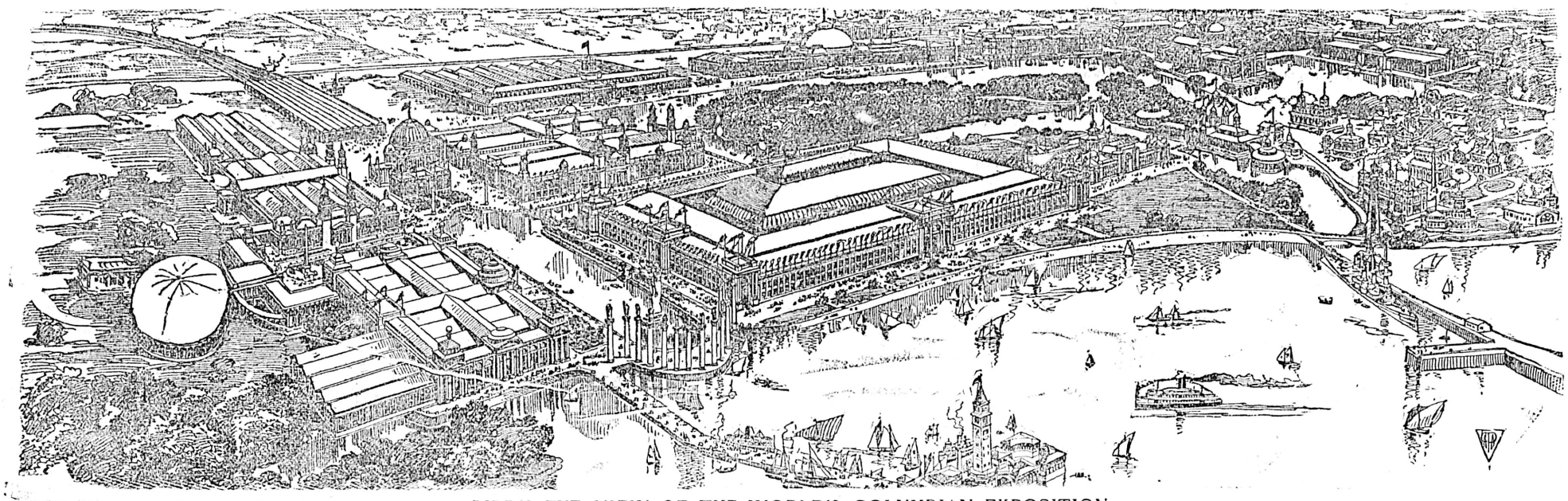
"Me no ky out and make Injuns come!"

The redskins did not fire the house, as it would have been a beacon light to their pursuers, but they smashed everything breakable, took what they wanted, and after about half an hour continued on their way. I reached a point a mile from the house and then sat down on a rock in the deep ravine to pass the rest of the night. I took Tommy on my lap and hugged him closely, but no words were exchanged. After while I thought he dropped off to sleep, and I was getting a bit drowsy myself when I suddenly heard a bear coming down the ravine. The click of his claws on the stones was proof that it was a bear, and his heavy step signified that he was a big one. I could not see my hand six inches away, but pretty soon I got the odor of the bear.

The ravine was about 30 feet wide, and I was sitting close to the west wall. Bruin came down sniffing and growling, and just opposite me he stopped and doubtless had a good square look at the invaders. I had lost my revolver in the flight and was perfectly helpless. I simply shut my eyes and waited for the attack. It did not come. The bear sniffed and growled for awhile and then took a sudden panic and started off down the ravine. I was drawing long breaths of relief and feeling glad that the boy in my arms had known nothing of the danger when he suddenly reached up, drew my head down and whispered in my ear:

"He went 'woof!' 'woof!' 'woof!' but I no ky out and bring Injuns!"

M. QUAD.



BIRD'S-EYE VIEW OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

THREE DOLLARS A WEEK FOR LIFE.

Here is a Snap for Brainy People—The Latest Thing Out.

In order to introduce The Canadian Agriculturist into New homes, the publishers have decided to present an unusually attractive reward list for their Great Eighth Half Yearly Literary Attraction for the summer of 1893. They have entered into a written agreement to pay through the Judges all the rewards offered below

HOW TO SECURE A REWARD—Those who become subscribers can compete free of charge. All that is necessary is to take a few sheets of paper and make all the words you can out of the letters in the three words, "World's Columbian Exposition," and send them to us, enclosing $1 for six months subscription to either The Canadian Agriculturist or The Ladies' Home Magazine, two of the choicest illustrated periodicals of the day.

The sender of the largest list will receive $3 per week for life; 2nd, $1,000 in gold; 3rd, $500; 4th, $250; 5th, $100; 6th, Ticket to World's Fair and ten days expenses; pianos, organs, ladies' and gents' gold and silver watches, silver tea services, diamond rings, and over 10,000 other rewards, making altogether the most valuable prize list ever offered by any publisher. Send for printed list of former prize-winners.

RULES.—1. Foreign or obsolete words not counted. 2. Letters cannot be used oftener then they appear in the words "World's Columbian Exposition"—that is, the word "riddle," for instance, could not be used, because there is but one "d" in the three words, etc. 3. Names of persons and places barred. 4. No charge for packing or shipping, but all prize winners will be expected to help us to extend our circulation. 5. All lists containing over 100 correct words will receive a special reward.

JUDGES.—The following well-known gentlemen have consented to act as judges and will see that the prizes are fairly awarded—Commodore Calcutt, (Proprietor Calcutt's Line of Steamers), Peterborough, and Mr. W. Robertson, President Times Printing Company, Peterborough.

AGENTS WANTED—We pay $1 to $5 per day salary (no commission) to men, women, boys and girls. Write for particulars. Register all money letters. Address, AGRICULTURIST PUB. CO., (Ltd), Peterborough, Canada.

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GEO. McL. BROWN,
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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

The Steamer JOAN will sail as follows, calling at Way Ports as Freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island, every alternate Thursday, 7 a.m. (returning same day.)
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or state rooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station, Store street. fe4

C. P. Navigation Co., Limited.

TIME TABLE NO. 20

Takes effect June 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 15.15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.
For Plumper's Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Mosesby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Sidney—Wednesday, at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
Victoria, May 28th, 1893.

BYRON N. WHITE COMPANY
(Foreign.)

Registered the 27th Day of May, 1893.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.

THIS is to certify that I have this day registered the "Byron N. White Company" (Foreign), under the Companies Act, Part IV., "Registration of Foreign Companies" and the "Companies Act Amendment Act 18 9."

The objects for which the Company is established, are:—

The acquiring and holding lands by gift purchase or as mortgagee, lessee, or otherwise, and the selling, leasing mortgaging, exchanging and otherwise dealing in or alienating the same; the exploring for locating, procuring, holding, buying, leasing, exchanging, selling and operating mines, mineral land and mineral or mining claims; the mining, quarrying and producing ores and minerals of all kinds, including gold, silver, lead, copper, iron and all other metals and minerals; the transporting, marketing, buying, selling and trading in such ores and minerals; the milling, smelting, refining, reducing and working such ores, metals and minerals and all or any of them and the products thereof; the buying, selling, procuring, holding, exchanging and dealing in standing and other timber, and the cutting, transporting, marketing, sawing and manufacture thereof; the owning, construction, erection, operation and improvement of water powers; the improvement of rivers and streams, and the driving, assorting and delivery of logs and timber; the erection, construction and operation of sawmills, electric light and power plants; and to conduct said businesses or any or either of them in the state of Wisconsin, and in any of the States and Territories of the United States, Mexico and British Columbia, and to do all acts and things which shall be necessary or convenient in the conduct of said businesses or any or either of them, including the buying, owning, selling, leasing, exchanging and dealing in any and all kinds of property, real or personal, and both.

The amount of the Capital Stock of the said Company is Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, divided into one million shares of Fifty Cents each

The place of business of the said Company is located at Nelson, Province of British Columbia.

In testimony whereof I have hereto set my hand and affixed my seal of office this 27th day of May, 1893, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

C. J. LEGGATT,
je7 Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

LADIES who have to earn their living can make it easier by selling our HYGEIA ELECTRO MAGNETIC CORSETS THAN anything else. For terms apply to WESTERN CORSET CO., ST. LOUIS, MO
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M. QUAD'S HUMOR.

Mr. Bowser Has Something to Say Regarding the Education of the Young.

The "Judge" Explains Why He Stopped the Paper, But it Was not the "Kicker."

[Copyright, 1893, by Charles B. Lewis.]

"By George, but that man hits the nail square on the head!" exclaimed Mr. Bowser as he looked up from his paper and cast a tender eye towards the baby asleep in his carriage.

"What is it?" asked Mrs. Bowser.

"Why, he cites case upon case to prove that where the bringing up of a child is left almost entirely to the mother it is sure to turn out badly. Fifteen of the most cold-blooded murderers of the past year had no father's care when infants."

"The fathers were probably off to the lodge or club or too selfish to want to bother with them," replied Mrs. Bowser.

"WHY IN BLAZES DON'T YOU TAKE THIS CONFOUNDED YOUNG UN?"

"Eh, eh! But that has nothing to do with the matter. It's woman's natural weakness of character he refers to. He also shows that her want of sense sacrifices 50,000 lives every year. What a father knows by instinct a mother must learn by experiment. For instance, 99 out of every 100 fathers in this world would turn that sleeping child with his head to the north."

"Why?"

"Because an electrical wave is constantly sweeping from south to north between the poles. It should pass from the feet upward. When it sweeps across the body headache, lassitude and other complaints are the result."

"But he is fat and healthy," she protested.

"He appears to be, but it is only appearance. It is singular that nature should have created such an anomaly as a woman, though, I suppose, it was done to make man shine the brighter by comparison. I sometimes pity her for her lack of instinct and intuition."

"Your instinct probably tells you at what age a baby cuts its first tooth?" queried Mrs. Bowser with considerable tart to her voice.

"Certainly. The two back teeth on the lower jaws generally appear at 3 months."

"No baby cuts a tooth at 3 months. Four months is the very least, and then it's a front tooth. They never get back teeth under a year."

"Mrs. Bowser, I have said two back teeth at 3 months, and that settles it!" said Mr. Bowser as he got up to walk about. "Women talk at random. Men know what they are saying. Our child probably got all his back teeth before you knew he had even one."

"He is over a year old and hasn't got one yet! The doctor said yesterday there were no signs of one."

THE JUDGE EXPECTED US.

"What the doctor said and what I know are two different things, Mrs. Bowser. If the child hasn't got all his back teeth, then it proves physical neglect. He has them, however, and it is useless to discuss the matter. Do you know how many teeth the human mouth is provided with?"

"Certainly. Do you?"

"I should be a queer husband and father not to."

"How many?"

As he could'd tell within six or eight he gave her a look of mingled pity and disdain and continued to walk up and down. When he thought her sufficiently crushed he said:

"If that child should begin to wake up now, what would your instinct tell you to do?"

"Rock him, of course."

"And if he continued?"

"Turn him over."

"And if he opened his eyes and looked around?"

"I'd draw him back and forth and sing to him."

"Just as I supposed. That would be force of habit—the same thing that brings a cow up to the barnyard every evening. Intuition would tell me to look for the darning needle working its way into his body, and his life would be saved. Mrs. Bowser, do you know whether that child is tongue tied or not?"

"Of course he isn't?"

"That's simply inference. You are not certain of it. Intuition will oblige me to look at his tongue to-morrow. What about his sight?"

"Why, his sight is all right."

"It may be, and it may not. You do not personally know whether you look to be 4 or 9 feet high to him. He may see double or be color blind. Intuition has not led you to satisfy yourself on this point. Have you experimented to see if his hearing is good?"

"I know he hears all right," she answered as a frightened look came to her face.

"That's inference again—nothing but inference. Because he starts when you knock over a chair you suppose his hearing is all right. Poor child! I have neglected him, but I will turn over a new leaf to-morrow."

"You'd better turn it over now, Mr. Bowser, as your loud talk has woke him up. Perhaps intuition will tell him to go to sleep again!"

"Certainly, and I'll prove it. Intuition teaches me to lift him up so—and to carry him so—and to carry him thus, and intuition teaches him to"——

The child set up a howl which made the windows rattle. Mr. Bowser changed arms with him, but the howl increased. He dropped into a rocking chair, jumped up and ran about and sat down on the lounge, but the youngster bulged out his eyes, grew red in the face and was gasping for breath when he was turned over to Mrs. Bowser with the indignant exclamation:

"Why in blazes don't you take this confounded young un off my hands? Do you want the folks to think we are murdering him by inches?"

"I thought you said that intuition would"——

"Never said anything of the kind! Hear him howl! What he needs is a dose of bootjack well laid on, and if he doesn't shut up I'll give it to him! Get him up stairs or down cellar or out of the United States!"

Mrs. Bowser had the child asleep again in 10 minutes. When she sat down, she asked:

"Mr. Bowser, when a child cries out like that, what does intu"——

"Don't you see that I'm reading?" interrupted Mr. Bowser as he looked at her over the top of his spectacles.

"Yes, but"——

"Then don't interrupt me. It's not good manners. That's one reason why so many husbands run out nights—because they can't sit down to read 10 minutes in their own homes!"

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

ALL A MISTAKE.—Tuesday morning when we received a copy of THE KICKER addressed to Judge Hopewell of Cedar Creek last week, but returned with a big "Refused" written on the margin, we felt sure there was some mistake about it. It was only three days before that we drank with the judge, and he then declared THE KICKER to be the best family weekly on the face of the globe. In the afternoon we buckled on our guns, mounted our mule and started for Cedar Creek. The judge was expecting us. He was barricaded in a log pen, and he opened fire while we were yet half a mile away. We had sized the judge up for a man who could be rattled, and we charged with a yell and a fusilade and scared him half to death. When he had surrendered and could use his chin to answer questions, he explained the mistake. Out of pure charity he has been a subscriber to ous esteemed contemporary, but having become teetotally disgusted with that sheet he gave the postmaster orders to refuse it. The postmaster at Cedar Creek is cross-eyed and lop shouldered and always in a hurry, and he naturally mixed things up in this case. We rode over to interview him, but he had fled to the scrub. The judge further explained that he fired upon us supposing us to be a bad man who had been making things redhot around that locality for a couple of days, and we accepted his apologies. When a subscriber anywhere within 50 miles of this town wants to stop his subscription to THE KICKER, he needn't hesitate one minute, but in each and every instance we shall feel it our duty to seek a personal interview and a full explanation

BUSTING A MONOPOLY.—Six weeks ago our esteemed fellow townsman, George Haynes, who is the only undertaker in this town and consequently has a monopoly, jumped the price of coffins 60 per cent. His excuse was the scarcity of funerals and the advance of the price of lumber in Chicago. We were having at least six funerals a week, and the quotations did not show the advance claimed. It was meaner than a back salary grab. Mr. Haynes felt that he had the call, and he proposed to rake in the pot. Last week we quietly began building a seventh wing to THE KICKER office and at the same time telegraphed east for stock. On Monday morning we shall open for business with a stock of 150 coffins, each and every one of which will be sold at St. Louis prices. Within a month Mr. Haynes will be a very tired man and perfectly willing to buy us out and go back to old prices. We believe in a fair profit, but no monopoly. We believe in partnerships, but not in trusts and syndicates. Until the monopoly is busted coffins will be sold all the way from $11 up to $90, but only one to a family or person. If our prediction about Mr. Haynes getting tired is not verified, we will open a marble shop and furnish gravestones at 50 per cent less than the present prices. THE KICKER is of the people and for the people and will jump on the neck of any body or anything calculated to keep immigration out of Arizona.

NO RUPTURE.—The report current Sunday that we had shot Colonel Blythe, the genial manager of the stage line, was totally without foundation and was probably set afloat by the postmaster, who will soon be called upon to step down and out in our favor. Our annual pass over the line had expired, and meeting the colonel late Saturday night we asked for a renewal. He at first refused. We reached for our handkerchief, and he pulled his gun, but before he was ready to shoot we had him covered with a pair. He took water gracefully and renewed the pass, and we parted the best of friends. The colonel labored under the impression that the interstate railway commission had a rule debarring him from granting editorial passes, but that impression has been removed. We shall take all pains to remove it in other cases. We did not originate the custom of an editor doing about $500 worth of advertising for a pass saving him about $20 per year, and we are not going to make any attempt to abolish it.

THE POWERFUL U. S.

The postoffice was not yet open when I called, and I fell into conversation with a colored man who had swept out the corridor and was then engaged in sweeping off the sidewalk. While we were talking a very short and very black negro wearing plantation clothes came along and said:

"I'ze lookin fur de possoffis place to git a letter. Am dis de place?"

"Boy, whar yo' cum from?" demanded the janitor as he leaned on his broom and looked the other over.

"I works fur Mars Renfew, ober by de shoals."

"Am dat letter fur yo'?"

"Yes."

"Who yo' spect a letter from?"

"My sister Linda."

"Yo'r sister Linda, eh? Did yo' eber dun see me befo'?"

"Reckon not."

"I reckon not, too, or yo' wouldn't be standin dar wid yo'r hat on."

"What I take my hat off fur?"

"What yo' take yo'r hat off fur? What fur? Boy, has yo' any ideah who I am? Does yo' know de occupashun I dun occupy around yere?"

"No."

"I thought not! Dis am de U. S. possoffis in yere, I am de U. S. janitor of de U. S. possoffis! I carry dat front doah key in my pocket!"

The man from the shoals promptly removed his old hat and assumed a very humble attitude.

"Now, sah," continued the janitor, "de U. S. janitor has opened de U. S. possoffis, but de U. S. possmaster hain't arrove yit. When he gits yere, I will speak to him an ask it as a personal favor dat he look fur a letter fur yo' from yo'r sister Linda. I'll say to him dat yo' pears to be a 'spectful sort o' nigger, an dar's no doubt he will hand out a letter. Yo' kin now put on yo'r hat an sot down on dat box till de U. S. am ready to 'tend to yo'r case."

BEATING THE ROAD AGENTS.

There were four of us to go by the stage, and we informed the driver before starting that we should not resist in case of a holdup. He said he thought it the best plan and that he would give us due notice, and away he went. We had been on the road less than an hour when the vehicle came to a sudden stop and the driver called out to us:

"Pile out, gents, and hold up your hands!"

"YO' KIN NOW PUT ON YO'R HAT AN SOT DOWN."

We tumbled out, "right dressed" and elevated our hands, and a road agent stepped out of the bushes a hundred feet away and advanced upon us. There was a puzzled look on his face as he came up and surveyed us. No one looked at him, but all eyes stared into vacancy.

"What in blazes does this mean anyhow?" he finally yelled as he looked at the driver.

"All gentlemen—all used to being held up. All want to make it as easy as possible for you," replied the driver.

"They do, eh? Durn dead broke crowd, of course. Pile in thar and git along with you! I hain't no time to waste on a lot o' beggars!"

We re-entered the stage without a word, and the horses started off at a gallop. We had gone eight miles when there was a stop, and the driver said:

"Pile out, gents. Montana Jack is waitin for you!"

We sprang out and formed in line as before, and a man sitting on a log 50 feet away advanced with a gun in either hand. He was also puzzled and surprised. Eight hands were up and eight eyes looked into the bushes opposite.

"What you got here, Reube?" he asked after a long look at us.

"Four real gents, who knows how hard it is fur you to make a livin and is willin to be robbed," answered the driver.

"Got any treasure box up thar?"

"Not this trip."

"Any express in the boot?"

"Not a pound."

"Then you four blamed skunks who is so mighty willin to be robbed to help me along git into the coach and dust out o' this!"

We got in and pursued our journey, and nothing further occurred until within a mile of where we were to get dinner. Then we got word for the third time and were in line when two men came up. They looked from us to the driver and then at each other, and there was a sort of painful silence in that neighborhood.

"Jim, did you ever see the likes of it?" asked one of the robbers in tones of disgust.

"I never did! The durned kyotes jest ache to be robbed!"

"'Cause they hain't got a blamed nickel to be robbed of!"

"Four genuine gents, who feels for you and don't want to make any trouble," said the driver.

"Humph! Four dead broke gamblers who orter be shot fur takin up our valuable time! Pile in thar! Git into the wagon and dust along! You, thar, driver! If you ever bring another such a lot of passengers along here, we'll tie you to the seat and build a fire under the whole outfit!"

We had passed the danger limit. One of the men got out pencil and paper and set down the sums, and we found that the four of us had brought through $1,780.

M. QUAD.

MEETING AN ORATOR.

Bill Nye Tries to Console an Unknown Fellow Traveller on the Train.

The True History of the Man Who Wanted to Talk on the Red Indian.

[Copyright, 1893, by Edgar W. Nye.]

Riding gayly on the vestibule train and dressed in a neat and even expensive way, as I now do, I saw in the section ahead a wild looking man who might have been 19 or 91, I could not tell. He looked at his watch, a young lady's hunting case watch, with a chain made of human hair that needed a shampoo.

He looked at the watch, and then he looked at a railroad folder, then he looked at the MS. of an address or lecture which he took now and again from his handbag. Wetting his lips with some restorative which scented up the car, he would practice in a low, retreating breath, fitting the gestures to it so that people near him vacated their seats, while ever and anon he would hiss something through his clinched teeth and bite a large hole in the somewhat fixed air of the car. Then he would open his satchel and take out a manuscript, which he read over earnestly, and then he seemed to be repeating it in his mind. Then he would add gestures to it and bite large holes in the atmosphere and look wild.

Finally I went over and spoke to him. I asked him what seemed to be the trouble. He said that he was billed to lecture at Archy that evening, and that already he was two hours behind. If we dio not make it up, he would lose $10, he said, and he looked at his watch again and then at the schedule. Then he ran over a portion of his lecture and examined the joints in some of his gestures to see if they were working smoothly.

For some time I remained with him, talking with him and consoling him as best I might, finally telling him that I, too, was a lecturer, though I was keeping it as quiet as I could on account of my family, and so I went on trying to brace him up and give him courage even while I could hardly smile myself. His agent seemed to be along with him, and to him I finally addressed myself in the smoker a little later on.

"Can you not get a special or do something to relieve the anxiety of your attraction?" I inquired. "He seems to be suffering so much over it."

"My attraction," said the agent, biting on the ragged edge of his cigar wrapper and looking out at the frosty miles of northern country, "has been this way for eight years. I am taking him to the asylum. Eight years ago he was a young man. He made a hit when he graduated and delivered a thrilling speech regarding the American Indian. Never having seen the American Indian, he loved him. He said, among other things, that the American Indian approximated more nearly to what man should be—manly, grand, physically perfect, morally great and true to the instincts of his conscience—than any other race of beings, civilized or uncivilized. 'Where,' he asked, 'do we hear such noble sentiments or meet with such examples of heroism and self sacrifice as the history of the American Indian furnishes? Where shall we go again to hear such oratory as that of Black Hawk and Logan? Certainly the records of our so called civilization do not furnish it, and the present century is devoid of it. They were the true children of the Great Spirit. They lived nearer to the great throbbing heart of the Creator than do their pale-faced conquerors of today who mourn over the lost and undone condition of the savage. Courageous, brave and the soul of honor, their cruel and awful destruction from off the face of the earth is a sin of such magnitude that the people of America may well shrink from the just punishment which is sure to follow the assassination of so brave a race.' He had quite a lot of things like that in his speech, and his father, who had a chattel mortgage on the press of The Home and Vindicator of our place, got it printed to the exclusion of the tax list and other spicy reading.

"Friends then petitioned him to let the boy lecture. He swelled up with pardonable pride and encouraged the young man, and so he started out. He was all wrapped up in the Indian, and so he prepared a lecture on 'The Red Man, Past and Present.' He put all the poetry into it that a boy who had never seen an Indian would. He practiced on his piece all the time, and finally he got an engagement. It was in a nearby town where they were trying to buy a library. They only needed $800 more, and so they had decided to have a course of lectures during the winter. The committee intended to have one lecture on 'The Arctic Region and How to Avoid Going There' by an old arctic explorer who had taken 50 picked men up to where he could hear the north end of the earth's axis squeak, had eaten the leather ends off his suspenders, taken the latitude and longitude, picked some of his tenderest men again and returned. It was also the scheme to have a lecture on 'Political Economy and How to Put Money in the National Pocket' by a man who lived on his sister-in-law and who was clothed by his sister-in-law. The committee had also decided to employ an able theologian to lecture on 'Inside Facts Regarding Divine Retribution' by a man who had given his whole life to a study of kindred subjects. Then a well known humorist was to follow with a lecture on 'Scaffold Orators and Orations, Past and Present.'

"Last of all Napoleon Pangborn, my young friend, was to lecture on 'The Redskin and His Wrongs.' The price of the whole course ticket was only $3, and the public was on the q— veeve, as you might say, to hear the closing lecture.

"Napoleon had not been idle. He had not eaten anything but oatmeal for days, and his lips were bloodless and parched. When his family spoke to him, he replied briefly and then muttered portions of his lecture to himself.

"At last the day and the hour came. He inserted his arm in his breast, as he had seen pictures of Demosthenes doing, and began in a low voice. A coarse man with a course ticket yelled 'Louder!' and Napoleon began over again. He went on pensively to speak of the Indians in their purity and simplicity as they were found by Columbus, the wealthier ones perhaps clothed in the pelt of a chipmunk, while the poorer ones were thinly clad in atmospheric phenomena, and so on. Then another man, a wagon maker from Lower Jasper, who was holding a little child that was eating a cooky with pink sugar on it, said in a gruff voice: 'Can't ye speak so's we can hear ye? Never mind the gestures. Speak up! Louder!'

"Napoleon fetched a little kind of sob and took a glass of water. Then he tried again, beginning back where he started out, but raising his voice higher and higher till it was split and ruptured at the end of every sentence. When he got through, the committee told him they thought that 'was a pretty easy way to earn $8,' but gave it to him, including a lead dollar.

"Afterward the Fly-Capper-Sigh, of which he was a member, gave him a banquet. (They had previously invited him, and so could not well back out.) He went, though there was a wild, hunted

TRYING TO CONSOLE HIM.

look in his eye as he started. The banquet was not quite ready, for, as the steward of the restaurant said, 'the Cove oysters had not came yet,' so Napoleon sat in the anteroom, and people went by and examined him as if they were taking a farewell look at him before the lid was screwed down.

"He was very cold and quite hungry, not having eaten anything since he had agreed to deliver the lecture, but they put him at the cold end of the room by the side of a frapped president, who made notes on the back of his menu and frightened out of Napoleon what little intelligence he had left.

"The restaurant was a very poor one indeed, and the china had large, dark chips knocked out of it by people who had tried to drive in picture nails with it. The courses were widely segregated, and the dishes came on each time warm and hurried and panting, as who should say: 'We may be a little slow about it, but we do not miss a single course. We also aim to please.'

"Well, to make a long story short, the agony could not be drawn out any longer, and finally the president rapped on the table with the iron handle of his already exhausted knife and said, 'We have with us this evening'—just as though they had been in the habit of entertaining all the crowned heads that came to town. Then he spoke briefly and tersely of Napoleon and introduced him as the silver tongued representative of the Fly-Capper-Sigh of Jasper.

SITTING DOWN BY THE ROADSIDE.

"Napoleon arose, wiped his cold lips with a napkin, and taking the tablecloth with one hand by the corner he jerked it about due east as the crow flies, gave the shriek of a demon, and tying the table linen around the throat of the president choked him to death. Then picking up a whole custard pie he struck a little fellow on the opposite side of the table so as to fill the ear to overflowing, caught hold of a carving knife and fled through the village, cutting holes in constables and biting elderly people on their way home. He has cleared out two asylums already, and now he is on his way to Waupaca. He still thinks, poor boy, that he is to lecture at Jasper to-night and that if he should disappoint them he will be out $10."

The lecturer has two or three great obstacles to overcome which the actor has not—viz, he has no scenery, he has to occupy the entire evening alone, and there is no division into three or four acts with a chance for the audience to rest and run down the show. And yet the lecturer often starts out fearlessly without training, or with training that is far worse than none, and on the reputation he has made in some totally different art he fearlessly rushes in where angels would naturally hang back and advertises to lecture. At the expense of the public he thus, if persistent and brave, at last learns to be natural—if he didn't foolishly get his originality and individuality trained out of him by a journeyman elocutionist on the start—and is then considered a professional. He can think of other more interesting topics than his speech and sit himself down by the roadside of life at times to calmly remove the thorns and brambles from his tired feet—thorns and brambles accumulated all along the harsh and fiercely thorny road over which he has traveled toward even a moderate success.

I am often asked, "Are the audiences as different as the people, and where do you find the most enthusiastic and appreciative audiences?" I must say that no general rule can be given so far as points of the compass are concerned. The west is hardly more enthusiastic than the east, though a young audience, a college audience or an audience of teachers or newspaper men is the audience for enthusiasm.

Portland, Me., is said to be the quietest and Chicago the most enthusiastic. This is true in some respects, but if you can get time to watch the faces of the New England audience without forgetting your peace you will discover the same degree of appreciation and enthusiasm, though manifested perhaps in a different way, in the one case as in the other.

Lecturers are better treated on the whole now than 20 years ago, and the eggs used by those who criticise the performance are of a higher order of excellence, it seems to me.

No one can be quicker to recognize and appreciate such a reform than I can. No one hails with greater glee or more optimistic salvos of applause this stride in the direction of improvement.

I had intended to give a few little personal experiences in the way of anecdotes of a comic character, but space forbids; besides I doubt the good taste of writing flippantly of such a serious matter as lecturing, especially humorous lecturing. I had also thought of devoting a page to lecture managers with whom I have met, but the subject is too prolific, and besides I am afraid that some lecture manager might reply with an essay on "Lecturers With Whom He Has Met." Some other time I will write of these things, so that it will be an easy matter for the reader to learn how to lecture successfully by a few evenings' study at home.

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10.15 am	28	..... Seattle.....	82	3.00 am
1.30 pm	72	. Port Townsend .	38	11.45 pm
4.30 pm	110	Ar ...Victoria.... Lv	M1	8.30 pm

PORT TOWNSEND MAIL ROUTE.

	M				
11.00 pm	28	Lv.....Seattle.....Ar		58	
12.30 am	35	.. Port Madison ...		47	2.10 pm
	45	.....Kingston.....		41	
3.00 am	49	...Port Gamble...		21	11.00 am
4.00 am	73	...Port Ludlow...		13	10.00 am
6.00 am	85	Ar..Pt. Townsend .Lv		M1	8.00 am

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TIME TABLE No. 18,

To take effect at 8.00 a. m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893. Trains run on Pacific. Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND (Read Down.) No. 2 Passenger Daily	No. 4 Pass Fri. Sat. Sun.		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND (Read Up) No. 1 Passenger Daily	No. 3 Pass Fri. Sat. Sun.
A.M.	P.M.			P.M.	P.M.
Dc. 8.00	Dc. 3.04	1	Victoria	Ar. 12.24	Ar. 8.00
" 8.04	" 3.08	4	Russells	" 12.20	" 7.56
" 8.16	" 3.16	11	Begbie	" 12.10	" 7.48
" 8.20	" 3.20	14	Goldstream	" 12.05	" 7.44
" 9.11	" 4.05	30	Summit Siding	" 11.10	" 6.58
" 9.34	" 4.27	38	Shawnigan Lake	" 10.50	" 6.37
" 9.44	" 4.37	51	Cobble Hill	" 10.40	" 6.27
" 9.57	" 4.49	63	McPherson's	" 10.27	" 6.15
" 10.07	" 4.59	68	Koksilah	" 10.17	" 6.05
" 10.12	" 5.04	70	Duncan's	" 10.12	" 6.00
" 10.22	" 5.12	83	Somenos	" 10.02	" 5.52
" 10.48	" 5.32	92	Chemainus	" 9.36	" 5.32
Ar. 11.50	" 6.40	130	Oyster Bay siding	" 8.45	" 5.15
Dc. 11.50	" 6.22	73	Nanaimo	Dc. 8.45	" 4.42
Ar. 12.14	Ar. 6.31	78	Wellington	Dc. 8.10	Dc. 4.30
P.M.	P.M.			A.M.	P.M.

Mls. from Vic	Mls. from Wel
	78
	77
	74
	71
	58
	47
	43
	40
	38
	35
	26
	19
	5

On Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

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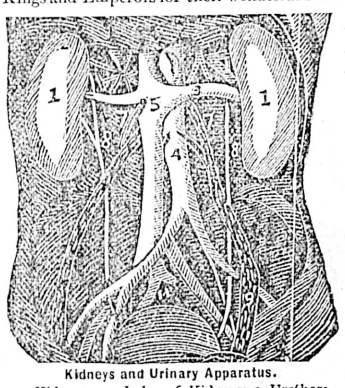

Kidneys and Urinary Apparatus.

1, Kidneys; 2, Lobe of Kidneys; 3, Urether; 4, Ducts; 5, Ducts; 7, Lymphatic Glands; 8, Accessory Ducts; 9, Accessory Ducts; 11, Entrance to Bladder; 21, Bladder.

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THE CITY.

THE Victoria West Methodist Sunday school will picnic at Corfield park on July 1.

W. A. RUCKER, of Merced, is expected to arrive from California to-night to give his evidence in the Reams abduction case.

IT has been decided by the Sunday schools of the Metropolitan, Centennial and James Bay Methodist churches to hold a union picnic at Porters Field, Langford Plains, on Dominion Day. A complete programme of sports and games is now in preparation.

A MEETING of the shareholders of the Nakusp & Slocan Railway Company was held yesterday afernoon, the only business done being the election of the following directors: Messrs. A. W. Jones, Johann Wulffsohn, C. G. Major and A. J. Bridgman, secretary.

WITH the summer season comes a dearth of theatrical attractions. Among the fall bookings at The Victoria are: "Lost in London," August 9; "Skipped by the Light of the Moon," November 3; Rhea, November 24 and 25, and Frank Daniels, December 18-19.

CONDUCTOR PUGSLEY, while coupling tramcar No. 16 to No. 7 yesterday afternoon, was caught beneath the platforms, and sustained a fracture of the collar bone. He was conveyed to Dr. Corson's surgery, on Fort street, where the bone was set, and the sufferer sent to his home.

F. S. ROPER, inspector of contagious diseases among animals, has ordered the destruction and burial of several hogs belonging to Yee Yune, who has a ranch on the Carey road. The animals were suffering from cholera, and a number of their companions have been placed in quarantine.

CHICKEN THIEVES are doing a good business (for themselves) on the outskirts of the city. A visit was paid George Nicholson's ranch, on the Saanich road, a week ago Thursday, and Leghorns and Black Spanish appropriated; the call was repeated a week later, and the remaining fowls gathered in.

CHARLES MURRISET, for eight years connected with the Driard house, and very popular with the resident as well as the travelling public, yesterday purchased the furniture and fittings and assumed the management of the Colonist hotel at Beacon Hill park. He proposes to run the house on first-class lines in future.

A BIG lunch stand, from behind which smoke and steam issued in large clouds—dozens of little boys and girls, and as many young men and women, all dressed in summer clothing—together with a variety of athletic sports, was the scene presented at Oak Bay yesterday. The occasion was the annual picnic of the St. Andrew's Presbyterian Sunday school, and it was celebrated in a manner which was delightful to both boys and girls. Races, in which presents were awarded, were largely indulged in during the day, and, apart from the games, the gathering enjoyed a thoroughly good time.

A LETTER just received from Mr. Warburton Pike, left that gentleman at Liard river on April 16. His plan was to break camp the following day, leaving for Frances lake, where he had "cached" a canoe and supplies, and proceeding thence over the ice to the Pelley river. His intention is to ascend the Pelley and explore its headwaters, afterwards making for the sea either by way of St. Michaels or by turning up the Lewis at the Chilcat Pass not far from Juneau. Mr. Reid, who started out with Mr. Pike on his present expedition, has branched off and may possibly precede him home; when last heard from he was up McDame's creek in Cassiar on a grizzly hunt.

ANOTHER meeting of the Victoria Public School Board will be held on Monday afternoon to inspect the sites offered for the South Ward school. Members of the board have been going carefully into the question of making a purchase, and have taken up a good deal of time in examining the prices, etc., and making comparisons. It is found that every piece of property offered is away in advance of the assessed value, and in some cases considerably higher than the adjoining property. When it is remembered that this will be a hard cash transaction this does not look very much like a decline in the value of real estate. Some of the members of the School Board are very outspoken in their opinions of the matter. They say that if people who have property for sale think that because the School Board is a public body it will pay one dollar more for the property than it is worth, there will be some one surprised. Properties are to be had, just as convenient and suitable as those offered, at considerably less money, and unless there are some reductions the selection may be made on the outside.

WHEN Dwight L. Moody, the great evangelist, visited England some years ago, he was greatly impressed with the remarkable way in which every class of the community was being reached by a special agency on behalf of its spiritual necessities. One of the most interesting of these is the children's special service mission, established in 1868 as the result of a visit to England of Rev. Payson Hammond. One of the best known honorary workers of this mission in England at the present time is Mr. Edwin Arrowsmith, who is now on a tour through Canada and the United States, and who will visit Victoria on the 26th of June at the invitation of the Y. M. C. A. The president of the mission in England is Rev. Edward A. Stewart, M.A., vicar of St. James', London. In the list of vice-presidents are to be found the names of men prominently identified with evangelistic work in all parts of the old country, thus showing the interest taken in the services. Mr. Arrowsmith is looked upon as one of the brightest and most engaging of speakers. His addresses are full of practical suggestions, and are of such a nature that many who have been prejudiced against special children's services have had their opinions reversed and are now the most ardent supporters of the movement. While in Toronto, a couple of years ago, Mr. Arrowsmith was the guest of Hon. S. H. Blake, one of the leading lay church workers there, and no doubt when he comes here he will be accorded a most cordial reception.

LUCKY numbers in Morris' popular Saturday night's drawing: 473, 571 and 383.

THIS is the 78th anniversary of the battle of Waterloo, which was fought on Sunday, June 18, 1815, the combined forces of Blucher and Wellington having then gloriously routed the army of Napoleon.

THE engine, boiler, propeller and shafting of the steam sealer Worlock, which recently had so satisfactory a trial trip, were from the Killey-Beckett Engine Company of Hamilton, Ont. A fac simile of the engine is now on exhibition in the Canadian department of the World's Fair.

AT HESQUIOT an unfortunate accident was reported to the steamer Mystery, which returned to Victoria last evening. A klootchman was out in a canoe with two Indian children when a storm came up and the three were drowned. The Mystery passed the Maud at 6 o'clock yesterday morning.

THE following is the order of the school examinations during the present week. The attendance of parents and friends is requested by the trustees and teachers: Tuesday, June 20, Victoria West school and Hillside Ward school (forenoon); Wednesday, Girls' school and James Bay Ward school (forenoon); Thursday, Boys' school and Spring Ridge Ward school (forenoon); Friday, High school and Rock Bay Ward school (forenoon).

JOHNSTON & Co. have just received at their bookstore, Government street, the first of a series of magnificent publications known as the Illustrated Histories of the Scottish Regiments. This first number contains a complete description and history by Lieut.-Colonel Percy Groves, of the famous Blackwatch, the "Royal Highlanders 42nd foot." The color illustrations are by Harry Payne. These books are sure to find a ready sale.

VISITORS to Beacon Hill park yesterday afternoon had not only the pleasure of enjoying a promenade or witnessing the sports, but of listening to a fine programme of music kindly supplied by C Battery band. The music commenced at 3:30 o'clock and lasted until five. Every time these musicians appear in public the more popular they become, and their music at the park will no doubt be the chief attraction to many strangers in the city.

TUESDAY next, rain or shine (the latter it is hoped) the garden party at St. John's Church rectory, to extend a formal welcome to Bishop Perrin and make him acquainted with members of the congregation, will be held. Those who have in hand the work of preparation promise to have one of the most attractive entertainments of the kind possible, and there will in all probability be a large number present. A general invitation is extended to all members of St. John's church to participate.

THE Y.M.C.A. concert for the benefit of their very popular physical director, Instructor St. Clair, comes off in Association hall on Wednesday evening. One of the most pleasing features of the entertainment will be club swinging by the class leaders of the ladies' gymnasium class, besides which a capital programme of vocal and instrumental music will be rendered. Mr. Thompson, of C Battery, will give a cornet solo, and Mr. Burnett, organist of St. Andrew's church, will act as accompanist.

WHEN the Empress of Japan sails for Yokohama she will take over a number of fine thoroughbred cattle from this Province. Five of these were among the prize winners at the last exhibition of the B. C. Agricultural association here, and were purchased for shipment to Japan by Mr. Wm. Prout, of this city, the price being $550. The freight and charges across to Japan amount to about $90 per head, so that the cattle are expensive when they reach the other side. Those who are in the business, however, say that thoroughbred milch cows find ready sale in the land of the Mikado at prices which show a substantial profit, $300 to $400. The trade was inaugurated when the old steamers started running, and has been kept up ever since, there being about the same number of cattle taken over each trip during the season.

ARRANGEMENTS have finally been completed between Manager Jamieson and the management of Richard E. French's stock company whereby that organization will play a summer season of one night each week, in Victoria. High class dramatic entertainment, at reasonable prices, is something of which Victoria play-lovers have long felt the need, and which will now be admirably supplied. Mr. French will bring his entire company, together with his orchestra, and a new play each week, full [illegible] scenery for every production. With [illegible] admission, as is the custom of [illegible] The prices [illegible] engagement in the larger cities, are lowered [illegible] to 25c., 50 and 75c., and each succeeding pro- will enable all to see [illegible] Flag" has been [illegible] diction. "The Black [illegible] available play selected as, perhaps, the best [illegible] vers, and in which to introduce the [illegible] on Thursday evening, the opening night. enjoyable event may be expected

Hotel Victoria.

June 18, 1893.

DINNER.

SOUP.

Chicken Okra. Consommee Brunoise.

RELEVES.

Sliced Cucumbers. Spiced Mussells.

BOILED.

Haddock, a la Nelson.
New Boiled Potatoes.

ENTREES.

Lamb's Tongue, a l Italienne.
Tenderloin Steak, with New Peas.
Petit Pate, a la Chasseur.

ROAST.

Spring Lamb, Mint Sauce.
Stuffed Turkey, Cranberry Sauce.
Ribs of Beef.

VEGETABLES.

Asparagus. Sugar Corn.
Mashed and Boiled Potatoes
Lettuce Salad.

DESSERT.

Vanilla Ice Cream. Baba au Rum.
Fruit Salad du Tropics.
Assorted Cakes. Cafe Noir.

Dinner from 5:30 to 8 p.m. $1, including wine.

Hibben & Co. carry the largest selection of books. Suitable for prizes.

EVERYTHING CAME THEIR WAY.

Victoria Marksmen Gather in the Team and Individual Championships at the Traps.

Vancouver Defeats Westminster on the Lacrosse Field—Other Events, Local and Foreign.

GOOD shooting was the rule in the last day's tournament of the Sportsmen's association. Everyone was well pleased at the meeting yesterday, but none more so than the Victoria men, who had the satisfaction of coming out ahead in all the events. It was pre-eminently Victoria's day. The combined team of her two gun clubs defeated the hitherto invincible Tacoma team of six; F. C. Maclure, after a hard fight, walked off the field with the beautiful gold badge, presented by the Legislative Assembly, pinned to his coat; and C. W. Minor had the honor of winning the Hamilton Powder Company's medal, open to holders of their silver medals in Provincial clubs. The Selby consolation medal also remains in Victoria, W. H. Adams being the winner.

Most of the visitors left for home last evening, delighted with their visit and full of praise for the hospitable manner in which the Victoria sportsmen acted the part of hosts. The officers and members of the two local clubs have certainly done their utmost to make the visitors' stay pleasant, and the general secretary, Mr. J. McB. Smith has proved himself throughout the tournament the right man in the right place.

The eliminating of live bird contests from future contests has done away with what many people have considered an objectionable feature, and consequently by this action the association will, no doubt, gain even more than hitherto in popular favor. One improvement, however, seems necessary in order to bring out young shots at tournaments, the lack of new men being quite noticeable this year. By giving a place in next year's programme to a few green events or handicaps, young shots would be encouraged to attend and take part. Under present conditions the experts only have a chance, as the events are practically confined to men who can reasonably expect to make about eighty per cent. or over.

Shooting began yesterday morning about half past nine, the first event being the

CONSOLATION MATCH.

Selby Smelting and Lead Co.'s medal; open to competitors not averaging over 70 per cent in events 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 11; twenty-five singles.

There were fourteen entries, the result being that W. H. Adams of Victoria and D. H. Adams of Nanaimo tied with a score of 17 each out of a possible 25 birds. In shooting off the ties, W. H. Adams won the medal with 19 birds against 14 birds for the Nanaimo man.

EVENT NO. 11.

Club team contest—Teams of six men, members of clubs in any one city. None admitted unless a *bona fide* resident member of such clubs. No contestant can shoot in more than one team. Twenty singles, entrance $30 per team. First prize, $120; 2d prize, $80.

This was looked upon as the great event of the tournament, as it gave an opportunity of proving which city could turn out a team to make the best average shooting. It had been thought that Portland, Seattle and Whatcom would enter teams, but contrary to expectation only three cities were represented—Tacoma, Spokane and Victoria. Victoria's team consisted of a combination of the men from the Victoria and Union gun clubs who had made the best average scores throughout the tournament. That this was a wise move was plainly shown by the success of the home team, after a gallant fight.

After the first round of ten birds for each team the score stood Victoria and Tacoma each 45 birds; Spokane, 41 birds, J. C. Maclure being the only one to break all his birds. At the end of the second round, the score stood Victoria 98, Tacoma 94, Spokane 86 out of a total of 120 birds, Victoria thus winning the match amid the enthusiasm of their friends. Victoria's win over Tacoma's crack team is one to be proud of, as the Tacomans have been considered the crack team of the Coast and for six or seven years past have won this particular event in the annual tournaments. J. C. Maclure made the full possible individual score of 20 birds, the only one to do so. The scores:

Victoria.

J. C. Maclure	11111-11111 11111-11111	20
C. W. Minor	010 1 01111-11111-11211	17
F. H. Hewlings	11001-01111-11111-11110	16
O. Weiler	1 010 0111 1-10111 11111	15
W. White	11010-0 111 1010 1 10101	12
B. H. John	11111-11101-01111-11111	18
Total		98

Tacoma.

E. E. Ellis	11 11-10011-11110 11011	16
J. M. Bell	0 101 00111-11110 01001	12
H. T. Denham	10110-10101-1 111-10111	15
W. R. Dodge	10111-11111-11111-11111	19
W. A. Eberly	1010-11101-10011-11111	15
E. S. Barlow	01111-11111 10011-11111	17
Total		94

Spokane.

W. B. George	0001-10110-11111-00100	11
F. H. Mason	11011-10111 1 001 01111	16
D. Burgess	10 01-1111-11111-01111	15
T. B. Ware	11100 0110-1 1111-00110	14
N. G. Sisson	01101 11011-11 01-10110	13
J. F. Warren	10011-11111-11101-11111	17
Total		86

EVENT NO. 15.

British Columbia gold badge. Ten singles, (ties 15 singles) entrance $5. 1st prize, gold badge, value $100; (donated by members of the Legislative Assembly); 2nd prize, sixty per cent.; 3rd prize, twenty-five per cent.; 4th prize, fifteen per cent.

This was a contest in which great interest was shown, the competition being particularly close and exciting. There were [illegible] entries and the shooting was twenty-eight [illegible] At the end of the tenth wonderfully good, [illegible] John, Bringham, [illegible] bird, Cooper, Thompson, [illegible] Maclure, Minor, Sisson [illegible] Denham, Eberly, F. S. Maclure. It was then [illegible] and Weiler, tied with nine each, but Cooper, decided to shoot six more apiece, [illegible] missed Thompson, Eberly and Sisson each [illegible] their eleventh birds, the contest narrowed down again at the thirteenth, when John and Minor dropped out. Weiler and Denham missed their fourteenth, leaving the fight between F. S. Maclure, of Victoria, and T. A. Bringham, of Tacoma, who tied 15 each for 16 birds. They decided to shoot three more apiece and Maclure got all his making the fine score of 18 out of 19 birds. Bringham missed his sixteenth bird, and amid well deserved applause, Maclure won the match; he had been shooting in hard luck for the first three days of the tournament, owing to over practice telling upon him. He was in capital form yesterday, however, and his success in this match compensated him for his previous ill-luck. Following are the scores of those who shot at ten birds or over:

D. Cooper	11212 22102 0*
P. N. Thompson	12112-10122-0*
E. G. White	0 212 22120 *
B. H. John	11211-10122 120*
T. A. Bringham	11 02-1122 -11221-20*
W. A. Eberly	12112-11110 0*
R. C. Stevens	11022-11210 *
F. S. Maclure	02121 2221 21212-2111—18
H. T. Denham	22121-10111-11120-*
C. W. Minor	1 212 01112-120*
N. G. Sisson	21211-12011-0*
O. Weiler	12120 212 2-2220*
C. R. Clark	22200 21111-*

SPECIAL EVENT.

Hamilton Powder Company's gold medal contest for Provincial clubs. Provincial holders of Hamilton Powder Company's silver medals, only allowed to compete. Fifty singles.

The entries were: P. N. Thompson, of Vancouver; C. W. Minor, Union Gun Club, Victoria; H. N. Short, Victoria Gun Club, Victoria; W. J. Leary, Ladner's Landing. The scoring was capital, and after a fine contest C. W. Minor won with a score of 43, making one fine run of 28. Following are the scores:

P. N. Thompson	10110-10110 1111 -11111 11111-001 0-01110-11110 00100 10110-	34
C. W. Minor	01011 10 01-11111-11111 11111-11111-1 111 -1011 1110 -01110-	43
H. N. Short	1 0101-11110-11110-11111 11011 111 0-10111-10110 11100 1 0 0-	37
W. J. Leary	01010 0 111-01011 11111 10101-11000 10000-11101 0 001-0111-	28

This closed the Sportsmen's Association tournament for this year, which all the members who were present are unanimous in saying was a gigantic success in every way.

LACROSSE.

TRIUMPHANT VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, June 17.—(Special).—The Terminal city is triumphant. The fourth game in the lacrosse series took place at Westminster fair grounds this afternoon, with Ketchum, of Victoria, acting as referee, A. B. McKenzie captaining the Westminsters, and J. Smith Vancouver's twelve. The umpires were W. S. Taylor and H. Cooper. The newly sodded ground was in poor condition for lacrosse, the ball having frequently to be gouged out of the soft earth, and perhaps mainly for this reason the game on the whole was not an attractive one. Checking on both sides was slow and clumsy, and good team play rare. It was probably the most ordinary game of lacrosse witnessed in the senior series since its inception. The game was alone redeemed by the splendid defence of Westminster and some bright individual playing by Spain, Cheyne and Quigley. Morency also did hard, honest work, and is making rapid progress to efficiency. Westminster's home was very weak, and the entire team were guilty of more muffs and errors than they would like to see credited them. B. Peele did the star work for Westminster, Ryall also making some good plays.

In the first game Wesminster seemed to have an elastic string on the ball from the face-off. It would drop in front of the Vancouver flags, fly off at an angle of 45 degrees, and almost immediately fly back to the Vancouver flags again. The Westminster defence were showing up well. At the end of three minutes, however, Spain got the ball, and when the rubber once gets in Spain's stick, it has to go where he wants it to. He made a beautiful drop on the Royal City flags, and there was a scrimmage in front of the poles, Douglas secured the ball for Westminster and tipped it to Campbell, who very carelessly muffed it. It rolled in front of the goal keeper's stick, but before the guardian of the flags could think what he should do, Ralph had poked it between his legs, and the umpire's hand went up. Time—3 25

The second game was a repetition of the first, but reversed. Peele made a beautiful shot from the side to Lewis, who caught and lobbed to the front of the flags, where the ball was shinnied about by a dozen home and defence. It was finally pushed out of the scrimmage right into the stick of a Vancouver player, who exasperatingly fumbled it, when a timely poke from Ryall's reliable stick scored the second game for Westminster. Time—3 25

The third game was a spectacular treat, one of those lightning team plays for which Vancouver is occasionally famous. Cheyne secured the ball in the face off, and tossed to Morency, who ran like a cayuse straight at the serried ranks of Westminster's defence, until a foot in front. When still on the run the ball was transferred with a pretty side movement to the mesh of Ralph's waiting stick. Scarcely had it been received when it was again sidled to Quigley, and before the defence, who had scattered in an attempt to secure the ball from Morency, could again pack before the poles, Ed. Quigley, running like an elephant amuck, passed clean around them and fired a determined overhand shot at close quarters. A prolonged "Oh!" from Westminstere's admirers showed that the game had gone to the visitors,—and it was all done in 45 seconds.

The fourth game lasted twenty-two minutes, in which both teams indulged in a good deal of swiping, slashing and foul plays. The game was stopped twice, the second face occurring in front of the Westminster poles. Quann got the ball in the face off and passed to Quigley. Quigley transferred to Campbell, and Campbell put it through by a swift grounder from the side.

In the fifth game the home team had the best of it all through. The rubber made all sorts of gyrations round the visiting goalkeeper, Myers, for a minute and a half, when B Peele passed to Dalgleish, Dalgleish to Lewis, and Lewis scored.

The sixth game was fast and furious, the greys making a special effort to complete the quartette of games in the time limit. After ten minutes' one-sided play, in which the red jackets played entirely on the defence, Quann made a pretty drop shot to Smith, Smith grounded the rubber to Quigley, and Quigley made another of those determined lumbering rushes of his, and shot the ball through everything. A moment's hesitation, and up went the umpire's hand, and a wild rush was made for the tramcars by the joyous Vancouver contingent.

Ketchum made a quiet, firm, impartial referee, and two thousand people witnessed the game, fully half the spectators being ladies, charmingly attired, vivacious, and fully sustaining Westminster's reputation for fair women. Five hundred people went over from Vancouver to witness the match.

SUMMARY

Game	Won by	Scored by	Time
1	Vancouver	Ralph	3 25
2	Westminster	Ryall	3.25
3	Vancouver	Quigley	45
4	Vancouver	Campbell	2 00
5	Westminster	Lewis	1.30
6	Vancouver	Quigley	10 00

THE CHAMPIONSHIP SERIES.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Victoria	2	2	0	100
Westminster	3	1	2	33
Vancouver	3	1	2	33

THE GAME IN THE EAST.

OTTAWA, June 17—(Special)—In the championship lacrosse match to-day the Shamrocks beat Toronto three games to two, and the Cornwalls beat Montreal three to one.

THE WHEEL.

WILL BE WELL REPRESENTED.

The Wanderers will be well represented in the two races on the programme of the J. B. A. A. next Saturday and as the events are both handicap they should be closely and keenly contested. Among the Victorians to compete are R. J. Ackland, John R Kerr, E. W. Bradley, Ernest Wolff, R. N. Begg and L. W. Hall. Messrs. Kerr and Begg are entered for the mile only; Ackland, Bradley, Wolff and Hall for both events.

CRICKET.

LAWYERS V. LAMBS.

The unfortunate lawyers of the V. C. C., commonly known as "the wolves," were not wily enough to combat the "lambs," who easily defeated them yesterday afternoon at the Caledonia grounds, much to the surprise of the former, who were ably captained by Mr. A. G. Smith, D.A.G., Mr. Smith was kindly allowed by his adversaries to make 34 and morley 12, none of the others getting into double figures, and the lawyers' innings closing for 98. Their adversaries on going to the wickets were a little timid at first, but soon plucked up courage, and Foulkes proceeded to hit the bowlers all over the field, making no less than 60 runs. The others then followed suit much to the disgust of the unfortunate fielders, and the score was brought up to 150 before the side retired. Owing to many demands on space, the full score in this match, as well as the scores in other cricketing events, cannot be given.

A REVERSE FOR CORRIG.

The seventeenth match in Corrig College's card for the season was played at Beacon Hill yesterday afternoon and lost to the Royal Dockyard team, while Scholefield and Ray Wilson played good cricket against the excellent bowling of Wallis and Wright. The Dockyard declared their innings closed with eight wickets down for 89 runs, and the College following were only permitted to pile together 29.

ANOTHER WIN FOR THE JUNIORS.

The return match between the Victoria Juniors and H. M. S. Champion was played yesterday afternoon, on the Canteen ground, Esquimalt, and after a very pleasant and exciting game, resulted in a win for the Juniors by 29 runs—the score standing 73 to 44. For the Juniors, McLeod took seven wickets for 25 runs, and Anderson three for 15; while for the Champion, Prentis bowled splendidly throughout, taking eight wickets for 17 runs.

ALBIONS MEET DEFEAT.

On the Albion C. C. grounds, yesterday afternoon, the United Banks' eleven played and defeated the Albions by 33 runs, the score being: United Banks, 59; Albions, 26. G S Holt, for the Banks, played a capital innings, and carried his bat for 32. Paterson and Goffin bowled with great success through the Albion innings, Paterson taking five wickets for 9 and Goffin four for 10.

YACHTING.

ROYAL YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

LONDON, June 17.—The regatta of the Royal Yacht club was held to-day over the usual course off the Isle of Wight. There was a good breeze from the east, and the yachts made a pretty picture as they started off with their huge mainsails bellying to the breeze. Lord Dunraven's Valkrie took part in the race, and again showed that the Americans will find in her a dangerous competitor for the American cup. Besides the Valkyrie, the Britannia, the Prince of Wales' yacht; the Satanita, owned by A. F. Clarke; the Calluna, owned by Mr. P. Donaldson; and the Iverna, owned by J. Jameson, sailed in the race. The leading yachts finished the first round, which was to the eastward, in the following order, their official finishing time being appended; Valkyrie, 4 hours, 42 minutes and 58 seconds; Britannia, 4 hours, 48 minutes and 39 seconds; Satanita, 4 hours, 59 minutes and 3 seconds.

The Calluna and Iverna finished so far astern that they were practically out of the race. The light easterly wind held true throughout the race. The Calluna was the first to cross the line, but the advantage thus gained was lost almost immediately after, by her running ashore on Carlshot Spit, where she remained for fully fifteen minutes. The Satanita and Valkyrie crossed the starting line nearly at the same time, followed by the Iverna and the Britannia in the order given. It was evidently to be a race between the Britannia and Valkyrie. Once across the line, the Valkyrie headed up to the windward, and opened a lead which she maintained until the finish. The time of each yacht was: Valkyrie, 1 hour, 20 minutes, 20 seconds; Britannia, 1 hour, 24 minutes, 49 seconds; Satanita, 1 hour, 30 minutes, 20 seconds; Iverna, 1 hour, 39 minutes, 20 seconds. The tide was running strong when the second round to the westward was started. There was little change in the positions in which the boats crossed the line, except that the Calluna passed the Iverna. The Calluna has no chance of winning the prize, however.

THE RIFLE.

LEAGUE MATCHES SCORES.

TORONTO, June 17.—(Special.)—The twelve highest scores made at Saturday's series shoot in the Canadian Military Rifle League are as follows:

Thirteenth battalion second team, Hamilton—838

Seventh Fusiliers, at London,—835.

Forty-fifth battalion, first team, Hamilton—789

B Troop, Manitoba Dragoons, Portage La Prairie,—781

Ninety-sixth battalion Port Arthur, Ont.,—775.

Guelph Rifle association, first team, Guelph,—771.

Twelfth York Rangers, first team, Toronto—767.

Second Queen's Own Rifles, first team, Toronto,—765

Hespeler Rifle association, Hespeler, Ont.,—761

Eighth Royal Rifles, first team, Quebec,—758.

Governor-General's Foot Guards, first team, Ottawa,—743.

THE CUE.

THE MONEY NOT PUT UP.

Archie Reid called around last evening to cover the $100 which was to have been put up by Friday evening by George Smith to make a match with Reid to play continuous pool for "a century" a side. The money was not up so the match is not likely to come off.

THE TURF.

VELOX AN EASY WINNER.

The match race between Harry Velox and Mollie Cooper, which was disposed of at the Victoria Driving Park yesterday afternoon, proved a disappointment to all save the owners of the horse. Mollie could not be got down to her pace at all, and was easily defeated in three straight heats. The time was so slow that the watches held ran down.

ATHLETICS.

TOURNAMENT AT UNION.

UNION, June 16.—(Special)—The newly formed athletic club has decided to hold its first annual sports on July 1. A good programme is in preparation, and hearty support is being given on every hand.

Remember the children by presenting them with a prize, from Hibben & Co.'s.

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

FOUR CASES OF NEW GOODS JUST TO HAND.

LADIES SHIRT WAISTS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEWEST STYLES.

LADIES WHITE WEAR, TRIMMED LACE AND EMBROIDERY.

On account of delay in transit, the above will be marked at prices that will ensure a speedy sale.

D. SPENCER, GOVERNMENT ST.

a19

THE ROYAL WEDDING.

A Rumored Misunderstanding in the Highest Circles—The Princess of Wales Dissatisfied.

LONDON, June 17. — The interest of court circles is completely absorbed at present with the misunderstanding reported to exist between the Queen and the Princess of Wales over the marriage of the Duke of York. When the match was first mooted, the princess stipulated that nothing should be decided without her assent. The Princess now upbraids the Queen and the Prince of Wales for definitely arranging the match without her knowledge, while she was absent on the continent. In an interview with the Queen at Balmoral the Princess, while persisting in her aversion to the match, was persuaded to withdraw her active opposition, though she declined to promise to attend the wedding. The Queen, to emphasize her approval of the match, will give the Duchess of Teck, the mother of the bride, the temporary occupancy of a part of Buckingham Palace before the date of the wedding and a place in the royal carriage while driving to the Chapel Royal to attend the ceremonies. The Queen has decided that the bridesmaids shall be ten of her grandchildren, drawn from the families of the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Edinburgh, the Duke of Connaught, Prince Henry of Battenburg, and the Duchess of Albany. The bridesmaids will wear cream-colored satin.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

Fears That There May Be a Panic Both in Great Britain and the United States.

LONDON, June 17.—Operators on the Stock Exchange accept as true the report that the Indian Government had decided to stop the private mintage of silver and to maintain the rupee at one shilling and four pence. Until the future of the Indian currency is determined Banks will buy the metal only for immediate delivery. The leading financial papers, in discussing the prospects of silver, concur in the opinion that the repeal of the Sherman Act will be followed by a panic in the silver market, and that if the repeal be coincident with the experiment of the Indian Government, there will be a general commercial cataclysm.

WASHINGTON'S CATASTROPHE.

The Building Contractor and the Government Severely Censured by Public Opinion.

WASHINGTON, D.C., June 17.—Contractor George W. Dant was severly condemned by the evidence given to-day at the coroner's inquest over the remains of the Fords theatre victims, although some of those who gave testimony against his methods, spoke highly of his ability as a practical mechanic and bricklayer. The United States Government also came in for its share of condemnation for its methods of doing the work of construction.

Cheap dinner sets at Cheapside

Juvenile and gift books of all kinds, at Hibben & Co.'s.

Prizes! Where? At Hibben's,

TARIFF REFORM.

TARIFF Reform is in the air. The praises of B.B.B. are also heard everywhere. No other medicine cures all diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels and blood so rapidly and so surely as Burdock Blood Bitters

LADIES!

If you desire a transparent CLEAR, FRESH complexion FREE from blotch, blemish roughness, coarseness or pimples, use

Old Dr. Gordon's

PEARLS OF HEALTH.

They cure all **Suppressions** and **Irregularities**, and Make Women Regular.

They create **New Rich Red Blood**, which mantles the cheeks.

Wasting Discharges Cease. The Breath becomes Sweet and Healthful. **Nervous Prostration Vanishes.** Eyes Bright and Strong. Spirits Buoyant. The Skin Clear, and the former **Nervous Prostrated Woman becomes A New Being.**

Must not be taken during first four months of pregnancy.

Price $1. Six packages $5. Sent by mail securely sealed, upon receipt of price. Write for circular. Address

QUEEN MEDICINE CO'Y, MONTREAL.

Address D. E. CAMPBELL, Family Chemist, P.O. Box 260. Sole Agent, Victoria B.C. se6-d&w

LADIES—Ransom's Female pills never fail. Always safe and reliable. The only genuine. Beware of dangerous imitations. Used successfully in thousands of cases. $1 per box, sealed. Full particulars 2c. Positively remove all irregularities. Try them after failing with Tansy, Pennyroyal and all other similar medicines. Ransom Mfg. Co. Kansas City, Mo. je15 6t-w

AUCTION SALES.

COR PHŒNIX PLACE AND TORONTO ST., Near Beacon Hill Park,

H. CUTHBERT & CO'Y

are instructed by the Rev. H. Kingman, who has left the city, to sell by

AUCTION

ON THE PREMISES, ON

TUESDAY NEXT, AT 2 P.M.

The whole of the well kept FURNITURE, including tapestry and plush parlor set, in black ebony frames; easel, wicker occasional table, 4 walnut dittes, rattan arm chair, upholstered single lounge, capital 5 tier walnut what-not, walnut music cabinet, Brussells carpet with border, 1¼x1¾ ft., equal to new; solid black walnut sideboard, with bevelled plate glass back and carved decoration; 6 perforated chairs, office desk, engravings, oil paintings and chromos, 3 hanging lamps, linoleum in hall and dining-room, solid black walnut bed set, 3 pieces; pine bed set, 2 box mattresses, small heating stove, rattan easy and rocking chairs, reading lamp, shower bath, tapestry carpets, brass coal scuttle, 4 pr damask and lace curtains, iron umbrella stand, decanters and wine glasses, crockery, mahogany round table, filter, No 7 Albion cook stove, 50 ft. hose piping; also 1 PARLOR BAGATELLE BOARD, 8 ft., with India rubber cushions, set of ivory balls, etc. The house contains 10 rooms. To let. Apply to

Terms Cash. HERBERT CUTHBERT, Auctioneer.

je5

Real Estate Sale

I am instructed by E. Simpson, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, at the Auction Rooms, 40 Yates Street, on Wednesday, 21st inst., that piece of land in Highland District, known as half of Section 14 on the official map, comprising eighty (80) acres more or less.

Terms Cash; deeds at purchasers expense; title, Crown grant.

W. R CLARKE, Auctioneer.

je14

MR. M. C. BROWN

Late of the Adelphi Saloon, has now opened the

FINEST : BILLIARD : PARLORS

In Victoria, in the fine

DUCK BLOCK, BROAD ST.

In connection with Hotel

Between Yates and Johnson Sts.

Where he will be glad to see his old friends and a host of new ones.

m24 1m

BI-ANNUAL SALE

—OF THE—

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO.,

CITY MARKET.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.

are instructed to sell by Auction, by the above Company, on

Wednesday, June 21, 1893,

at 1:30 p.m., the whole of their accumulated surplus.

LIVE AND DEAD STOCK,

CONSISTING OF

The celebrated Trotting Horse Baby Prince, 5 years old, 15 hands and perfectly sound.

Fifteen Horses and Mares.

Fifteen Buggies.

Ten Phaetons, Express Carts and Wagons.

Twenty Sets of Single and Double Harness, etc., etc.

Also on another account, Milch Cows, Farm Implements, etc.

Terms & Full Particulars in Future Advertisements

je HERBERT CUTHBERT, Auctioneer.

EX STEAMER MICHIGAN.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,

Are instructed by J. C. Provost, Esq., to sell

By Auction, at the City Market,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 21, 1893,

at 11 a.m., the remainder of the Cargo from the above Steamer, comprising the following

MERCHANDISE,

Namely: 2 bbls. Empty Bottles, 2 bbls. ditto, 11 Hides of Leather, 5 Boxes Spiks, 4 Boxes Sapolio, 10 Rolls Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, 1 gal. Iron Boiler, 6 Door Mats, 2 Rolls of Oilcloth, 1 Iron Arm Chair, 2 Rolls of Burlap, 36 gals. of Vinegar, 1 Cask of Putty, etc., etc., 2 cases Microbe Killer, 1 bbl. of Tar, 2 Oak Planks, one PATENT FISH CUTTER, with two knives, suitable for cannery. Terms Cash.

HERBERT CUTHBERT, Auctioneer.

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FLUID BEEF

is the virtues of Prime Beef in a concentrated and easily-digested form.

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Strength-Giving Food.

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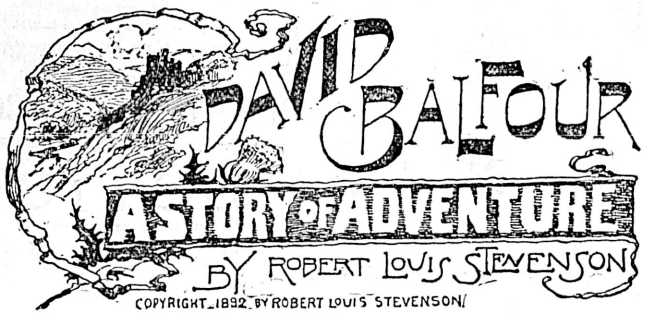
SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, 4th August next, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on proposed contracts for four years in each case, each way, between Abbottsford and Otter, Alberni and Nanaimo and Langley, and Langley Prairie, from the 1st September next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the post offices of Abbottsford, Aldergrove, Shortreed, Otter, Langley, Langley Prairie, Alberni, Errington, Parksville, Nanoose Bay, and Nanaimo and at this office.

E. H. FLETCHER, Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspectors office, Victoria, 2nd June, 1893. je13-3t-w



CHAPTER XX.

THE VOYAGE INTO HOLLAND.

The ship lay at a single anchor well outside the pier of Leith, so that all we passengers must come to it by the means of skiffs. This was very little troublesome, for the reason that the day was a flat calm, very frosty and cloudy and with a low, shifting fog upon the water. The body of the vessel was thus quite hid as I drew near, but the tall spars of her stood high and bright in a sunshine, like the flickering of a fire.

All the way down to Leith, save when I had called in to say farewell at Pilrig, I had been dwelling in my mind upon and telling myself all kinds of explanations of Miss Grant's proposed farewell. And now when I was come alongside my ship it was my first care, even before my mails were shifted, to put the boat under the charge of Prestongrange's man that accompanied me and have it wait near by until my expectation should be fulfilled or else deceived. Then I stepped on board the Rose, which I found to be a very roomy, commodious merchant, but somewhat blunt in the bows and loaden extraordinary deep with salt, salted salmon, and fine white linen stockings for the Dutch. Here I found the captain, one Sang (out of Lesmahago I believe), a very hearty, friendly tarpaulin of a man, but at the moment in rather of a bustle. There had no other of the passengers yet appeared, so that I was left to walk about upon the deck, viewing the prospect and wondering a good deal what these farewells should be which I was promised.

All Edinburgh and the Pentland hills glinted above me in a kind of smuisty brightness, now and again overcome with blots of cloud. Of Lieth there was no more than the tops of chimneys visible, and on the face of the water, where the haar [sea fog] lay, nothing at all. Out of this I was presently aware of a sound of oars pulling, and a little after (as if out of the smoke of a fire) a boat issued. There sat a grave man in the stern sheets well muffled from the cold, and by his side a tall, pretty, tender figure of a maid that brought my heart to a stand. It was well for the credit of my gallantry that some time was left me to recover my spirits and compose my face.

So when Catriona stepped upon the deck, there I was before her, bare headed, smiling and making my best bow, which was now vastly finer than some months before when first I made it to her ladyship. No doubt we were both a good deal changed; she seemed to have shot up taller, like a young, comely tree. She had now a kind of pretty backwardness that became her well, as of one that regarded herself more highly and was fairly woman, and for another thing the hand of the same magician had been at work upon the pair of us, and Miss Grant had made us both braw if she could make but the one bonny.

The same cry, in words not very different, came from both of us, that the other was come in compliment to say farewell, and then we perceived in a flash we were to ship together.

"Oh, why will not baby have been telling me?" she cried, and then remembered a letter she had been given on the condition of not opening it till she was well on board. Within was an inclosure for myself, and ran thus:

DEAR DAVIE—What do you think of my farewell? and what do you say to your fellow passengers? Did you kiss, or did you ask? I was about to have signed here, but that would leave the purport of my question doubtful, and in my own case I ken the answer. So fill up here with good advice. Do not be too blate [bashful], and for God's sake do not try to be too forward. Nothing sets you worse. I am your affectionate friend and governess, BARBARA GRANT.

I wrote a word of answer and compliment on a leaf out of my pocketbook, put it in with another scratch from Catriona, sealed the whole with my new signet of the Balfour arms and dispatched it by the hand of Prestongrange's servant.

Then we had time to look upon each other more at leisure, which we had not done for a piece of a minute before—upon a common impulse—we shook hands again.

"Catriona," said I. It seemed that was the first and last word of my eloquence.

"You will be glad to see me again?" says she.

"And I think that is an idle word," said I. "We are too deep friends to make speech upon such trifles."

"Is she not the girl of all the world?" she cried again. "I was never knowing such a girl, so honest and so beautiful."

"And yet she cared no more for Appin than what she did for a kalestork," said I.

"Ah, she will say so indeed," cries Catriona. "Yet it was for the name and the gentle kind blood that she took me up and was so good to me."

"Well, I will tell you why it was," said I. "There are all sorts of people's faces in this world. There is Barbara's face, that every one must look at and admire and think her a fine, brave, merry girl. And then there is your face, which is quite different. I never knew how different till today. You cannot see yourself, and that is why you do not understand, but it was for the love of your face that she took you up and was so good to you. And everybody in the world would do the same."

"Everybody?" says she.

"Every living soul!" said I.

"Ah, then that will be why the soldiers at the castle took me up," she cried.

"Barbara has been teaching you to catch me," said I.

"She will have taught me more than that at all events. She will have taught me a great deal about Mr. David—all the ill of him and a little that was not so ill either, now and then," she said, smiling. "She will have told me all there was of Mr. David, only just that he would sail upon this very same ship. And why it is you go?"

I told her.

"Ah, well," said she, "we will be some days in company and then, I suppose, goodby for altogether. I go to meet my father at a place of the name of Helvoetsluys, and from there to France, to be exiles by the side of our chieftain."

I could say no more than just "oh!" the name of James More always drying up my very voice.

She was quick to perceive it and to guess some portion of my thought.

"There is one thing I must be saying first of all, Mr. David," said she. "I think two of my kinsfolks have not behaved to you altogether very well. And the one of them two is James More, my father, and the other is the laird of Prestongrange. Prestongrange will have spoken by himself, or his daughter in the place of him. But for James More, my father, I have this much to say: He lay shackled in a prison. He is a plain, honest soldier and a plain highland gentleman. What they would be after, he would never be guessing, but if he had understood it was to be some prejudice to a young gentleman like yourself he would have died first. And for the sake of all your friendships I will be asking you to pardon my father and family for that same mistake."

"Catriona," said I, "what that mistake was I do not care to know. I know but the one thing, that you went to Prestongrange and begged my life upon your knees. Oh, I ken well it was for your father that you went, but when you were there you pleaded for me also. It is a thing I cannot speak of. There are two things I cannot think of in to myself, and the one is your good words when you called yourself my little friend and the other that you pleaded for my life. Let us never speak more, we two, of pardon or offense."

We stood after that silent, Catriona looking on the deck and I on her, and before there was more speech, a little wind having sprung up in the nor'west, they began to shake out the sails and heave in upon the anchor.

There were six passengers besides our two selves, which made of it a full cabin. Three were solid merchants out of Leith, Kirkaldy and Dundee, all engaged in the same adventure in High Germany. One was a Hollander returning, the rest worthy merchants' wives, to the charge of one of whom Catriona was recommended. Mrs. Gebbie, for that was her name, was by great good fortune heavily incommoded by the sea and lay day and night on the broad of her back. We were besides the only creatures at all young on board the Rose, except a white faced boy that did my old duty to attend upon the table. And it came about that Catriona and I were left almost entirely to ourselves. We had the next seats together at the table, where I waited on her with extraordinary pleasure.

On deck I made her a soft place with my cloak, and the weather being singularly fine for that season, with bright, frosty days and nights, a steady, gentle wind and scarce a sheet started all the way through the North sea, we sat there, only now and again walking to and fro for warmth, from the first blink of the sun till 8 or 9 at night under the clear stars. The merchants or Captain Sang would sometimes glance and smile upon us or pass a merry word or two and give us the go by again, but the most part of the time they were deep in herring and chintzes and linen or in computations of the slowness of the passage and left us to our own concerns, which were very little important to any but ourselves.

At the first we had a great deal to say and thought ourselves pretty witty, and I was at a little pains to be the beau, and she, I believe, to be the young lady of experience. Presently we got plainer with each other. I laid aside my high, clipped English (what little there was of it) and forgot to make my Edinburgh bows and scrapes. She, upon her side, fell into a sort of kind familiarity, and we dwelt together like those of the same household, only (upon my side) with a more deep emotion.

About the same time the bottom seemed to fall out of our conversation and neither one of us the less pleased, whiles she would tell me old wives' tales, of which she had a wonderful variety, many of them from my friend redheaded Niel. She told them very pretty, and they were pretty enough childish tales, but the pleasure to myself was in the sound of her voice and the thought that she was telling and I listening, whiles, again, we would sit entirely silent, not communicating even with a look, and tasting pleasure enough in the sweetness of that neighborhood.

Of course I speak here only for myself. Of what was in the maid's mind, I am not very sure that ever I asked myself, and what was in my own I was afraid to consider. I need make no secret of it now, either to myself or to the reader, I was fallen totally in love. She came between me and the sun. She had grown suddenly taller, as I say, but with a wholesome growth. She seemed all health and lightness and brave spirits, and I thought she walked like a young deer and stood like a birch upon the mountains. It was enough for me to sit near by her on the deck, and I declare I scarce spent two thoughts upon the future and was so well content with what I then enjoyed that I was never at the pains to imagine any further step, unless perhaps that I would be sometimes tempted to take her hand in mine and hold it there. But I was, too, like a miser of what joys I had and would venture nothing on a hazard.

What we spoke was usually of ourselves or of each other, so that if any one had been at so much pains as overhear us he must have supposed us the most egotistical persons in the world. It befell one day when we were at this practice that we came on a discourse of friends and friendship, and I think now that we were sailing near the wind. We said what a fine thing friendship was, and how little we had guessed of it, and how it made life a new thing, and a thousand covered things of the same kind that will have been said since the foundation of the world by young folk in the same predicament. Then we remarked upon the strangeness of that circumstance—that friends came together in the beginning as if they were there for the first time, and yet each had been alive a good while losing time with other people.

"It is not much that I have done," said she, "and I could be telling you the five-fifths of it in two three words. It is only a girl I am, and what can befall a girl at all events? But I went with the clan in the year '45. The men marched with swords and firelocks, and some of them in brigades in the same set of tartan. They were not backward at the marching, I can tell you. And there were gentlemen from the low country, with their tenants mounted and trumpets to sound, and there was a grand skirling of warpipes. I rode on a little highland horse on the right hand of my father, James More, and of Glengyle himself. And here is one fine thing that I remember, that Glengyle kissed me on the face, because (says he), 'my kinswoman, you are the only lady of the clan that has come out,' and me a little maid of maybe 12 years old. I saw Prince Charlie, too, and the blue eyes of him. He was pretty indeed. I had his hand to kiss in the front of the army.

"Oh, well, these were the good days, but it is all like a dream that I have seen and then awakened. I went what way you very well know, and these were the worst days of all, when the red coat soldiers were out and my father and my uncles lay in the hill, and I was to be carrying them their meat in the middle night or at the short side of day when the cocks crew. Yes, I have walked in the night, many's the time, and my heart great in me for terror of the darkness. It is a strange thing I will never have been meddled with a bogle, but they say a maid goes safe.

I made her a soft place with my cloak.

"Next there was my uncle's marriage, and that was a dreadful affair beyond all. Jean Kay was that woman's name, and she had me in the room with her that night at Inversnaid, the night we took her from her friends in the old, ancient manner. She would, and she wouldn't, she was for marrying Rob the one minute, and the next she would be for none of them. I will never have seen such a feckless creature of a woman. Surely all there was of her would tell her aye or no. Well, she was a widow, and I can never be thinking a widow a good woman."

"Catriona," says I, "how do you make out that?"

"I do not know," said she; "I am only telling you the seeming in my heart. And then to marry a new man! Fy! But that was her, and she was married again upon my Uncle Robin and went with him awhile to kirk and market and then wearied, or else her friends got claught of her and talked her around, or maybe she turned ashamed; at the least of it she ran away and went back to her own folk and said we had held her in the lake, and I will never tell you all what. I have never thought much of any females since that day. And so in the end my father, James More, came to be cast in prison, and you know the rest of it as well as me."

"And through all you had no friends?" said I.

"No," said she, "I have been pretty chief with two three lasses on the braes, but not to call it friends."

"Well, mine is a plain tale," said I. "I never had a friend to my name till I met in with you."

"And that brave Mr. Stewart?" she asked.

"Oh, yes; I was forgetting him," I said. "But he is a man, and that is very different."

"I would think so," said she. "Oh, yes; it is quite different."

"And then there was one other," said I. "I once thought I had a friend, but it proved a great disappointment."

She asked me who she was?

"It was a he, then," said I. "We were the two best lads at my father's school, and we thought we loved each other dearly. Well, he went to Glasgow to a merchant's house, that was his second cousin once removed, and he wrote me two three times by the carrier, and then he found new friends, and I might write till I was tired, he took no notice. Eh, Catriona, it took me a long while to forgive the world. There is not anything more bitter than to lose a fancied friend."

Then she began to question me close upon his looks and character, for we were each a great deal concerned in all that touched the other, till at last, in a very evil hour, I minded of his letters and went and fetched the bundle from the cabin.

"Here are his letters," said I, "and all the letters that ever I got. That will be the last I'll can tell of myself; you know the lave [rest] as well as I do."

"Will you let me read them, then?" says she.

I told her if she would be at the pains, and she bade me go away and she would read them from the one end to the other. Now, in this bundle that I gave her there were packed together not only all the letters of my false friend, but one or two of Mr. Campbell's when he was in town at the assembly, and to make a complete roll of all that ever was written to me, Catriona's little word, and the two I had received from Miss Grant, one when I was on the Bass and one on board that ship. But of these last I had no particular mind at the moment.

I was in that state of subjection to the thought of my friend that it mattered not what I did nor scarce whether I was in her presence or out of it. I had caught her like some kind of a noble fever that lived continually in my bosom by night and by day and whether I was walking or asleep. So it befell that after I was come into the fore part of the ship, where the broad bows splashed into the billows, I was in no such hurry to return as you might fancy; rather prolonged my absence like a variety in pleasure. I do not think I am by nature much of an epicurean, and there had come till then so small a share of pleasure in my way that I might be excused perhaps to dwell on it unduly.

When I returned to her again, I had a faint, painful impression as of a buckle slipped, so coldly she returned the packet.

"You have read them?" said I, and I thought my voice sounded not wholly natural, for I was turning in my mind for what could ail her.

"Did you mean me to read all?" she asked.

I told her "Yes," with a drooping voice.

"The last of them as well?" said she.

I knew where we were now, yet I would not lie to her either. "I gave them all without afterthought," I said, "as I supposed that you would read them. I see no harm in any."

"I will be differently made," said she. "I thank God I am differently made. It was not a fit letter to be shown me. It was not fit to be written."

"I think you are speaking of your own friend, Barbara Grant?" said I.

"There will not be anything as bitter as to lose a fancied friend," said she, quoting my own expression.

"I think it is sometimes the friendship that was fancied," I cried. "What kind of justice do you call this, to blame me for some words that a tomfool of a madcap lass has written down upon a piece of paper? You know yourself with what respect I have behaved and would do always."

"Yet you would show me that same letter!" says she. "I want no such friends. I can be doing very well, Mr. Balfour, without her—or you."

"This is your fine gratitude!" says I.

"I am very much obliged to you," said she. "I will be asking you to take away your—letters." She seemed to choke upon the word, so that it sounded like an oath.

"You shall never ask me twice," said I, picked up that bundle, walked a little way forward and cast them as far as possible into the sea. For a very little more I could have cast myself after them.

(To be Continued.)

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Whereas the Certificate of Title of the late George Foster Foster to the above hereditaments, bearing date the 3rd day of July, 1867, has been lost or destroyed, and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate, notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, May 27th, 1893. 27-1m

CHAS. HAYWARD,

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MRS. DANIEL LAMONT.

When I asked Mrs. Lamont to tell me something of the means by which her children had become the well bred, happy, healthy, obedient little people that they are, she seemed almost puzzled at first how to explain the process. Her system is such a simple and natural one that she is half inclined to think that they "just growed" that way, like Topsy. But it has been growth under a wise and loving guidance.

"I hardly know what to tell you that can be of interest to any one about the training and daily life of my children, it is so entirely simple, so like that of other children. I perhaps spend more time with them than many mothers do with their little ones, but it is a pleasure to me to be with them. They are always at table with us unless we have guests to dinner; then of course they do not appear, for, although I am so fond of them myself, I know that they might be a bore to other people.

"I am always up in the morning to see that they are properly dressed, even if I have been out late the night before. We usually breakfast at 8, have lunch at 1 o'clock and dinner at 6. The children are not restricted to any particular diet. We live quite plainly when we are alone, so that whatever is on the table may be suitable for them and not harmful, but even if we had eight or nine courses at dinner they would probably take nothing but a little clear soup and some roast beef. They do not eat made dishes or rich food. Fortunately they do not care for such things and would not eat them if they were set before them. They have very few sweets—some ice cream or other simple dessert occasionally, or a piece of candy. If they have a box of candy given them, they never eat more than one piece. It would not occur to them that they could. When they go out to a little party, I never say to them, 'You must not eat this or you must not eat that.' They know as well as I do what they may have and what they may not.

"Bessie and Julia attended a French school in New York, and they both speak French very prettily. For a time they had governesses at home, but two or three years ago their father and I decided that it would be much better for them to go to school where they would meet other children. They had lived so much by themselves that they did not care at all for any society but

BESSIE AND JULIA LAMONT.

their own and were quite content to play just with one another. They really felt badly when they were invited out anywhere. So we sent them to school, and now they enjoy being with other children. I think that it is necessary that they should be brought into contact with other people; otherwise they are ill fitted for life in the world as it is, and although it will be a great deprivation to me to be separated from them when they are older I shall send them away to boarding school for a year or two. It is the best way, I think, to teach them self reliance.

"I dress them simply always. I consider one is best dressed when clothed most inconspicuously, and that this is quite as true of children as of grownup people, only of course one can dress a child a little more fancifully. It is a whim of mine to have whatever they wear fine and daintily finished. I find convent made clothes very satisfactory. They generally go up to their rooms about half past 7 in the evening and are in bed by 8. Occasionally they sit up later, but probably not more than once a year.

"I believe in plenty of outdoor exercise for them—walking and riding. Bessie has ridden a little on horseback, but she is rather timid. Next year she will probably take riding lessons. They have the Delsarte exercises at school, which I think very useful for physical training, and then their dancing lessons help them, too, and give them grace and confidence as well as beneficial exercise. I believe thoroughly in exercise. The girls of this generation are taller and stronger and healthier than those of the last for the reason that they have so much more physical freedom, and I want my daughters to have every advantage of that sort.

"I began to teach them obedience when they were very young—very young indeed. I did not punish them—I do not believe in punishing them—but I made them understand what I wanted and then helped them to obey. I try to govern them through love, not through fear. They feel when they do anything against my wishes not that they make me angry, but that they grieve me, and I do not believe now that one of them would even think of disobeying me.

"I think that every girl should be taught practical housework, so that she can do it for herself, if necessary, and be fully competent to direct others. Before my girls leave home I want them to be well trained in that way and to learn to sew well. Just now I think it more important that they should play out of doors out of school hours than it is to have them sit in the house over a bit of sewing, but as soon as they are a little older I mean to have them learn.

"I like to have them self dependent and try to teach them to wait upon themselves. It is a difficult lesson for children to learn where there are servants at hand to help them and to pick up what they throw about, but it is well for them to learn to help themselves.

"When we went abroad last year, the children went with us. They observed and remember many things. Even Frances often talks about the ship and the events of the journey. A child's quick eyes and ears receive much information in that way.

"The two older girls take piano lessons, and Bessie already plays quite nicely. But although I am so fond of music and so devoted to it myself I would not think of requiring them to take lessons or to practice unless they showed a talent in that direction and wanted to learn. I think that it is all wrong to require children to do things for which they show no aptitude or liking. It is merely a waste of time. It would be so much better to wait, and if they developed a talent in some other direction to culti-

FRANCES CLEVELAND LAMONT.

vate that. It is often really harmful to children to force them to study what they dislike, and most often worse than a waste of time. Each child has an individuality that ought to be respected. They cannot be well brought up after an inflexible system and after one pattern. Society would be very monotonous if we were all alike. I think that the charm of originality ought to be preserved as much as possible, and that young people are best educated when they are trained into the best and fullest development of their individual natures."

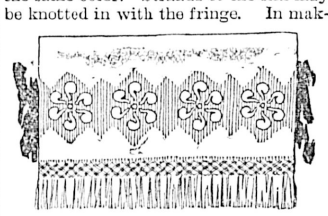
LYNETTE ORTON.

A Pretty Pincushion.

To make a very pretty and convenient little pincushion to be hung by the side of one's dressing table, first cut a round piece of paper 7 inches in diameter and divide it into six cone shaped sections, allowing sufficient width in each for seams. Join the muslin and stuff with clipped wool; then gather at the top. Join the plush sections and draw carefully over the cushion; gather and fasten at the top where the sewing must be concealed by a large button covered with the plush. The top of the pincushion is then covered with an elegant design in gold thread. The cushion is completed by cord and tassels made of the same thread. Any scraps of velvet, china silk or ribbon may be utilized in this way.

Bureau Scarf.

A bureau scarf may be made of a fine huckabuck or honeycomb linen towel having a fringe, but no damask or colored border. The circular scrolls are outlined with heavy, gold colored silk in rope stitch, while the band which serves as a background is darned with silk of the same color. Strands of the silk may be knotted in with the fringe. In mak-



ing this scarf, which is very effective for the amount of work involved, care should be taken to select wash silks, as a bureau scarf that cannot be laundered is almost useless. Dull blue or old rose is very pretty, but the gold color is on the whole the most satisfactory, especially if the linen be of a creamy tint.

I. P.

The first woman to win the degrees of doctor of philosophy and letters in Brussels is Mlle. Marguerite Gombert.

LUKE PITHER. MAX LEISER.

PITHER & LEISER,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

BOUCHERAT & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors and Havana Cigars.

HIGH CLASS WINES A SPECIALTY.

Always in stock, the Leading Brands of Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors: Preller's Clarets and Sauternes, J. Josephin's Bourgogne, B. Bert & Co,'s Sauternes, G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champagne, and other Principal Brands of Champagne, also Jos Schlitz' Celebrated Milwaukee Beer, and the Leading Brands of English Ales and Porter. . . . . .

WHISKIES Gooderham & Wort's Rye, and the Best Brands of Scotch and Irish Whiskies, In bulk and case. . . . . .

BRANDIES Hennessy, Martel, Jules Robin, Bisquet, Dubouche, in bulk and case. .

Positively no Wines or Liquors sold in quantities less than two gallons or one case. . . . . .

PITHER & LEISER

Successors to Boucherat & Co. jo15-1w

NAKUSP

SLOCAN MINES

The Eldorado of British Columbia.

All the ore output now assured to Nakusp by the immediate construction of the NAKUSP & SLOCAN RAILWAY, which will start at Nakusp and end at the Forks of Carpenter Creek, directly in the centre of the Slocan Mines. :: :: :: :: ::

No other Route Can Possibly Compete.

Thirty-five miles of Railway from Nakusp will tap the whole of the Mines of the Slocan District, and the ores are bound to come out by THE NATURAL GATEWAY, VIA NAKUSP, to the general welfare and prosperity of the Province :: :: :: ::

Look at the Map.

A Provincial Railway Charter and subsidy and a Dominion Railway Charter have been obtained for the Nakusp and Slocan Railway, and the Canadian Pacific Co. have entered into an agreement to lease and operate the Railway for 25 years. There can be no doubt as to the importance of NAKUSP—The Gateway of the Slocan Country, either from the North or South, and the principal shipping and distributing point for all the district tributary to Slocan Lake. :: :: ::

Concentrators and Samplers

now in contemplation, consequent on the definite settlement of the Railway question. The Nakusp & Slocan Railway will be built with a rush right into the heart of the Mines. See Wardner's and other experts' estimates of the production of Slocan Mines in the press. All this now assured is directly tributary to the Nakusp & Slocan Railway.

RAND BROS.,

General Agents, Vancouver, B.C.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,

ap19-1m AGENTS FOR VICTORIA.

360 PAIRS

HAND Sewed, English Kip, Military Bluchers for Farmers, Workingmen and Mechanics, at $1 50 per pair. : : : : : :

This is a Slaughter Price, and NOW is the time to Buy. : : : : : : :

A. B. ERSKINE,

COR GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STS.

Notice of Sale by Sheriff

PURSUANT TO THE "EXECUTION ACT, 1874"

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

James Holroyd, . . Plaintiff;
Eliza Ann Heywood (Administratrix with the will annexed of Joseph Heywood, deceased), Defendant.

IN OBEDIENCE to a writ of *fieri facias*, issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, at Victoria, on the 20th day of May, 1893 and to me directed, of the estate, title and interest of the above-named Joseph Heywood, deceased, to levy $3 707 25, and $3 50 for costs of execution, etc., and also interest on $3,661.50 at six per centum per annum from the 5th day of May, 1893, until payment; also, the British Columbia Land and Investment Agency, Limited, v. Eliza Ann Heywood (administratrix with the will annexed of Joseph Heywood, deceased) of the estate, title and interest of the above named Joseph Heywood, deceased, to levy $9,819 31, and $7 00 for costs of execution, &c., and also interest on $9 819 32 at six per centum per annum from the 1st day of May, 1893, until payment; also James Reid v. Eliza Ann Heywood (Administratix with the will annexed of Joseph Heywood, deceased), of the estate, title and interest of the above named Joseph Heywood, deceased, to levy $1 663.95, and $7 00 for costs of execution, &c., and also interest on $1 663 95 at six per centum per annum from the 2nd day of May, 1893, until payment; also, Cowan & Wilson v. Eliza Ann Heywood (Administratrix with the will annexed of Joseph Heywood, deceased), of the estate title and interest of the above-named Joseph Heywood, deceased, to levy $3,912 67, and $7.00 for costs and execution, &c., and also interest on $3,912.67 at six per centum per annum from the 2nd day of May, 1893, until payment; also the Bank of British North America v. Eliza Ann Heywood (administratrix with the will annexed of Joseph Heywood, deceased), of the estate, title and interest of the above-named Joseph Heywood, deceased, to levy $18,825 15, and $7.00 for costs of execution, etc., and also interest on $18,825.15 at six per centum per annum from the 1st day of May, 1893, until payment; besides Sheriff's poundage, fees and other expense of the executions above-named I have seized and will sell at public auction in front of my office, Court House, Bastion street, Victoria, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, the estate, title and interest in the lands above-named of the said Joseph Heywood, deceased, as described in this advertisement, or sufficient thereof to satisfy the said judgments and expenses of sale. Terms of sale, cash.

District	No. of Lot.	Concise description of property.	Estate or Interest.
Victoria City.	Lot No. 315	According Official Map	Fee simple. No incumbrance.
	Lot No. 21 Spring Sec. X., Ridge, Victoria District.	Fairfield Farm Estate Registered as a Homestead (No 48) in name of Joe Heywood.	Fee Simple. Lease dated April 12, 1860. Registered on 17th July, 1873. Fee simple.
	Part of Section IV., Victoria District.	4 acres or thereabouts, Victoria District, except Lots 1, 5, 6, 15, 16, 17, 20 and 21, according to Map No. 162.	Mortgage in fee to secure payment of $9,000 to Henry S Mason
When to be Sold		Where to be Sold.	
Tuesday, June 20th, 1893.		At the Sheriff' Office, Court House, Bastion Street, Victoria.	

Judgments herein were registered in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, against the said lands the 1st day of March, 1893, and the 20th day of May, 1893.

J. E. McMILLAN,
Sheriff.

LAND REGISTRY OFFICE, VICTORIA,
31st day of May, 1893, 3 o'clock p.m.

I hereby certify as follows:—

1. That excepting judgments (if any) no charge appears registered or applied for against Lot No. 315 Victoria City, the title to which is registered in the name of Joe Heywood.

2. That excepting judgments (if any) and the charge hereinafter mentioned, no charge appears registered or applied for against Lot No. 21, Fairfield Farm Estate, Victoria City, the title to which is registered in the name of Joe Heywood, subject to a certain lease, dated 12th April, 1860 and registered in charge book, vol. 2, fol 765 No. 493B.

3. That excepting judgments (if any) no charge appears registered or applied for against Section X., Spring Ridge, Victoria District (now City), the title to which is registered as a Homestead (No, 48) in the name of Joe Heywood.

4. That excepting judgments (if any) the following is the only charge registered or applied for against part (4 acres, or thereabouts) of Section IV., Victoria District (now City) except Lots 1 5 6 15 16, 17, 20 and 21, according to Map No. 162, the title to which is registered in the name of Joe Heywood, viz.:—

18th March, 1892.—Joe Heywood to Henry S. Mason, mortgage in fee to secure payment of the sum of $9,000 on 18th March, 1894, and interest at 10 per cent. per annum Registered on 27th April, 1892, in charge book, vol. 10 fol. 322, No 12 152B. An assignment of the above mortgage to the British Columbia Land and Investment Agency, Limited, is registered in charge book, vol. 11, fol. 31, No. 12,659B.

5. That no judgments appear registered against the real estate of Joe Heywood

6 That the following judgment appears registered against all the real estate of Joseph Heywood and of Eliza Ann Heywood, Administratix of his estate, viz:—

Judgment of Supreme Court of British Columbia, obtained the 20th day of February, 1893, by James Holroyd against Joseph Heywood and Eliza Ann Heywood, Administratrix of his state, for $3,628 90, debt, and $32.60 costs. Registered 1st March, 1893, in charge book vol. 11 fol 727, No. 14374B.

7 That the following judgments appear registered against all the real estate of Joseph Heywood, viz:—

Judgment of Supreme Court of British Columbia obtained 1st May, 1893, by James Reid against Eliza Ann Heywood as Administratrix with the will annexed of Joseph Heywood, deceased, for $1,629 50, debt, and $34 15 costs, registered 20th May, 1893, at 9:55 a.m., No. 32.

Judgment of said Supreme Court obtained the 2nd May, 1893, by Cowan & Wilson against Eliza Ann Heywood, as administratrix with the will annexed of Joseph Heywood, deceased, for $3,878.22 debt, and $34.45 costs, registered 20th May, 1893, at 9:55 a.m., No 33.

Judgment of said Supreme Court obtained 1st May, 1893, by the British Columbia Land and Investment Agency, Limited, against Eliza Ann Heywood, as administratrix, with the will annexed of Joseph Heywood, deceased, for $9,784 86 debt and $34 15 costs, registered 20th May, 1893, at 9:55 a.m., No. 34.

Judgment of said Supreme Court obtained 1st May, 1893, by the Bank of British North America against Eliza Ann Heywood, as administratrix with the will annexed of Joseph Heywood, deceased, for $18,740 70 debt, and $34.45 costs, registered 20th May, 1893, at 9:55 a.m., No. 35.

[L.S.] C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
PER S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy.

To J. E. McMillan, Esq.,
Sheriff. je16

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that payments on lots purchased in lot 34, Kings road, Work Estate, and in lot 70, Edmonton road, Fernwood Estate, are to be made to Mr. Hyland, of the firm of Matson & Hyland, office in Redfern's building, Government street.

W. H. ELLIS,
Victoria, March 18, 1893. mc18

NOTICE is hereby given that we have deposited with the Minister of Public Works plan of a wharf upon our property, situated at Telegraph Bay, together with a description of the site; and that we have also deposited duplicates of the said plan and description with the Registrar General for the Province of British Columbia. Notice is further given that one month after date, we shall apply to the Governor in Council for his approval of the said plans.

R. P. RITHET, & CO., Ltd.
Victoria, May 30, 1893.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co'y,

LIMITED LIABILITY.

VICTORIA, B. C.

THE DAILY COLONIST

Contains full Foreign, Canadian and Provincial News, and is unquestionably THE LEADING NEWSPAPER OF BRITISH COLUMBIA. It has a large City and Provincial Circulation, and is the BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN THE PROVINCE. Those who desire to read full particulars of the events of the day the world over read THE COLONIST. Advertisers who desire a benefit from their expenditure for advertising use THE COLONIST.

THE WEEKLY COLONIST

Contains all the important news published in the Daily Edition, and is one of the best evidences of the Progress and Prosperity of the City and Province to send abroad. It is an Excellent Advertising Medium for general advertisements. Subscription price, to all parts of Canada and the United States, $2.00 per year.

Lithographing and Engraving, Book and Job Printing, Salmon and Fruit Label Printing

In every style of the art are executed on THE COLONIST Presses at fair prices. The best of material, the most capable workmen and careful attention to work has earned for the product of THE COLONIST Presses a provincial reputation. Prices furnished for all work on application to the Superintendent, Mr. Macabe.

THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

LIMITED LIABILITY.

VICTORIA, B. C.

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, JUNE 18, 1893.

ASTRONOMICAL.

VICTORIA, June 18, 1893.

Sun rises.....4.11 a.m. | Sun sets.....7.51 p.m

Moon sets 11.43 p.m.

Day of the year, 169th.

N.B.—The above calculations are based on mean solar time, which is 13m. 32s. *slower* than Victoria standard time.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, June 16, 1893.

Report for 24 hours ending 9 p. m.

1 a. m..	47°	Mean	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
a. m..	45°	53°	
a. m..	3°	Highest	5 a.m.—Calm.
p. m..	60°	62°	1 p.m.—20 S. W.
p. m..	54°	Lowest	9 p.m—12 S.
9 p. m..	51°	42°	
			Rain—0.0

Average state of weather—Cloudy.

E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per CITY OF KINGSTON, from the Sound—Mrs Holzman, E Dunderdale and wife, Mrs E Blooming, Rev G B Greig, C Bloomerdale, Miss Bloomendale, Miss Seeley, N Samuelson, Wm Sanderson, Thos Ludden, J H Prosser and wife, J W Fair, D Mitchell, L Johnson, Mrs Chamberlain, J E Coombs, Mrs D Moore' John Irving, Mrs Withomson, J L Murray, J L Mills and wife, C P Chamberlain and wife, Gus J Harris, Miss Leiser, F M Jones, Mrs Rogers, S W Withesspom, Mrs Johnson, Miss Johnson, Miss C Johnson, P Rising, Jas Honer and wife, Thos Hart, F J Kane, F Kline.

Per Steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver—J Findley S A Walker, F Mallandaine, T J Hall, Wm Bryce, Mrs Sargent, C Blacas, Mrs Collins, W Downie, Miss E Johnson, F Lausberg, E E Miller, Jas Prout, H Matners, T Snyder, F H Osgood, Rev J E Gardner, J B Stewart, J K Waterman, H C Newlin, Mrs S Byron, R Collister, D W Beaubier, Arthur Holmes, Mrs Miller, J Macken, W Sulley, E Mohun, Miss Fitzgerald, A M Milne, P C Waring, H B Collins, T Heath, Geo Mesher, Mrs Findley, Mrs Cosson, W T Andrew.

Per Str. UMATILLA from San Francisco—Miss Morgan, Mrs T Morgan, John Ditels, W Rogers, Mrs C Carr and son, F S Wallace, E P Tompkinson and wife, Mrs Bailey, Mrs E Bateman, J C Heath and wife, W H Mahoney and wife, W M Mecker, J D Mecker, F C Deacon, G H Lankey and wife, Miss Loveland, Miss Shotwell, N D Sheldon, Mrs O N Clark and son, Miss N Greene, Miss Merceran, J E Church, Miss C Cameron, Miss S Cameron, Miss M Cameron, C Sumner and wife, Mrs Shillinglan and daughter.

CONSIGNEES.

Per CITY OF KINGSTON, from the Sound—Nicholles & R, W J Cusack, A F Englehardt, R P Rithet & Co, D H Ross & Co, T J Trapp & Co, C P N Co, Oppenheimer Bros, McLennan & McF, Quintard & P, Baker & Leeson J Boyd & Co, Union Ice Co, Watson & Hall, Hughitt & McIntyre, L Marks, T R Morrow, J Baker, W H Perry, Singer Mfg Co.

Per Steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver—J A T Carter, J Barnsley, J Piercy, Turner Beeton, B & Co, R Ward, G C Shaw, M & L, Samuel Benjamin, Lenz & Leiser, H Bay Co, R P Rithet, Stemier & Earle, R McDonald, Watson & Geiger, Wm Mable, Brackman & Ker, Fell & Co, Disher & Campbell, E G Prior, Hamilton Powder Co, Bowness & Creedon, Ramsay Bros, R Porter, S H E Co, E Spillman, J A Vlitue, Victoria Iron Works, Dom Exp Co.

Per Str. UMATILLA from San Francisco—Albion Iron Works, Arthur Smith, Allice & Ault, Brackman & K M Co, B Robb, Can Pac Nav Co, Cowan & Wilson, D H Ross & Co, Ellis & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, E B Marvin & Co, E G Prior & Co, H Saunders, Henry Cooley, Hudson's Bay Co, J Leahy, J H Todd & Son, J Lawson, J H Franck, J & A Clearihue, Kurtz & Co, Langley & Co, M Bantley, Marvin & Tilton, McLennan & McF, N E T Co, On Hing Bros, Phillips Bros, P McQuade & Son, R Baker & Son, R H Jamieson, R P Rithet & Co, S M Hartman, S Leiser, Schl-Hastie-Erskine F Co, T G Raynor, Victoria-Phenix B & I Co, Vaio & Brooks, Wm Weber, W H Perry, Wilson Bros, Fuller & Goodwin, J H Pleace, J Anderson, Philip, J Stewart, Mc Lellan & Hamilton, Winch & Bower, W R McGurn, C Bologne and Wells Fargo & Co.

SPICE OF LIFE.

Drink Victoria and Phoenix Beer.

Drink Victoria and Phoenix Beer.

John Bull ranges at Cheapside.

Drink Victoria and Phoenix Beer.

Try it and be convinced that Mackie's White Horse Cellar is the best.

Drink "Club" and "Imperial" Rye.

If you have cold take Cubb's Cough Cure save yourself from La Grippe. Sold in Victoria by the following respectable druggists Geo. Morison, Thomas Shotbolt, Dean & Cryderman.

Old as the hills and mild as milk is Mackie, White Horse Cellar.

Through passage to or from Europe via any of the Atlantic lines can be most cheaply arranged at C. P. R. Office, corner Fort and Government streets.

Trout

fishing opens on the 15th. Get your tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. A fine variety to select from.

Carpenter tools at Cheapside.

The much-delayed wall papers have at last arrived at Weiler Bros'. Some elegant patterns at low prices.

Northern Pacific.

Double trains daily to St. Paul, Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Connects at St. Paul and Chicago for all points East and South. Superior Pullman sleepers, upholstered tourist cars and dining cars on all through trains. Direct service to the Yellowstone National Park. Fast time and all the reduced rates offered patrons of this line. For full information call or address E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent, Adelphi building, Victoria.

A COMPLICATED CASE.

DEAR SIRS—I was troubled with biliousness, headache and loss of appetite. I could not rest at night, and was very weak, but after using three bottles of B.B.B. my appetite is good and I am better than for years past. I would not now be without B.B.B., and am also giving it to my children. MRS. WALTER BUCKNS, Maitland, N.S.

A. A. CLAYTON, of 27 Fort street, is prepared to do all classes of work pertaining to Watchmaking and Manufacturing of Jewelry. Enamelling, chasing, engraving, gilding and re-plating, and repairs of all kinds neatly and promptly done and at moderate prices. 3t

Owing To

The very backward season we have decided upon clearing out our stock of Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Mantles at whatever price they will bring, without regard to cost, and as our variety is large, this will be a splendid opportunity to get a summer wrap. HENRY YOUNG & Co. The White House.

STICK TO THE RIGHT.

Right actions spring from right principles. In cases of diarrhœa, dysentery, cramps, colic, summer complaint, cholera morbus, etc., the right remedy is Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry,—an unfailing cure—made on the principle that nature's remedies are best. Never travel without it.

TO AND FROM ALASKA.

First Call Here This Season of the "City of Topeka" and the "Queen."

Six of the Crew of the Shipwrecked Whaler "Sea Ranger" Brought Down.

Two of the Alaska steamships called in at Victoria last night for the first time this season. The Queen, Captain Carroll, put in an appearance shortly after 11 o'clock, and a few minutes later the City of Topeka was run alongside the dock. The first named is down from Alaska, the second, on her way up.

The Queen has about 120 passengers who have had the usual trip to "the land of the midnight sun." Strange as it may appear, the weather up in Alaska was delightful, a great contrast to what it has been on Puget Sound. Captain Carroll says the voyage in Alaskan waters was about as pleasant a one as he ever had, but both going up and coming down there was almost continual rain along the coast.

Six of the crew of the wrecked whaler Sea Ranger came down on the Queen and landed here. The balance of them will try to get down on the Mexico, which is now up there. All of them are in a bad way for funds for they lost everything in the wreck and, of course, have had no chance of doing much since. About the wreck itself there is nothing more to tell, no additional news being available.

When the Queen was at Sitka the U. S. revenue cruiser Hasler, was in port and the Mohican also. The U. S. lighthouse tender Columbine, Captain Richardson, was in the harbor and left on a cruise. The Victoria steam sealer Thistle, this year a supply steamer, was passed on the way down. The Queen called in at Comox and took aboard 700 tons of coal. Besides this she had a fair freight for Puget Sound ports.

The Topeka had only thirty passengers when she arrived here, and this number was increased by just four, so that she makes the "summer excursion" with very few on board. The prospects for the season's trade do not seem to be very encouraging, but may improve in the next month or two. Mail was put on board here early this morning for the U. S. boundary survey party, to be left at Skeena river. The Topeka will call in at Departure bay to take in coal. She left port a few hours after arrival, the Queen clearing for Puget Sound ports at 6 o'clock this morning.

PERSONAL.

J. K. Waterman, of Vancouver, is at the Victoria.

John L. Mills and wife, of Tacoma, are at the Victoria.

Provincial Officer Robb leaves for Cariboo this evening.

H. H. Walker, of Great Falls, Montana, is a guest at the Driard.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Perrin pays his first visit to Nanaimo district to-day.

E. Mohun, sanitary engineer, returned last evening from the Mainland.

Rev. J. W. Tait, of Tacoma, Wash., is in the city, a guest at the Oriental.

W. C. Robinson and P. Burns, of Calgary, N.W.T., are at the Oriental.

Captain John Irving returned from Portland by the City of Kingston yesterday.

W. B. Huart, of Vancouver, and A. Milne, of Aberdeen, are at the Victoria.

Mrs. Carson, daughter of E. Mallandaine, sr., arrived here last evening from England.

Mrs. C. Shillingham and Miss Shillingham, of Brandon, Man., are registered at the Driard.

Rev. J. E. Coombs, pastor of Calvary Baptist church, returned from Chicago last evening.

Rev. G. B. Greig, Puyallup, Wash., came over last evening and is registered at the Oriental.

J. D. Meiker, F. C. Deacon and Mrs. Deacon, of San Francisco, are guests at the Oriental.

James Prout, George Mesher and F. H. Osgood were passengers by the Islander last night.

Ven. Archdeacon Kingham, of Great Falls, Mont., has accepted the rectory of La Crosse, Wis.

L. A. Blacas, of Le Figaro, Paris, spent last evening in Victoria, and leaves to-day for San Francisco.

Wm. Downie came over from Vancouver last evening on the Islander, and is registered at the Driard.

Miss Leiser, who has been visiting friends in San Francisco, returned home on the City of Kingston last evening.

James S. Murray returned from Caledonia, Ont., last evening. He visited the World's Fair both going and returning.

J. K. Waterman, of New York, who has been in Victoria for some weeks, spent the last few days in Vancouver, returning last evening.

Dr. and Mrs. W. Finlay Young, N. S. Wales; Dr. and Mrs. Montgomery and W. Montgomery, Winnipeg, are registered at the Balmoral.

THE VIKING SHIP.

Arrival of the Little Viking Craft in New York Harbor Bound to Chicago.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The counterpart of the Viking ship dropped anchor off Fire Island this afternoon amid the booming of cannon from Uncle Sam's monitor Miantonomah, the blowing of whistles and the hoisting of flags by other craft in the vicinity. Captain Anderson stood in the stern of his queer-looking craft and took off his cap repeatedly to the salutes of the many steamers, yachts and tugs which met him. His boat had no sails up and was in tow. The flag of Norway swung from the stern of the Viking, and the stars and stripes flew at her bow. A few minutes after the reception boat arrived, and the Viking's crew was taken on board the steamer Laura M. Starin, where they were welcomed to America by the reception committee and many of their own countrymen, who live here. Prof. Boyesen delivered an address of welcome, to which Capt. Andersen responded. Joseph H. Choate Seth Lowe, President of Columbia College, Capt. Sigard and ex-Commodore Kane, of the New York Yacht Club also spoke. Then Capt. Andersen and his crew returned to the Viking, and the procession of escort was formed to take the ship to New York.

Indian Villages Destroyed.

CALCUTTA, June 17.—The town of Sutcana, on the Gulf of Cutch, and a number of neighbouring villages, have been completely destroyed by heavy rains. Five persons were killed by the lightning during the storm and three persons were drowned.

Cutlery,

Razors, knives, scissors, table cutlery and shaving materials at Fox's, 78 Government St.

THE BRITISH PACIFIC.

Mr. Bakeman Leaves for the East and Europe to Perfect Financial Arrangements.

Among the passengers to San Francisco by the direct steamer to-day will be Mr. Frank Emory Bakeman, who is on his way to London, going by way of San Francisco and Chicago. Mr. Bakeman told the COLONIST that he had pressing personal business in Chicago that made it absolutely necessary for him to return at once to his home. He will also remain in New York for some days before sailing for England. He said:—

"The capital of the construction company, which you know is five million dollars, has been secured, and I will stop in New York only long enough to transact what business is necessary with the subscribers, before I sail. It will, I suppose, be August before I can get my private affairs and those of the construction company arranged. I will then go to London and make the final arrangements between the construction company and the financial company, or the British Columbia Railway and Finance Corporation, as the latter is called. It think I have already told the COLONIST that the latter is a corporation with a capital of a million pounds, and is to finance the whole railway project for us."

"Has the capital of this company been secured?" was asked.

"It has, of course conditionally. In fact, I may say that we have a thorough understanding with the parties who are to furnish the money for every purpose connected with the railway and the other enterprises necessary for the development of its traffic."

"When will the work be begun?"

"We will resume the survey and location shortly, probably next month, and will complete that portion of the work from Victoria to Campbell's river, at least, during the present season.

"In this connection it is not immature to announce a policy which has already been settled, and that is this: We shall, in organizing our forces, recruit as far as possible from the residents of the Province. On my return I will be able to answer all questions of this kind more definitely. I expect, however, that work will go on continuously until the road is completed."

"When will you return?"

"In October I expect to be back in Victoria with my family, and to take up my residence here permanently."

"Who will remain in charge here?"

"Mr. M. Keith Jones, who is general manager of the construction company; Mr. C. W. Higgins, who is auditor; Col. Kane, the secretary, and Mr. F. P. Blackman, who has been with us during all the preliminary work and who is our associate counsel, will also remain. These gentlemen will have charge of whatever business the company may have in hand. The corporate matters of the company will be looked after by Mr. Rithet, who is the company's treasurer, and Col. Prior, its vice-president, which you will readily concede is placing such matters in very strong hands.

"I would like to add that I feel that we have surmounted all the difficulties which confront every enterprise of such magnitude as the British Pacific railway. I do not know that the work has been especially difficult—that is, no more so than any other project involving twenty-five millions of dollars would be—but I am sure of one thing and that is, that we would never have succeeded if it had not been for the great resources of British Columbia and its splendid possibilities. *Au revoir.*"

LARDEAU

NORTHEAST ARM OF ARROW LAKE.

STATEMENTS having been made by parties who are opposed to the building of a town at LARDEAU CITY, on Arrow Lake, to the effect that the SITE was subject to overflow, and also that Navigation to that Point was impossible, it becomes necessary to contradict the same. Both statements are without foundation. The notes of the Engineer who surveyed the TOWNSITE can be seen at the office of the Trustee, or any of the Agents, in regard to every Block. The Resident Agent was instructed to take soundings, and his report can also be seen at the Trustee's Office. At the present time there are eight feet at the highest point on Fish Creek, where lots have been surveyed; and the fact that the steamer Kootenay, of the K. & C. Navigation Co., with a large freight and passenger list, called at Lardeau on June 1st, is good evidence of the depth of water, and the falsity of the reports. At the Lowest Water there is ample depth at the Southwestern End of the Townsite for the safe Navigation of the largest steamers now running on the Columbia River. The fact that a number of business men have erected large buildings, and have made considerable investments in Lardeau realty is strong evidence, that the Site is all that has been claimed for it. A glance at the map of Kootenay District will show also that it is the Natural Distributing Centre for the Lardeau Mines, near Trout Lake and Lardeau City, and for the rich Fish Creek District.

Any other information required by intending investors will be cheerfully furnished on application, by mail or personally, to the undersigned.

ROBT. IRVING, TRUSTEE,
VICTORIA, B.C.

D. F. DOUGLAS, Resident Agent,
LARDEAU, B.C.

Hood's Cures

Hazel Butterfield
Detroit, Mich.

Saved Her Sight

Medical Science Failed

Another Wonder Performed by HOOD'S Sarsaparilla.

"My little girl, Hazel, is now four years old. Two years ago she had the Grip. After recovery her eyes grew inflamed and suppurated. For over 7 months she had to have her eyes bandaged and stay in a dark room. The family doctor and an oculist did everything possible. She did not improve and even grew worse. At last after six months he gave us the discouraging opinion that the cornea of one eye was destroyed

And Sight Entirely Gone

That it was doubtful if she would ever be able to see any with the other, as the sight was rapidly being destroyed in that also. We thought her doomed to **permanent blindness.** She suffered intense pain and kept her head buried in the pillows most of the time. If light was admitted to the room she would cry as if

Burned With a Hot Iron

As she was weak and badly run down we thought before continuing the treatment we would try to build up her system and renew her strength. We began giving her Hood's Sarsaparilla. She began to improve rapidly and by the time she had finished the first bottle we were able to remove the bandages and found that she could bear the light and that the sight was returning, much to our delight. She took two bottles and then was as well as ever. It is now a year since, and her eyes

Are Permanently Cured

She can see perfectly, has had no signs of any further trouble and is in every respect **perfectly healthy.** We have great faith in

Hood's Sarsaparilla

W. H. BUTTERFIELD, 1496 Hastings st. Detroit.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache.

MILK GRANULES

is the solids of pure Cow's Milk so treated that when dissolved in the requisite quantity of water it yields a product that is : :

The Perfect Equivalent of

MOTHER'S MILK,

MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Property at moderate rates of interest.

STRAIGHT LOANS for a TERM OF YEARS.

—APPLY TO—

The North British Canadian Investment Co., Ltd

ARTHUR ROBERTSON, Agent,
6 Bastion Square, Victoria

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Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

The use of the ambulance for all cases other than accidents can only be obtained on the order of one of the Consulting or Visiting Physicians of the Hospital.

The names of the said Physicians can be had on application at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

H. A. YATES, Secretary.

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SPARKLING

TABLE WATERS.

CLUB SODA WATER	IRON PHOSPHATES
SELTZER WATER	SARSAPARILLA
POTASS WATER	CREAM SODA
LITHIA WATER	STRAWBERRYADE
GINGER ALE, GINGER BEER	LIME JUICE CORDIALS
LEMONADE	CHAMPAGNE CIDER

ESSENCES, SYRUPS, BITTERS, &C.

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ST. ALICE MINERAL WATER

From the Celebrated Harrison Hot Springs. A Mild Aperient and Great Aid to Digestion. Sold by all Grocers and Druggists.

FACTORIES: VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER, B.C.

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NOTICE.

THE Annual General Meeting of the Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway Company will be held on Wednesday, the 12th day of July, 1893, at 11 a.m., at the office of the Company, 40 Government street, Victoria.

Dated 14th June, 1893.

HENRY S. MASON, Secretary.

je17

WALL PAPERS

Our New Lines for Spring have just arrived. Latest Styles and a great variety of patterns.

INLAID LINOLEUMS.

A Perfect Imitation of Tiling . . . .
The pattern goes through and cannot wear off.

The best thing made for Offices, Banks, Saloons and Public Buildings where the traffic is large.

CALL EARLY AND GET FIRST CHOICE OF THESE ELEGANT GOODS.

WEILER BROS.,
SHOWROOMS—51 TO 55 FORT STREET.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,
ESTABLISHED 1873.

BANKERS

VICTORIA, B. C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED ON LIBERAL RATES OF INTEREST.
DRAFTS, ORDERS, TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED DIRECT ON OVER 10,000 CITIES IN THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, EUROPE, MEXICO AND CHINA.
COLLECTIONS MADE AT EVERY POINT.
GOLD DUST PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

AGENTS FOR WELLS. FARGO & CO.

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JUST ARRIVED . .

—LARGE INVOICE, CONSISTING OF—

7 lb Tins Gray's Scotch Marmalade
Gray's Scotch Jams and Candies.
Patterson's Coffee Essence, in Bottles.
Carr's Celebrated Biscuits
Shelled Walnuts.
Marble Cream Sugar.
Blanched Almonds.
Table Cream.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.,
my7 CORNER GOVERNMENT AND FORT STREETS.

THE ALBION FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION

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LONDON, ENGLAND.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £800,000

CANADIAN BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

SIR D. A. SMITH, MP, K.C.M.G., ROBERT BENNY, ESQ., } MONTREAL.
SANDFORD FLEMING ESQ, C.M.G., Ottawa.

DALBY & CLAXTON, Agents for Vancouver Island. je7 1m

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

INCORPORATED 1890.

The Third Annual Meeting of the donors and subscribers to the Institution will be held at the City Hall, on Friday, the 30th day of June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

BUSINESS — Receiving the Annual Report of the President and Directors, and the Treasurer's Statement for the year ending 1st June; likewise the election of six Directors.

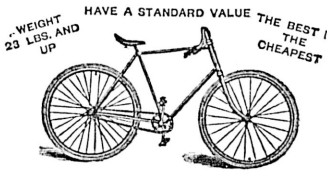
In accordance with the Act of Incorporation, the six remaining First Directors, representing the subscribers and donors, retire by rotation, but are eligible for re election. H. M. YATES, Secretary.

Care Yates & Jay, Bastion Street.
Victoria, B C., 13th June, 1893.

je13

BRANTFORD BICYCLES

WEIGHT 23 LBS. AND UP — HAVE A STANDARD VALUE — THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST



THEY ARE BUILT TO SELL AT THE PRICES OFFERED
MANUFACTURED BY

The Goold Bicycle Co. Ltd.

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WHAT FINER CAN YOU DRINK THAN

JOHN JAMESON & SONS'

(DUBLIN)

"OWN CASED" Very Old

BLACK-BOTTLE

WHISKY.

Please see you get it with

Metal Capsules { BLUE - One Star. PINK - Two Stars. GOLD - Three Stars

Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S.—
C. DAY & CO., LONDON
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CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer who will send me their EXPRESS and P.O. address.

T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 186 ADELAIDE ST., WEST, TORONTO, ONT.

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FOR SALE—One improved farm of 200 acres 60 acres under cultivation; good dwelling house, barns and stables; place all under fence; three quarter mile lake frontage; one and-a-half miles from wharf; one mile from school, post-office and church; with or without stock. For price and further particulars apply to T. W. Mouat, Vesuvius Bay, Salt Spring Island.

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